

# Portage Metropolitan Housing Authoritys Landlord Information Packet

## PMHA's Mission Statement:

The Portage Metropolitan Housing Authority is dedicated to meeting the housing needs of low-income families and individuals of Portage County by developing, managing and supporting decent, affordable housing in cooperation with community partners.



## *An Introduction to the Section 8 Program for Portage County Landlords, Property Owners and Managers*



PORTAGE METROPOLITAN HOUSING AUTHORITY

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Ravenna, OH 44266

Phone: 330.297.1489 Fax: 330.577.0000

[www.portagehousing.org](http://www.portagehousing.org)

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# Portage Metropolitan Housing Authority

Dear Property Owner:

Thank you for your interest in the Portage Metropolitan Housing Authority's (PMHA) Section 8 Moving to Work Voucher program. This guide will provide you with an overview of the policies, procedures and regulations governing the programs and will serve as a tool to assist you as you make the determination of whether or not to enter into a Housing Assistance Payments Contract with PMHA.

Simply stated, the Housing Choice Voucher (HCV) program, known more commonly as Section 8, involves a three-way partnership between the owner, the family and PMHA. Over 600 private property owners and management agents currently work with PMHA's Section 8 Department to provide privately-owned and operated housing to over 1,800 low-income households throughout Portage County. PMHA provides monthly housing assistance payments directly to the property owner/management agent to fill the gap between what the family can afford to pay and the actual rent amount.

Families and owners who participate in any of the subsidized programs within the Section 8 Department are subject to federal rules and regulations. It is PMHA's responsibility to enforce the program rules and ensure that owners and families comply with the requirements. PMHA makes every effort to inform participating owners of program rules and to keep them updated on the impact any new or revised rules have on program participation.

Again, thank you for expressing an interest establishing a working relationship with our agency. The success of all our programs within the Section 8 Department depends on PMHA being able to contract with property owners who have quality, affordable rental units. We are hopeful that, after reviewing the information contained in this guide, you will decide to assist us as we strive to meet our mission: *"...meeting the housing needs of low-income families and individuals of Portage County by developing, managing and supporting decent, affordable housing in cooperation with community partners."*

If, after reviewing this material, you have questions, comments, or concerns, please contact the Section 8 Department at (330) 297-1489.

Sincerely,

PORTAGE METROPOLITAN HOUSING AUTHORITY

*Trevena Kaminski*  
Trevena Kaminski  
Section 8 Manager

Portage Metropolitan Housing Authority  
**SECTION 8 DEPARTMENT STAFF DIRECTORY**

Staff Member	Title	Work Hours	Telephone No
<b>Trevena Kaminski</b>	Section 8 Manager	7AM-5PM	(330) 297-1489 x 209
<b>Corrina Dunfee</b>	Section 8 Assistant Manager	7AM-5PM	(330) 297-1489 x 243
<b>Ethan Alexander</b>	Section 8 Assistant Manager	7AM-5PM	(330) 297-1489 x 229
<b>Kelley Pesicek</b>	Section 8 Financial Specialist	7AM-5PM	(330) 297-1489 x 215
<b>Stacey Rogers</b>	Receptionist	7AM-5PM	(330) 297-1489 x 200

**WAITING LIST/APPLICATIONS**

This position is responsible for maintaining the waiting list and processing applicants through the online portal.

Staff Member	Title	Work Hours	Telephone No
<b>Tiffany Purkiss</b>	Housing Clerk	7AM-5PM	(330) 297-1489 x 211
<b>Owen Whittington</b>	Housing Assistant	8AM-6PM	(330) 297-1489 x 238

**CONTRACT AND LEASING**

This staff member provides information to property owners with inquiries about the program, processes Request for Tenancy Approvals and prepares Housing Assistance Payments (HAP) contracts. In addition, this position is responsible for processing applicants for the PBV, EHV and FYI Programs.

Staff Member	Title	Work Hours	Telephone No
<b>Kennedi Bartley</b>	Housing Specialist	7AM-5PM	(330) 297-1489 x 217

**HOMEOWNERSHIP PROGRAM & FAMILY SELF-SUFFICIENCY (FSS)**

These positions are responsible for assisting participants of the Homeownership & FSS programs.

Staff Member	Title	Work Hours	Telephone No
<b>Kelley Pesicek</b>	Homeownership Coordinator	7AM-5PM	(330) 297-1489 x 215
<b>Tiffani Toth</b>	FSS Coordinator	7AM-5PM	(330) 297-1489 x 223

**MAINSTREAM, VASH, SHELTER PLUS CARE & HOMEOWNERSHIP**

This position is responsible for assisting participants of the Mainstream, VASH, SPC and Homeownership programs.

Staff Member	Title	Work Hours	Telephone No
<b>Cindy Bertka</b>	Housing Specialist	7AM-5PM	(330) 297-1489 x 207

**MTW VOUCHER PROGRAM**

The Housing Specialists are responsible for assisting voucher holders on an on-going basis. They handle annual and interim re-certifications. Caseloads are assigned based upon the program participant's last names.

Housing Specialist	Caseload	Work Hours	Telephone No
<b>Mindy Hillegas</b>	A-EST	7:30AM-5:30PM	(330) 297-1489 x 247
<b>Micaiah Jones</b>	EV-LAN	7AM-5PM	(330) 297-1489 x 257
<b>Ava Williams</b>	LAO-ROB	7AM-5PM	(330) 297-1489 x 236
<b>Vacant</b>	ROC-Z	7AM-5PM	(330) 297-1489 x 206

**HOUSING QUALITY STANDARDS (HQS)**

The HQS division schedules and conducts all HQS inspections and enforcing HQS.

Staff Member	Title	Work Hours	Telephone No
<b>Chris Hall</b>	Housing Inspector	7AM-5PM	(330) 297-1489 x 240



# **Non-Discrimination Notice**

It is the policy of this Office that in recognition of the basic and inalienable civil rights of all people, the Portage Metropolitan Housing Authority hereby declares its policy shall always be in recognition of the civil rights of all who participate in any of its programs and this Authority shall never knowingly discriminate in admission or access to, or treatment or employment in, its federally assisted programs and activities against any person or persons on the basis of race, creed, age, religion, sex, national origin, familial status or handicap nor shall this Authority participate with nor do business with any individual or corporation who knowingly discriminates against any person or persons on the basis of race, creed, age, religion, sex, national origin, familial status or handicap.

If you believe you have been discriminated against, contact one of the following:

Portage Metropolitan Housing Authority  
Assistant Director  
2832 State Route 59  
Ravenna, Ohio 44266  
Phone: (330) 297-1489

Office of Fair Housing and Equal Opportunity  
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development  
Cleveland Office, Region V  
The Renaissance on Playhouse Square, Suite 500  
1350 Euclid Avenue  
Cleveland, OH 44115  
Phone: (216) 522-4496

# Violence Against Women Act

On January 5, 2006, President Bush signed the Violence Against Women and Department of Justice Reauthorization Act of 2005 (Public Law 109-162). The new law requires that housing authorities notify Section 8 tenants of their rights and owners and managers of rights and obligations under Section 606 of the Act. The amended voucher program statutes on selection, leases and tenancy provide new protections for victims of domestic violence (“includes felony or misdemeanor crimes of violence committed by current or former spouse of the victim, by a person with whom the victim shares a child in common, by a person similarly situated to a spouse of the victim under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction receiving grant monies, or by any other person against an adult or youth victim who is protected from that person’s acts under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction”), dating violence (“violence committed by a person who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim and where the existence of such a relationship shall be determined based on a consideration of the length of the relationship, the type of relationship and the frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship”), and stalking (“to follow, pursue, or repeatedly commit acts with the intent to kill, injure, harass or intimate another person and in the course of, or as a result of, such following, pursuit, surveillance or repeatedly committed acts, to place a person in reasonable fear of the death of, or serious bodily injury to, or to cause substantial emotional harm to that person, a member of the immediate family of that person, or the spouse or intimate partner of that person”). An overview of key provisions of the reauthorized Violence Against Women Act (VAWA) follows.

- Selection:*** The fact that an applicant or participant that is or has been a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking is not an appropriate basis for denial of program assistance or for denial of admission of an otherwise qualified applicant.

- Lease Terms Regarding Termination:*** An incident or incidents of actual or threatened domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking will not be construed as a serious or repeated violation of the lease by the victim or threatened victim and shall not be good cause for terminating the assistance, tenancy or occupancy rights of the victim of such violence.

- Termination of Assistance/Eviction:*** Criminal activity directly relating to domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking shall not be considered cause for termination of assistance for any participant or immediate member (“a spouse, parent, brother, sister, or child of that person, or an individual to whom that person stands in loco parentis; or any other person living in the household of that person and related to that person by blood or marriage”) of a participant’s family who is a victim of the domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking. Criminal activity directly relating to domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking engaged in by a member of a tenant’s household or any guest or other person under the tenant’s control shall not be cause for termination of tenancy occupancy rights if the tenant or an immediate member of the tenant’s family is the victim or threatened victim of that domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking.

Public housing authorities (PHAs) may terminate assistance or an owner/manager may bifurcate the lease to terminate assistance to remove a lawful occupant or tenant who engages in criminal acts of violence to family members or others without terminating assistance/evicting victimized lawful occupants.

A PHA, owner or manager is authorized to honor court orders regarding rights of access or control of the property.

Nothing limits the ability of an owner, manager or the PHA to evict or terminate assistance for other good cause unrelated to the incident or incidents of domestic violence, provided that the victim is not subject to a “more demanding standard” than non-victims.

Nothing prohibits termination or eviction if the owner, manager or PHA can demonstrate an actual and imminent threat to other tenants or those employed at or providing service to the property or PHA if the tenant is not evicted or terminated from assistance.

The provisions do not supersede any provisions of Federal, State, or local law that provide greater protection for victims of domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking.

- Denial of Portability:* A PHA may not deny portable voucher assistance to a tenant, otherwise in compliance with program rules, who violated previous assisted lease terms solely in order to move out quickly because of the fear of domestic violence. A PHA may not terminate or deny portable voucher assistance to a tenant who is otherwise in compliance with program rules and moved out of a previous assisted unit in order to protect the health and safety of an individual who is or has been the victim of domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking and who reasonably believed he or she was imminently threatened by harm from further violence if he or she remained in the assisted dwelling unit.

- Certification and Confidentiality:* An owner, manager or PHA may request that an individual certify, via a HUD-approved certification form, that the individual is a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking and that the incident or incidents in question are bona fide incidents of such actual or threatened abuse and meet the requirements. The certification shall include the name of the perpetrator.

The individual shall provide the certification within 14 business days after the owner, manager, or PHA request such certification in writing. If the certification were not received within 14 business days of the administrator’s written request, nothing would limit the administrator’s ability to evict/terminate assistance. The administrator may extend the 14-day deadline at its discretion.

An individual may also satisfy the certification requirement by providing the requesting owner, manager or PHA with documentation signed by an employee, agent, or volunteer of a victim service provider, an attorney, or a medical professional, from whom the victim has sought assistance in addressing domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking, or the effects of the abuse, in which the professional attests under penalty of perjury to the professional’s belief that the incident or incidents in question are bona fide incidents of abuse, and the victim of domestic violence, dating violence or stalking has signed or attested to the documentation or by producing a Federal, State, tribal, territorial, or local police or court record.

An owner, manager or PHA is not required to demand certification in order to provide VAWA benefits to individuals. At their discretion, the owner, manager or PHA may apply benefits under VAWA based solely upon the individual’s statement or other corroborating evidence.

Compliance with the certification requirements, alone, is not sufficient to constitute evidence of an unreasonable act or omission by an owner, manager, PHA or assisted housing provider or employee thereof.

Information provided by the victim pursuant to the certification shall be retained in confidence and not entered into any shared database nor provided to any related entity except when the disclosure is consented to by the individual in writing, required for use in eviction proceedings or otherwise required by law.

The VAWA reauthorization act was self-implementing upon its January 5, 2006 enactment and is now in force. PHAs, owners and managers must ensure that they are compliant with the requirements and establish any policies or procedures necessary to implement the law. Although this correspondence contains a significant amount of information, owners/managers should focus on the provisions outlining their obligations.

Should you have questions regarding the new VAWA requirements, please contact our office at (330) 297-1489.

VAWA Reauthorization: Summary of Landlord Rights and Duties	
<p><b><u>What can you do?</u></b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Bifurcate lease- Terminate assistance to remove a lawful occupant or tenant who engages in criminal acts of violence to family members or others without terminating assistance/evicting victimized lawful occupants.</li> <li>▪ Honor court orders regarding access or control of the property.</li> <li>▪ Evict/terminate assistance where other good cause, unrelated to the incident or incidents of domestic violence, provided the victim is not subject to a "more demanding standard" than non-victims.</li> <li>▪ Evict/terminate where it can be demonstrated that there is an actual and imminent threat to other tenants or those employed or providing service to the property.</li> <li>▪ Request that an individual certify that they are a victim of domestic violence, dating violence or stalking and that the incident or incidents in question are bona fide incidents of such actual or threatened abuse. The certification shall include the name of the perpetrator.</li> <li>▪ Provide VAWA benefits to individuals based solely upon the individual's statement or other corroborating evidence.</li> <li>▪ Disclose information relating to the victim certification where it is required for use in eviction proceedings or otherwise required by law.</li> </ul>	<p><b><u>What is not allowed?</u></b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Evictions/termination of the victim for incident(s) of actual or threatened domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking.</li> <li>▪ Non-compliance with court orders regarding rights of access or control of the property.</li> <li>▪ Non-compliance with provisions of Federal, State or local laws that provide greater protection for victims of domestic violence, dating violence or stalking.</li> <li>▪ Entering information relating to the victim certification into any shared database or disclosing any information relating to the certification without consent.</li> </ul>

# Landlord Incentives



## **New Landlord Incentive:**

PMHA will offer a one-time incentive HAP payment of \$1,000.00 to new landlords, upon the execution of a new HAP contract for an MTW tenant-based HCV participant. A “new landlord” would be defined as a landlord who has not rented to a tenant-based voucher participant within the past twelve (12) months. The landlord would not be eligible for the \$1,000.00 incentive HAP payment if the contract is executed for a transfer of units with the same landlord, or if the contract is executed due to a lease renewal or change. Additionally, properties owned or managed by PMHA or any other PHA would be ineligible for this incentive.

## **Existing Landlord Incentive:**

PMHA will offer a one-time \$500.00 incentive HAP payment to existing landlords who execute a new HAP contract for an MTW tenant-based HCV participant. An “existing landlord” would be defined as a landlord who has rented to a tenant-based voucher participant at any time within the past twelve (12) months. The landlord would not be eligible for the \$500.00 incentive HAP payment if the contract is executed for a transfer of units with the same landlord, or if the contract is executed due to a lease renewal or change. Additionally, properties owned or managed by PMHA or any other PHA would be ineligible for this incentive HAP payment.

## **Rent Affordability Incentive:**

PMHA will offer a one-time rent affordability payment when rent must be negotiated down in order for the unit to be affordable for the MTW tenant-based voucher participant. “Affordable” would be defined as an initial rent burden of no more than 50% of the household’s monthly income. The rent affordability payment would be equal to the amount the proposed monthly rent is reduced by to make it affordable and allow the voucher holder to qualify, multiplied by 12.

## **Limited Damage Claim Incentive:**

PMHA will offer a limited damage claim not to exceed one month’s contract rent to owner in cases where an MTW tenant-based voucher participant’s tenancy ends and there is tenant-caused damage to the unit that exceeds the security deposit collected by the owner. The damage claim would be verified by a special inspection conducted by a PMHA HQS inspector. The special inspection will be required to be conducted within 30 calendar days of the MTW tenant-based HCV participant’s move-out date.

# **] Overview of Subsidy Process**

## **STAGE 1: INITIAL ELIGIBILITY DETERMINATION/VOUCHER ISSUANCE**

1. Family completes an online application for housing assistance and is placed on the Section 8 waiting list.
2. Family is notified by email that their name has reached the top of the list.
3. Once Intake is completed online and verifications are complete, the final eligibility determination is made, and the family is issued a voucher.

## **STAGE 2: LEASE-UP**

1. The family searches for a suitable unit.
2. Once family finds a unit, the Landlord and Tenant sign a Request for Tenancy Approval (RFTA) form and returns the form to PMHA.
3. PMHA schedules an inspection of the unit. PMHA sends written notification to the owner and tenant advising them of whether the lease, tenancy and rent are approved and of what the tenant's rent to owner and subsidy will be.
4. Once the unit passes inspection and PMHA has approved the proposed tenancy, lease and tenancy addendum are signed, security deposit is collected, and tenant is given keys to unit.
5. The landlord submits copy of signed lease, tenancy addendum, and any other required leasing paperwork, if applicable, to PMHA.

## **STAGE 3: CONTRACT EXECUTION**

1. PMHA prepares the Housing Assistance Payment (HAP) contract and sends it to the landlord for signature. The HAP contract may not be executed more than 60 days after the beginning of the lease term.
2. Landlord returns the signed HAP contract to PMHA, PMHA staff then sign, and send the landlord a copy of the fully executed HAP. HAP post to the landlord's bank by the third business day of each month.

## **STAGE 4: RECERTIFICATIONS**

HUD requires Housing Authorities to recertify the income and household composition of all families at least annually and to conduct annual HQS inspections of assisted units. The landlord receives a copy of the notice of annual HQS inspection.

PMHA begins the recertification process 3 months before the recertification month (e.g. a family with a December lease/HAP contract, is recertified in September). This allows ample time to collect necessary documentation and verification.





# Marketing Your Unit

Owners/managers can list units on [www.GOsection8.com](http://www.GOsection8.com). The site provides property rental listings directly to Public Housing Authorities. Additionally, [GOsection8.com](http://GOsection8.com) maximizes rental listing exposure by allowing properties to be viewed online. This is a free on-line service.

Ohio's Rental Housing Locator, [www.ohiohousinglocator.org](http://www.ohiohousinglocator.org), is another service that allows owners to register rental properties free of charge. The site makes it quick and easy for owners to link potential tenants with affordable, accessible units that meet their needs. The site includes both subsidized and market rate properties. The locator is sponsored by the Ohio Housing Finance Agency, Ohio Developmental Disabilities Council, Ohio Department of Development, Ohio Department of Aging and Ohio Department of Job & Family Services.

Owners are encouraged to utilize these sites as a means of marketing vacant units to prospective tenants. Rental listings are printed from each of the sites above and distributed to voucher holders searching for units.

PMHA does not endorse either of the sites but merely offers them to owners as a tool to assist with their marketing efforts. PMHA does not receive any compensation from either of the sites. Owners are not required to use either of the online tools.

In addition to the sites listed above, we encourage owners to use local newspapers and other resources, online and traditional media, to market their vacant units. Owners can also provide vacancies to be posted to the electronic board in the PMHA lobby, as well as on the PMHA website at [www.portagehousing.org](http://www.portagehousing.org). If you would like to post a flyer to the PMHA electronic board and the PMHA website, you must submit it to the front desk for review/approval.

# Tenant Screening

The Owner is responsible for determining suitability of prospective tenants. Owners should screen rent payment history, eviction history and other factors related to tenant suitability.

PMHA must provide prospective owners with the names and addresses of the current and (if known) previous landlord.

# Landlord-Tenant Interaction

## Summary

*In order to encourage good landlord-tenant relations, the Housing Authority has prepared the following list of suggestions and HUD requirements. Property owners (or agents) will be prepared to effectively deal with tenants and the Portage Metropolitan Housing Authority by maintaining a clear and candid understanding of their duties and responsibilities.*

**Landlord-Tenant Pre-Occupancy Inspection.** The exchange of security deposit and keys should take place at the unit. It is suggested that the tenant and the landlord view the unit together and write down the condition of the unit, including: painted surfaces, carpeting, appliances and any repairs that are needed. This document should be signed by both the landlord and the tenant and could solve future conflicts over security deposit returns. Security deposits are the sole responsibility of the tenant. Please note that the PMHA has no obligation in remitting security deposits to property owners or agents.

**Problems with the Unit.** During the term of the lease, if the tenant has problems with the unit, the landlord should be contacted verbally with a follow-up writing (send copy to PMHA). PMHA should be involved in maintenance or social conflicts only as a last resort. The Ohio Revised Code requires all landlords to make their address and phone number or the address and phone number of a legal representative available to their tenants. The PMHA suggests that this be done in writing.

Except in the case of emergency or if it is impracticable to do so, give the tenant reasonable notices of intent to enter and enter only at reasonable times. Twenty-four hours is presumed to be a reasonable notice in the absence of evidence to the contrary. The PMHA advises landlords to place language in the lease allowing for regular unit inspections (e.g., 2<sup>nd</sup> Saturday of each month)

**Vacating a Unit.** It is the landlord's responsibility to inform the PMHA when the tenant indicates intent to vacate the unit. When the tenant is ready to return the keys to the landlord or agent, it is suggested that this be done at the unit. Again, the unit should be inspected by both parties and the condition of the unit recorded (with both parties signing the document). The tenant must give the landlord a forwarding address.

**Refunding Security Deposits.** Under Ohio law, the landlord is required to return the tenant's full security deposit or send a written itemized list of any deductions to any part or the entire amount of deposit paid within 30 days of the lease termination. A copy should be sent to the PMHA.

**Summary.** The PMHA is responsible for administering a housing assistance program according to HUD regulations and guidelines. Please do not require that the Housing Authority perform the landlord's/tenant's duties or responsibilities. PMHA is not the agent of the landlord or the tenant. Good landlord-tenant relations start with an open line of communication. It is a good business practice not to assume anything, but to talk with each other concerning questions that arise and document conversations as necessary.

The Landlord-Tenant Interaction Summary was written to serve as a guideline and reference tool and is provided as a courtesy. Not all conditions surrounding property management are addressed. We invite you to contact the Portage Metropolitan Housing Authority at (330) 297-1489 if clarification or further information is needed.

# Bi-Annual Requirements

HUD requires that the following events take place bi-annually:

**Bi-Annual Recertification** (as PMHA is a Moving to Work Agency, they have adopted policy to conduct annual recertification's)

The family must be recertified to determine continued eligibility for the program and the correct level of assistance based on income and family composition. The owner will receive notice of any change in the Tenant Rent or Housing Assistance Payment.

## **Bi-Annual Housing Quality Standards Inspection**

All units must be inspected and meet housing quality standards (HQS) at least bi-annually. However, an inspection may occur more frequently if a life-threatening violation is reported or a municipality requests a special inspection.

If the unit fails an HQS inspection, the owner must take corrective action within the specified period of time, unless an extension is approved by PMHA. If an HQS violation is life threatening, the owner must correct the defect within 24 hours. If corrective action is not taken, PMHA will abate

(stop) the HAP payment. If it is determined that the family caused the HQS deficiencies, corrective action by the family must be taken within 30 days, unless an extension is approved by PMHA.

If an HQS breach caused by the family is life threatening, the family must correct the defect within 24 hours. If corrective action is not taken, PMHA may terminate the family's assistance. If a unit is in non-compliance with Housing Quality Standards for more than 60 days, the HAP Contract may be terminated.

## **Abatement Means Stop Payment of All Landlord Deposits**

According to the HAP Contract, the owner is responsible for ensuring that the unit meets HQS during the entire term of the HAP Contract. If at any time it is determined that the unit does not meet HQS, PMHA will notify the owner in writing and provide the owner with a reasonable period of time to make repairs. If the repairs are not made within that time period, PMHA is required to abate (stop) payments. If a payment is abated, the family is still responsible for their portion of the rent, only. PMHA will not make the HAP payment.

If a unit is abated, HAP payments will not resume until the repairs are made. Furthermore, there will be no retroactive payments for the period of time that the unit was in abatement for non-compliance with HQS. If a unit is in abatement for more than 30 days, the HAP Contract may be terminated.

# Bi-Annual Requirements (Cont'd)

## Rent Adjustments

1. The owner may not increase the rent during the first twelve (12) months of the lease. After the first year of the lease, the owner may request a rent adjustment, if stated in the initial lease.
2. Requests for rent adjustments must be made to PMHA, and the tenant, in writing. The initial rent increase requests must be submitted at least 60 days prior to the end of the initial lease; thereafter, the owner must provide 60 days' notice to PMHA and the tenant (in writing) of the proposed increase. If the unit has a year-to-year lease, after the year commences, the rent may not change.
3. The owner should request a reasonable amount. All rent increases are subject to rent reasonableness.
4. PMHA will provide written notice to the owner and the family of any changes in the family's and PMHA's rent amount.
5. Rent adjustments may also be approved if an owner demonstrates that increased property taxes make rent adjustment reasonable and if substantial rehabilitation on the property has improved the property such that a rent increase is reasonable.

# **Termination of Tenancy (By Owner)**

During the term of a Section 8 lease, the owner may not terminate tenancy except for serious or repeated lease violations, for violation of applicable Federal, State or local law, or other good cause. Certain criminal activity is grounds for the tenancy termination.

Any tenant-based Section 8 lease may be terminated without cause at the end of the initial term and at the end of any term extension.

HUD regulations provide that tenant-based voucher leases must provide an initial term of the lease. The lease may provide either for automatic renewal for successive definite terms (e.g. month-to-month or year-to-year) or for an automatic indefinite extension of the lease term.

If an owner chooses to enter into a Section 8 lease which automatically renews after the initial one-year term (month-to-month or year-to-year) they can terminate the tenancy after each month or year (whichever pertains).

Copies of all notices must be sent to the Housing Authority. If the tenant fails to vacate your unit, you must file an eviction with the Municipal Court.

Upon receiving notice from a landlord that they are terminating tenancy, the Housing Authority will abate the Housing Assistance Payment according to the owners notice and notify tenant as to their status with the Housing Authority. As long as the family is not in violation of Section 8 rules and regulations, the Housing Authority will assist the family in finding other housing.

# **Termination of Tenancy (By PMHA)**

Every family receiving housing assistance under this program agrees to perform all its obligations under the program and is responsible as well fulfilling all its obligations under its Voucher of Family Participation and under its lease with the owner. Families receiving rent assistance from Portage Metropolitan Housing Authority are required to report in writing to PMHA immediately any program abuses such as side payments, extra landlord charges, violation of tenant rights, owner failure to repair in a timely manner, etc. A subsidized family's failure to report abuse could be grounds for termination.

Any family who is determined to be ineligible for any reason and whose assistance is reduced or terminated shall be notified in writing. Notifications shall contain the reasons for termination and be sent at least 30 days prior to the termination.

The letter shall inform the family that within 10 working days of the date of the letter, they may request in writing an informal hearing to discuss the termination. Failure to request this hearing within the 10 day period will result in the family forfeiting its right to a hearing.

The hearing will be conducted to determine if the reasons for the termination are valid. Families may bring legal representation and present evidence on their behalf.



# Housing Quality Standards (HQS) Inspections

When our inspector is sent to conduct an initial inspection of your unit, the unit must be in the following condition:

1. vacant
2. clean and ready for the tenant to move in
3. all utilities on
4. all repair work completed
5. working smoke detectors<sup>1</sup>

In order to make the most efficient use of our Section 8 Department's time, we must eliminate repeat inspections. Please keep in mind that even one HQS violation fails the entire unit and a reinspection is required. A list of the most common HQS violations follows:

## **Most Frequent Housing Quality Violations**

1. Broken, cracked windows
2. No locks on first floor windows
3. No handrails on stairs with 4 or more steps (interior and exterior)
4. No railings or protective barriers on porch landings that are more than 30" from ground level (interior and exterior)
5. Hazardous electrical system - bare wires, missing outlet covers, and fuse box covers, spliced wiring or loose light fixtures
6. Water heater without a Temperature Pressure Relief Valve and Drip Leg extended to within 6" of the floor
7. Plumbing leaks
8. Non-functioning stove (oven and all burners)
9. Unit not clean--floors, carpet (steam), stove, refrigerator, bathroom fixtures
10. Exterior door locks that are not secure--loose or missing striker plate, split door jamb or inadequate lock
11. Large holes in walls or ceilings
12. Holes in foundations that could lead to pest infiltration

<sup>1</sup> Each dwelling unit must include at least one battery-operated or hard-wired smoke detector, in proper working condition, on each level of the unit. If the unit is occupied by a hearing impaired person, an alarm system connected to the smoke detector and designed for the hearing impaired must be present.

The smoke detector must be located, to the extent practicable, in a hallway adjacent to a bedroom. If the unit is occupied by hearing impaired persons, smoke detectors must have an alarm system designed for the hearing impaired located in each bedroom occupied by a hearing impaired person.

# Housing Quality Standards (HQS)

An adequate bathroom in operating condition, which can be used in privacy and is accessible only to the occupants of the living unit. Bath must have hot and cold running water and a tub or shower all with adequate plumbing.

The kitchen shall be adequate to store, prepare and serve foods. There shall be a working stove and refrigerator. There shall be a sink with hot and cold running water.

There shall be a living room, bath, kitchen, and sufficient sleeping rooms to adequately accommodate the family.

There shall be safe and operable heating facilities. Unvented room heaters which burn gas, oil, or kerosene are not acceptable.

Living and sleeping rooms shall have at least one window. All windows must present in the bath and kitchen. There shall be at least two electrical outlets, one of which can be an overhead light, in the living room, kitchen and in each bedroom.

The dwelling shall be structurally sound. Ceilings, walls, and floors shall not bulge, lean, buckle or be seriously damaged. The roof shall be firm and weather tight. Exterior walls shall not buckle, lean, sag, crack, or be seriously damaged. Interior and exterior hallways, stairways and porches, and walkways shall be safe. Elevators shall be operable, safe and possess a current permit. The main bathroom must have a window or an exhaust ventilation system. There shall be an adequate and sanitary water supply.

The unit shall comply with HUD Lead Based Paint regulations. If the unit was built before 1978, the occupant shall be furnished a notice required by HUD concerning Lead Based Paint regulations.

Each sleeping room shall have a second means of egress, i.e., (a) a door or stairway providing a means of unobstructed travel directly to the outside of the building at street or ground level, or (b) an outside window openable from the inside without the use of tools. Sleeping rooms located in basements shall provide at least one window with a clear opening of not less than 20 in. in width, 24 in. in height, and 5.7 sq. ft. in area. The bottom of the opening shall not be more than 44 in. above the floor. Secondary escapes which meet City Code and have been approved by City Codes Department are acceptable. The neighborhood shall be free from several environmental conditions, such as flooding, poor drainage, abnormal air pollution and from excessive fire hazards. Discarded furniture, appliances or motor vehicle parts must be removed. All windows must be equipped with a locking mechanism. Secure spring-loaded pins, sliding bolts and turnbuckle locks may be used. Windows must operate properly and have a screen. Window may not be nailed shut.

Secure handrails must be provided for stairs with an incline of more than 30 inches. (2x4, 2x8, etc. are acceptable handrails).

The unit shall be free from rodent and vermin infestation.

# **Housing Quality Standards (HQS)**

## **(Cont'd)**

All windows must be equipped with a locking mechanism. Secure spring-loaded pins, sliding bolts and turnbuckle locks may be used. Windows must operate properly and have a screen. Windows may not be nailed shut.

Secure handrails must be provided for stairs consisting of 3 or more steps. Hot water heaters must be equipped with a relief valve and discharge line within 3" from the floor. These may be metallic or plastic but must be metallic if replaced or reinstalled.

Exterior and interior must be free from loose, scaly paint if built before 1978 and is or will be occupied by a family with children under 6 years of age. Exterior must be scraped and paint chips removed. Interior must be scraped, painted and paint chips removed.

Mobile homes must have 3 over-the-top tie-downs and a smoke detector in working condition.

All units must be equipped with at least one battery-operated or hard-wired smoke detector, located in a hallway adjacent to the bedroom or bedrooms, and one additional smoke detector on every level including basements but excepting crawl spaces and unfinished attics. Each bedroom occupied by a hearing-impaired person must have a visual alarm system connected to the smoke detector installed in the hallway.

# Lead-Based Paint Regulations

Lead-based paint rules apply to all housing constructed before 1978.

All tenants, including non-Section 8 tenants, must be provided with a copy of the HUD/EPA pamphlet **“Protect Your family from Lead in Your Home”**. This document, EPA747-K-9401 is available through the Government Printing Office. Photocopies are acceptable.)

The owner and family must complete and sign a “Disclosure of Information on Lead-Based Paint and/or Lead-Based Paint Hazards”. This form must be kept by the owner for at least three years. The owner must disclose any known lead-based paint hazards to the family.

PMHA must complete a visual assessment for deteriorated paint during the initial and annual inspection. (For more information on project-based requirements, and on lead-based paint in general, see the HUD web page at [www.hud.gov](http://www.hud.gov).)

During inspections, all deteriorated or damaged paint will be assumed to be lead-based paint (LBP) unless the paint has been tested and cleared by a licensed Lead Inspector or Risk Assessor. All deteriorated paint must be stabilized by properly trained persons. Stabilization must be completed before the unit is occupied or within 30 days of notification if the unit is already occupied.

Only properly trained persons may work on LBP or paint assumed to be LBP. Clearance testing is required after repairing LBP. At the completion of work involving LBP or paint assumed to be LBP, the owner must have lead wipe samples secured by a licensed Risk Assessor and the dust levels must be below HUD defined levels.

If there is a child with an Elevated Blood Level (EBL) under age six in the unit, a Lead Risk Assessment of the unit and common areas must be completed within 15 days of notification. (A child with an Elevated Blood Level is one determined to have excess lead levels in the blood stream.) The assessment may be performed by the Health Department, a licensed contractor or PMHA.

# Voucher

## Housing Choice Voucher Program

### U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development Office of Public and Indian Housing

OMB No. 2577-0169  
(exp. 07/31/2022)

Public Reporting Burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 0.05 hours per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. This agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless that collection displays a valid OMB control number. Assurances of confidentiality are not provided under this collection. This collection of information is authorized under Section 8 of the U.S. Housing Act of 1937 (42 U.S.C. 1437f). The information is used to authorize a family to look for an eligible unit and specifies the size of the unit. The information also sets forth the family's obligations under the Housing Choice Voucher Program.

**Privacy Act Statement.** The Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) is authorized to collect the information required on this form by Section 8 of the U.S. Housing Act of 1937 (42 U.S.C. 1437f). Collection of family members' names is mandatory. The information is used to authorize a family to look for an eligible unit and specifies the size of the unit. The information also sets forth the family's obligations under the Housing Choice Voucher Program. HUD may disclose this information to Federal, State and local agencies when relevant to civil, criminal, or regulatory investigations and prosecutions. It will not be otherwise disclosed or released outside of HUD, except as permitted or required by law. Failure to provide any of the information may result in delay or rejection of family voucher issuance.

Please read <b>entire</b> document before completing form Fill in all blanks below. Type or print clearly.		Voucher Number
1. Insert <b>unit size</b> in number of bedrooms. (This is the number of bedrooms for which the Family qualifies, and is used in determining the amount of assistance to be paid on behalf of the Family to the owner.)		1. Unit Size
2. <b>Date Voucher Issued (mm/dd/yyyy)</b> Insert actual date the Voucher is issued to the Family.		2. Issue Date (mm/dd/yyyy)
3. <b>Date Voucher Expires (mm/dd/yyyy)</b> must be at least sixty days after date issued. Voucher is issued. (See Section 6 of this form.)		3. Expiration Date (mm/dd/yyyy)
4. <b>Date Extension Expires</b> (if applicable)(mm/dd/yyyy) (See Section 6. of this form)		4. Date Extension Expires (mm/dd/yyyy)
5. Name of Family Representative	6. Signature of Family Representative	Date Signed (mm/dd/yyyy)
7. Name of Public Housing Agency (PHA)		
8. Name and Title of PHA Official	9. Signature of PHA Official	Date Signed (mm/dd/yyyy)

### 1. Housing Choice Voucher Program

- A. The public housing agency (PHA) has determined that the above named family (item 5) is eligible to participate in the housing choice voucher program. Under this program, the family chooses a decent, safe and sanitary unit to live in. If the owner agrees to lease the unit to the family under the housing choice voucher program, and if the PHA approves the unit, the PHA will enter into a housing assistance payments (HAP) contract with the owner to make monthly payments to the owner to help the family pay the rent.
- B. The PHA determines the amount of the monthly housing assistance payment to be paid to the owner. Generally, the monthly housing assistance payment by the PHA is the difference between the applicable payment standard and 30 percent of monthly adjusted family income. In determining the maximum initial housing assistance payment for the family, the PHA will use the payment standard in effect on the date the tenancy is approved by the PHA. The family may choose to rent a unit for more than the payment standard, but this choice does not change the amount of the PHA's assistance payment. The actual amount of the PHA's assistance payment will be determined using the gross rent for the unit selected by the family.

### 2. Voucher

- A. When issuing this voucher the PHA expects that if the family finds an approvable unit, the PHA will have the money available to enter into a HAP contract with the owner. However, the PHA is under no obligation to the family, to any owner, or to any other person, to approve a tenancy. The PHA does not have any liability to any party by the issuance of this voucher.
- B. The voucher does not give the family any right to participate in the PHA's housing choice voucher program. The family becomes a participant in the PHA's housing choice voucher program when the HAP contract between the PHA and the owner takes effect.
- C. During the initial or any extended term of this voucher, the PHA may require the family to report progress in leasing a unit at such intervals and times as determined by the PHA.

### 3. PHA Approval or Disapproval of Unit or Lease

- A. When the family finds a suitable unit where the owner is willing to participate in the program, the family must give the PHA the request for tenancy approval (on the form supplied by the PHA), signed by the owner and the family, and a copy of the lease, including the HUD-prescribed tenancy addendum. **Note: Both documents must be given to the PHA no later than the expiration date stated in item 3 or 4 on top of page one of this voucher.**
- B. The family must submit these documents in the manner that is required by the PHA. PHA policy may prohibit the family from submitting more than one request for tenancy approval at a time.

The lease must include, word-for-word, all provisions of the tenancy addendum required by HUD and supplied by the PHA. This is done by adding the HUD tenancy addendum to the lease used by the owner. If there is a difference between any provisions of the HUD tenancy addendum and any provisions of the owner's lease, the provisions of the HUD tenancy addendum shall control.

- D. After receiving the request for tenancy approval and a copy of the lease, the PHA will inspect the unit. The PHA may not give approval for the family to lease the unit or execute the HAP contract until the PHA has determined that all the following program requirements are met: the unit is eligible; the unit has been inspected by the PHA and passes the housing quality standards (HQS); the rent is reasonable; and the landlord and tenant have executed the lease including the HUD-prescribed tenancy addendum.

- E. If the PHA approves the unit, the PHA will notify the family and the owner, and will furnish two copies of the HAP contract to the owner.

1. The owner and the family must execute the lease.
2. The owner must sign both copies of the HAP contract and must furnish to the PHA a copy of the executed lease and both copies of the executed HAP contract.
3. The PHA will execute the HAP contract and return an executed copy to the owner.

- F. If the PHA determines that the unit or lease cannot be approved for any reason, the PHA will notify the owner and the family that:

1. The proposed unit or lease is disapproved for specified reasons, and
2. If the conditions requiring disapproval are remedied to the satisfaction of the PHA on or before the date specified by the PHA, the unit or lease will be approved.

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### 4. Obligations of the Family

- A. When the family's unit is approved and the HAP contract is executed, the family must follow the rules listed below in order to continue participating in the housing choice voucher program.

- B. The family must:

1. Supply any information that the PHA or HUD determines to be necessary including evidence of citizenship or eligible immigration status, and information for use in a regularly scheduled reexamination or interim reexamination of family income and composition.
2. Disclose and verify social security numbers and sign and submit consent forms for obtaining information.
3. Supply any information requested by the PHA to verify that the family is living in the unit or information related to family absence from the unit.
4. Promptly notify the PHA in writing when the family is away from the unit for an extended period of time in accordance with PHA policies.
5. Allow the PHA to inspect the unit at reasonable times and after reasonable notice.
6. Notify the PHA and the owner in writing before moving out of the unit or terminating the lease.
7. Use the assisted unit for residence by the family. The unit must be the family's only residence.
8. Promptly notify the PHA in writing of the birth, adoption, or court-awarded custody of a child.
9. Request PHA written approval to add any other family member as an occupant of the unit.
10. Promptly notify the PHA in writing if any family member no longer lives in the unit. Give the PHA a copy of any owner eviction notice.
11. Pay utility bills and provide and maintain any appliances that the owner is not required to provide under the lease.

- C. Any information the family supplies must be true and complete.

- D. The family (including each family member) must not:

1. Own or have any interest in the unit (other than in a cooperative, or the owner of a manufactured home leasing a manufactured home space).
2. Commit any serious or repeated violation of the lease.
3. Commit fraud, bribery or any other corrupt or criminal act in connection with the program.
4. Engage in drug-related criminal activity or violent criminal activity or other criminal activity that threatens the health, safety or right to peaceful enjoyment of other residents and persons residing in the immediate vicinity of the premises.
5. Sublease or let the unit or assign the lease or transfer the unit.

"  
"  
"

"form HUD-52646 (07/2019)"  
"



6. Receive housing choice voucher program housing assistance while receiving another housing subsidy, for the same unit or a different unit under any other Federal, State or local housing assistance program.
7. Damage the unit or premises (other than damage from ordinary wear and tear) or permit any guest to damage the unit or premises.
8. Receive housing choice voucher program housing assistance while residing in a unit owned by a parent, child, grandparent, grandchild, sister or brother of any member of the family, unless the PHA has determined (and has notified the owner and the family of such determination) that approving rental of the unit, notwithstanding such relationship, would provide reasonable accommodation for a family member who is a person with disabilities.
9. Engage in abuse of alcohol in a way that threatens the health, safety or right to peaceful enjoyment of the other residents and persons residing in the immediate vicinity of the premises

#### **5. Illegal Discrimination**

If the family has reason to believe that, in its search for suitable housing, it has been discriminated against on the basis of age, race, color, religion, sex, disability, national origin, or familial status, the family may file a housing discrimination complaint with any HUD Field Office in person, by mail, or by telephone. The PHA will give the family information on how to fill out and file a complaint.

#### **6. Expiration and Extension of Voucher**

The voucher will expire on the date stated in item 3 on the top of page one of this voucher unless the family requests an extension in writing and the PHA grants a written extension of the voucher in which case the voucher will expire on the date stated in item 4. At its discretion, the PHA may grant a family's request for one or more extensions of the initial term.

SAMPLE

# Request for Tenancy Approval

Housing Choice Voucher Program

## U.S Department of Housing and Urban Development

Office of Public and Indian Housing

OMB Approval No. 2577-0169

exp. 7/31/2022

The public reporting burden for this information collection is estimated to be 30 minutes, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. The Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) is authorized to collect the information on this form by Section 8 of the U.S. Housing Act (42 U.S.C. 1437f). Form is only valid if it includes an OMB Control Number. HUD is committed to protecting the privacy of individuals' information stored electronically or in paper form, in accordance with federal privacy laws, guidance, and best practices. HUD expects its third-party business partners, including Public Housing Authorities, who collect, use maintain, or disseminate HUD information to protect the privacy of that information in Accordance with applicable law.

When the participant selects a unit, the owner of the unit completes this form to provide the PHA with information about the unit. The information is used to determine if the unit is eligible for rental assistance. HUD will not disclose this information except when required by law for civil, criminal, or regulatory investigations and prosecutions.

1. Name of Public Housing Agency (PHA)			2. Address of Unit (street address, unit #, city, state, zip code)		
3. Requested Lease Start Date	4. Number of Bedrooms	5. Year Constructed	6. Proposed Rent	7. Security Deposit Amt	8. Date Unit Available for Inspection
9. Structure Type <input type="checkbox"/> Single Family Detached (one family under one roof) <input type="checkbox"/> Semi-Detached (duplex, attached on one side) <input type="checkbox"/> Rowhouse/Townhouse (attached on two sides) <input type="checkbox"/> Low-rise apartment building (4 stories or fewer) <input type="checkbox"/> High-rise apartment building (5+ stories) <input type="checkbox"/> Manufactured Home (mobile home)			10. If this unit is subsidized, indicate type of subsidy: <input type="checkbox"/> Section 202 <input type="checkbox"/> Section 221(d)(3)(BMIR) <input type="checkbox"/> Tax Credit <input type="checkbox"/> HOME <input type="checkbox"/> Section 236 (insured or uninsured) <input type="checkbox"/> Section 515 Rural Development <input type="checkbox"/> Other (Describe Other Subsidy, including any state or local subsidy) _____		

### 11. Utilities and Appliances

The owner shall provide or pay for the utilities/appliances indicated below by an "O". The tenant shall provide or pay for the utilities/appliances indicated below by a "T". Unless otherwise specified below, the owner shall pay for all utilities and provide the refrigerator and range/microwave.

Item	Specify fuel type	Paid by
Heating	<input type="checkbox"/> Natural gas <input type="checkbox"/> Bottled gas <input type="checkbox"/> Electric <input type="checkbox"/> Heat Pump <input type="checkbox"/> Oil <input type="checkbox"/> Other	
Cooking	<input type="checkbox"/> Natural gas <input type="checkbox"/> Bottled gas <input type="checkbox"/> Electric <input type="checkbox"/> Other	
Water Heating	<input type="checkbox"/> Natural gas <input type="checkbox"/> Bottled gas <input type="checkbox"/> Electric <input type="checkbox"/> Oil <input type="checkbox"/> Other	
Other Electric		
Water		
Sewer		
Trash Collection		
Air Conditioning		
Other (specify)		
Refrigerator		Provided by
Range/Microwave		

## 12. Owner's Certifications

- a. The program regulation requires the PHA to certify that the rent charged to the housing choice voucher tenant is not more than the rent charged for other unassisted comparable units. Owners of projects with more than 4 units must complete the following section for most recently leased comparable unassisted units within the premises.

Address and unit number	Date Rented	Rental Amount
1.		
2.		
3.		

- b. The owner (including a principal or other interested party) is not the parent, child, grandparent, grandchild, sister or brother of any member of the family, unless the PHA has determined (and has notified the owner and the family of such determination) that approving leasing of the unit, notwithstanding such relationship, would provide reasonable accommodation for a family member who is a person with disabilities.

- c. Check one of the following:

- ☐ Lead-based paint disclosure requirements do not apply because this property was built on or after January 1, 1978.
- ☐ The unit, common areas servicing the unit, and exterior painted surfaces associated with such unit or common areas have been found to be lead-based paint free by a lead-based paint inspector certified under the Federal certification program or under a federally accredited State certification program.
- ☐ A completed statement is attached containing disclosure of known information on lead-based paint and/or lead-based paint hazards in the unit, common areas or exterior painted surfaces, including a statement that the owner has provided the lead hazard information pamphlet to the family.

13. The PHA has not screened the family's behavior or suitability for tenancy. Such screening is the owner's responsibility.

14. The owner's lease must include word-for-word all provisions of the HUD tenancy addendum.

15. The PHA will arrange for inspection of the unit and will notify the owner and family if the unit is not approved.

Print or Type Name of Owner/Owner Representative		Print or Type Name of Household Head	
Owner/Owner Representative Signature		Head of Household Signature	
Business Address		Present Address	
Telephone Number	Date (mm/dd/yyyy)	Telephone Number	Date (mm/dd/yyyy)

**Portage Metropolitan Housing Authority**  
**Rent Comparable**  
**(Please complete one form for each unit)**

Name of Prospective Tenant \_\_\_\_\_

Physical address of Unit \_\_\_\_\_

No. of Bedrooms \_\_\_\_\_ Apt# \_\_\_\_\_ Rent \$ \_\_\_\_\_ Are you currently receiving PMHA rent Assistance for this unit? \_\_\_\_\_

Owners Name \_\_\_\_\_ Telephone (\_\_\_\_\_) \_\_\_\_\_

Owner's Address \_\_\_\_\_ City, State, Zip \_\_\_\_\_

Email \_\_\_\_\_

**Utilities** (Check all that owner **Pays** for) IF Tenant pays, utilities MUST BE separately metered.

\_\_\_\_ Water \_\_\_\_ Sewer \_\_\_\_ Trash \_\_\_\_ Electric \_\_\_\_ Natural Gas \_\_\_\_ Bottled Gas \_\_\_\_ Oil

Hot water fuel type \_\_\_\_\_ Heat fuel type \_\_\_\_\_ Cooking fuel type \_\_\_\_\_

**Size** (square footage for kitchen, LR, BR, DR, & extra living areas check only one)

\_\_\_\_ 0 to 500 sq. ft \_\_\_\_ 501 to 700 sq. ft \_\_\_\_ 701 to 1200 sq. ft \_\_\_\_ 1201+sq. ft

**Number of Bathrooms** \_\_\_\_\_

**Den Present** - **YES** OR **NO** (Circle one)

**Type of Structure** (Check only one)

\_\_\_\_ Single Family \_\_\_\_ Low Rise \_\_\_\_ Multi (3-6 Unit Building) \_\_\_\_ Mobile Home \_\_\_\_ SRO (Single Room Occupancy)  
\_\_\_\_ Duplex \_\_\_\_ High Rise \_\_\_\_ Multi (7+Unit Building) \_\_\_\_ 2<sup>nd</sup> floor \_\_\_\_ Group Home

**Age** (Please indicate actual year built or appropriate range below)

\_\_\_\_ 1984-present \_\_\_\_ 1970-1986 \_\_\_\_ 1960-1969 \_\_\_\_ 1950-1959 \_\_\_\_ Before 1950

**Amenities and Facilities** (Please check all that are Provided and/or are present in the unit)

____ Fenced Private Yard	____ <b>Free</b> Cable	____ Storage	____ Window/Wall Air Conditioning
____ Gated Community	____ Playground	____ Fire Alarm	____ Block Basement Windows
____ Fireplace or Woodstove	____ Tennis Court	____ Patio	____ Closet
____ <b>Free</b> High-Speed Internet	____ Complex Community	____ Pets Allowed	____ Security Features
____ Garage or Covered Carport	____ On Site Laundry	____ Vinyl Windows/New/Replacement	____ Carpet/Hardwood Floors
____ Central Air Conditioning	____ Community Rm/Clubhouse	____ Ceramic Tile Floor	____ Pets Allowed, Cat Only
____ View of Water or Attractive Vista	____ Basketball	____ Washer/Dryer Hookup	____ Off Street Parking
____ Finished Basement	____ Swimming Pool	____ Curtains or Blinds	____ Steel or Metal Doors
____ Gated Parking	____ Fitness Facility or Gym	____ Storm Windows	
____ Elevator	____ Ceiling Fan	____ Deck/Porch	

**\*Put an X by the Services/Appliances Supplied by the Landlord\***

____ Refrigerator	____ In Unit Washer	____ Microwave	____ Meal Service	____ Gardner Paid
____ Stove	____ In Unit Dryer	____ Maintenance	____ Accessibility Features	____ Snow Removal
____ No Kitchen	____ Dishwasher	____ Social Service	____ Transportation	

List all significant repairs/renovations (costing between \$1000 and \$3000) performed in the past 5 years and/or any major rehabilitation costing over \$3000 in the past 10 years:

_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____

SAMPLE

**TENANCY ADDENDUM**  
**Section 8 Tenant-Based Assistance**  
**Housing Choice Voucher Program**  
(To be attached to Tenant Lease)

U.S. Department of Housing  
and Urban Development  
Office of Public and Indian Housing

OMB Approval No. 2577-0169  
exp. 7/31/2022

The Tenancy Addendum is part of the HAP contract and lease. Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 0.5 hours. This includes the time for collection, reviewing and reporting the data. The information is being collected as required by 24 CFR 982.451 which in part states the PHA must pay the housing assistance payment promptly. This agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to a collection of information unless there is a valid OMB number. Assurances of confidentiality are not provided under this section.

HUD is committed to protecting the privacy of an individual's information stored electronically or in paper form in accordance with federal privacy laws, guidance and best practices. HUD expects its third-party business partners including Public Housing Authorities who collect, use, maintain, or disseminate HUD information to protect the privacy of that information in accordance with applicable law.

**1. Section 8 Voucher Program**

- a. The owner is leasing the contract unit to the tenant for occupancy by the tenant's family with assistance for a tenancy under the Section 8 housing choice voucher program (voucher program) of the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD).
- b. The owner has entered into a Housing Assistance Payments Contract (HAP contract) with the PHA under the voucher program. Under the HAP contract, the PHA will make housing assistance payments to the owner to assist the tenant in leasing the unit from the owner.

**2. Lease**

- a. The owner has given the PHA a copy of the lease, including any revisions agreed by the owner and the tenant. The owner certifies that the terms of the lease are in accordance with all provisions of the HAP contract and that the lease includes the tenancy addendum.
- b. The tenant shall have the right to enforce the tenancy addendum against the owner. If there is any conflict between the tenancy addendum and any other provisions of the lease, the language of the tenancy addendum shall control.

**3. Use of Contract Unit**

- a. During the lease term, the family will reside in the contract unit with assistance under the voucher program.
- b. The composition of the household must be approved by the PHA. The family must promptly inform the PHA of the birth, adoption or court-awarded custody of a child. Other persons may not be added to the household without prior written approval of the owner and the PHA.
- c. The contract unit may only be used for residence by the PHA-approved household members. The unit must be the family's only residence. Members of the household may engage in legal profit making activities incidental to primary use of the unit for residence by members of the family.
- d. The tenant may not sublease or let the unit.
- e. The tenant may not assign the lease or transfer the unit.

**4. Rent to Owner**

- a. The initial rent to owner may not exceed the amount approved by the PHA in accordance with HUD requirements.
- b. Changes in the rent to owner shall be determined by the provisions of the lease. However, the owner may not raise the rent during the initial term of the lease.
- c. During the term of the lease (including the initial term of the lease and any extension term), the rent to owner may at no time exceed:

- (1) The reasonable rent for the unit as most recently determined or redetermined by the PHA in accordance with HUD requirements, or
- (2) Rent charged by the owner for comparable unassisted units in the premises.

**5. Family Payment to Owner**

- a. The family is responsible for paying the owner any portion of the rent to owner that is not covered by the PHA housing assistance payment.
- b. Each month, the PHA will make a housing assistance payment to the owner on behalf of the family in accordance with the HAP contract. The amount of the monthly housing assistance payment will be determined by the PHA in accordance with HUD requirements for a tenancy under the Section 8 voucher program.
- c. The monthly housing assistance payment shall be credited against the monthly rent to owner for the contract unit.
- d. The tenant is not responsible for paying the portion of rent to owner covered by the PHA housing assistance payment under the HAP contract between the owner and the PHA. A PHA failure to pay the housing assistance payment to the owner is not a violation of the lease. The owner may not terminate the tenancy for nonpayment of the PHA housing assistance payment.
- e. The owner may not charge or accept, from the family or from any other source, any payment for rent of the unit in addition to the rent to owner. Rent to owner includes all housing services, maintenance, utilities and appliances to be provided and paid by the owner in accordance with the lease.
- f. The owner must immediately return any excess rent payment to the tenant.

**6. Other Fees and Charges**

- a. Rent to owner does not include cost of any meals or supportive services or furniture which may be provided by the owner.
- b. The owner may not require the tenant or family members to pay charges for any meals or supportive services or furniture which may be provided by the owner. Nonpayment of any such charges is not grounds for termination of tenancy.
- c. The owner may not charge the tenant extra amounts for items customarily included in rent to owner in the locality, or provided at no additional cost to unsubsidized tenants in the premises.



## 7. Maintenance, Utilities, and Other Services

### a. Maintenance

- (1) The owner must maintain the unit and premises in accordance with the HQS.
- (2) Maintenance and replacement (including redecoration) must be in accordance with the standard practice for the building concerned as established by the owner.

### b. Utilities and appliances

- (1) The owner must provide all utilities needed to comply with the HQS.
- (2) The owner is not responsible for a breach of the HQS caused by the tenant's failure to:
  - (a) Pay for any utilities that are to be paid by the tenant.
  - (b) Provide and maintain any appliances that are to be provided by the tenant.

c. **Family damage.** The owner is not responsible for a breach of the HQS because of damages beyond normal wear and tear caused by any member of the household or by a guest.

d. **Housing services.** The owner must provide all housing services as agreed to in the lease.

## 8. Termination of Tenancy by Owner

a. **Requirements.** The owner may only terminate the tenancy in accordance with the lease and HUD requirements.

b. **Grounds.** During the term of the lease (the initial term of the lease or any extension term), the owner may only terminate the tenancy because of:

- (1) Serious or repeated violation of the lease;
- (2) Violation of Federal, State, or local law that imposes obligations on the tenant in connection with the occupancy or use of the unit and the premises;
- (3) Criminal activity or alcohol abuse (as provided in paragraph c); or
- (4) Other good cause (as provided in paragraph d).

### c. Criminal activity or alcohol abuse

- (1) The owner may terminate the tenancy during the term of the lease if any member of the household, a guest or another person under a resident's control commits any of the following types of criminal activity:
  - (a) Any criminal activity that threatens the health or safety of, or the right to peaceful enjoyment of the premises by, other residents (including property management staff residing on the premises);
  - (b) Any criminal activity that threatens the health or safety of, or the right to peaceful enjoyment of their residences by, persons residing in the immediate vicinity of the premises;
  - (c) Any violent criminal activity on or near the premises; or
  - (d) Any drug-related criminal activity on or near the premises.
- (2) The owner may terminate the tenancy during the term of the lease if any member of the household is:

- (a) Fleeing to avoid prosecution, or custody or confinement after conviction, for a crime, or attempt to commit a crime, that is a felony under the laws of the place from which the individual flees, or that, in the case of the State of New Jersey, is a high misdemeanor; or

- (b) Violating a condition of probation or parole under Federal or State law.

- (3) The owner may terminate the tenancy for criminal activity by a household member in accordance with this section if the owner determines that the household member has committed the criminal activity, regardless of whether the household member has been arrested or convicted for such activity.

- (4) The owner may terminate the tenancy during the term of the lease if any member of the household has engaged in abuse of alcohol that threatens the health, safety or right to peaceful enjoyment of the premises by other residents.

### d. Other good cause for termination of tenancy

- (1) During the initial lease term, other good cause for termination of tenancy must be something the family did or failed to do.

- (2) During the initial lease term or during any extension term, other good cause may include:

- (a) Disturbance of neighbors,
- (b) Destruction of property, or
- (c) Living or housekeeping habits that cause damage to the unit or premises.

- (3) After the initial lease term, such good cause may include:

- (a) The tenant's failure to accept the owner's offer of a new lease or revision;
- (b) The owner's desire to use the unit for personal or family use or for a purpose other than use as a residential rental unit; or
- (c) A business or economic reason for termination of the tenancy (such as sale of the property, renovation of the unit, the owner's desire to rent the unit for a higher rent).

- (4) The examples of other good cause in this paragraph do not preempt any State or local laws to the contrary.

## 9. Protections for Victims of Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, Sexual Assault, or Stalking

a. **Purpose:** This section incorporates the protections for victims of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking in accordance with subtitle N of the Violence Against Women Act of 1994, as amended (codified as amended at 42 U.S.C. 14043e et seq.) (VAWA) and implementing regulations at 24 CFR part 5, subpart L.

b. **Conflict with other Provisions:** In the event of any conflict between this provision and any other provisions included in Part C of the HAP contract, this provision shall prevail.

c. **Effect on Other Protections:** Nothing in this section shall be construed to supersede any provision of any Federal, State, or local law that provides greater protection than this section for victims of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking.

- d. **Definition:** As used in this Section, the terms “actual and imminent threat,” “affiliated individual,” “bifurcate,” “dating violence,” “domestic violence,” “sexual assault,” and “stalking” are defined in HUD’s regulations at 24 CFR part 5, subpart L. The terms “Household” and “Other Person Under the Tenant’s Control” are defined at 24 CFR part 5, subpart A.
- e. **VAWA Notice and Certification Form:** The PHA shall provide the tenant with the “Notice of Occupancy Rights under VAWA and the certification form described under 24 CFR 5.2005(a)(1) and (2).
- f. **Protection for victims of Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, Sexual Assault, or Stalking:**
- (1) The landlord or the PHA will not deny admission to, deny assistance under, terminate from participation in, or evict the Tenant on the basis of or as a direct result of the fact that the Tenant is or has been a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking, if the Tenant otherwise qualifies for admission, assistance, participation, or occupancy. 24 CFR 5.2005(b)(1).
  - (2) The tenant shall not be denied tenancy or occupancy rights solely on the basis of criminal activity engaged in by a member of the Tenant’s Household or any guest or Other Person Under the Tenant’s Control, if the criminal activity is directly related to domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking, and the Tenant or an Affiliated Individual of the Tenant is the victim or the threatened victim of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking. 24 CFR 5.2005(b)(2).
  - (3) An incident or incidents of actual or threatened domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault or stalking will not be construed as serious or repeated violations of the lease by the victim or threatened victim of the incident. Nor shall it not be construed as other “good cause” for termination of the lease, tenancy, or occupancy rights of such a victim or threatened victim. 24 CFR 5.2005(c)(1) and (c)(2).
- g. **Compliance with Court Orders:** Nothing in this Addendum will limit the authority of the landlord, when notified by a court order, to comply with the court order with respect to the rights of access or control of property (including civil protection orders issued to protect a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking) or with respect to the distribution or possession of property among members of the Tenant’s Household. 24 CFR 5.2005(d)(1).
- h. **Violations Not Premised on Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, Sexual Assault, or Stalking:** Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit any otherwise available authority of the Landlord to evict or the public housing authority to terminate the assistance of a Tenant for any violation not premised on an act of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking that is in question against the Tenant or an Affiliated Individual of the Tenant. However, the Landlord or the PHA will not subject the tenant, who is or has been a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking, to a more demanding standard than other tenants in determining whether to evict or terminate assistance. 24 CFR 5.2005(d)(2).

i. **Actual and Imminent Threats:**

- (1) Nothing in this section will be construed to limit the authority of the Landlord to evict the Tenant if the Landlord can demonstrate that an “actual and imminent threat” to other tenants or those employed at or providing service to the property would be present if the Tenant or lawful occupant is not evicted. In this context, words, gestures, actions, or other indicators will be construed as an actual and imminent threat if they meet the following standards for an actual and imminent threat: “Actual and imminent threat” refers to a physical danger that is real, would occur within an immediate time frame, and could result in death or serious bodily harm. In determining whether an individual would pose an actual and imminent threat, the factors to be considered include: the duration of the risk, the nature and severity of the potential harm, the likelihood that the potential harm will occur, and the length of time before the potential harm would occur. 24 CFR 5.2005(d)(3).
- (2) If an actual and imminent threat is demonstrated, eviction should be used only when there are no other actions that could be taken to reduce or eliminate the threat, including, but not limited to, transferring the victim to a different unit, barring the perpetrator from the property, contacting law enforcement to increase police presence, developing other plans to keep the property safe, or seeking other legal remedies to prevent the perpetrator from acting on a threat. Restrictions predicated on public safety cannot be based on stereotypes, but must be tailored to particularized concerns about individual residents. 24 CFR 5.2005(d)(4).

- j. **Emergency Transfer:** A tenant who is a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking may request an emergency transfer in accordance with the PHA’s emergency transfer plan. 24 CFR 5.2005(e). The PHA’s emergency transfer plan must be made available upon request, and incorporate strict confidentiality measures to ensure that the PHA does not disclose a tenant’s dwelling unit location to a person who committed or threatened to commit an act of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking against the tenant;

For transfers in which the tenant would not be considered a new applicant, the PHA must ensure that a request for an emergency transfer receives, at a minimum, any applicable additional priority that is already provided to other types of emergency transfer requests. For transfers in which the tenant would be considered a new applicant, the plan must include policies for assisting a tenant with this transfer.

- k. **Bifurcation:** Subject to any lease termination requirements or procedures prescribed by Federal, State, or local law, if any member of the Tenant’s Household engages in criminal activity directly relating to domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking, the Landlord may “bifurcate” the Lease, or remove that Household member from the Lease, without regard to whether that Household member is a signatory to the Lease, in order to evict, remove, or terminate the occupancy rights of that Household member without evicting, removing, or otherwise penalizing the victim of the criminal activity who is also a tenant or lawful occupant. Such eviction, removal, termination of occupancy rights, or termination of assistance shall be effected in accordance with the procedures prescribed by Federal, State, and local law for the termination of leases or assistance under the housing choice voucher program. 24 CFR 5.2009(a).

If the Landlord bifurcates the Lease to evict, remove, or terminate assistance to a household member, and that household member is the sole tenant eligible to receive assistance, the landlord shall provide any remaining tenants or residents a period of 30 calendar days from the date of bifurcation of the lease to:

- (1) Establish eligibility for the same covered housing program under which the evicted or terminated tenant was the recipient of assistance at the time of bifurcation of the lease;
- (2) Establish eligibility under another covered housing program; or
- (3) Find alternative housing.

l. **Family Break-up:** If the family break-up results from an occurrence of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking, the PHA must ensure that the victim retains assistance. 24 CFR 982.315.

m. **Move with Continued Assistance:** The public housing agency may not terminate assistance to a family or member of the family that moves out of a unit in violation of the lease, with or without prior notification to the public housing agency if such a move occurred to protect the health or safety of a family member who is or has been a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking; and who reasonably believed they were imminently threatened by harm from further violence if they remained in the dwelling unit, or if any family member has been the victim of sexual assault that occurred on the premises during the 90-calendar-day period preceding the family's request to move.

- (1) The move is needed to protect the health or safety of the family or family member who is or has been a victim of domestic violence dating violence, sexual assault or stalking; and
- (2) The family or member of the family reasonably believes that he or she was threatened with imminent harm from further violence if he or she remained in the dwelling unit. However, any family member that has been the victim of a sexual assault that occurred on the premises during the 90-calendar day period preceding the family's move or request to move is not required to believe that he or she was threatened with imminent harm from further violence if he or she remained in the dwelling unit. 24 CFR 982.354.

n. **Confidentiality.**

- (1) The Landlord shall maintain in strict confidence any information the Tenant (or someone acting on behalf of the Tenant) submits to the Landlord concerning incidents of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault or stalking, including the fact that the tenant is a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking.
- (2) The Landlord shall not allow any individual administering assistance on its behalf, or any persons within its employ, to have access to confidential information unless explicitly authorized by the Landlord for reasons that specifically call for these individuals to have access to the information pursuant to applicable Federal, State, or local law.
- (3) The Landlord shall not enter confidential information into any shared database or disclose such information to any other entity or individual, except to the extent that the disclosure is requested or consented to in writing by the individual in a time-limited release; required for use in an eviction proceeding; or is required by applicable law.

## 10. Eviction by court action

The owner may only evict the tenant by a court action.

## 11. Owner notice of grounds

- a. At or before the beginning of a court action to evict the tenant, the owner must give the tenant a notice that specifies the grounds for termination of tenancy. The notice may be included in or combined with any owner eviction notice.
- b. The owner must give the PHA a copy of any owner eviction notice at the same time the owner notifies the tenant.
- c. Eviction notice means a notice to vacate, or a complaint or other initial pleading used to begin an eviction action under State or local law.

## 12. Lease: Relation to HAP Contract

If the HAP contract terminates for any reason, the lease terminates automatically.

## 13. PHA Termination of Assistance

The PHA may terminate program assistance for the family for any grounds authorized in accordance with HUD requirements. If the PHA terminates program assistance for the family, the lease terminates automatically.

## 14. Family Move Out

The tenant must notify the PHA and the owner before the family moves out of the unit.

## 15. Security Deposit

- a. The owner may collect a security deposit from the tenant. (However, the PHA may prohibit the owner from collecting a security deposit in excess of private market practice, or in excess of amounts charged by the owner to unassisted tenants. Any such PHA-required restriction must be specified in the HAP contract.)
- b. When the family moves out of the contract unit, the owner, subject to State and local law, may use the security deposit, including any interest on the deposit, as reimbursement for any unpaid rent payable by the tenant, any damages to the unit or any other amounts that the tenant owes under the lease.
- c. The owner must give the tenant a list of all items charged against the security deposit, and the amount of each item. After deducting the amount, if any, used to reimburse the owner, the owner must promptly refund the full amount of the unused balance to the tenant.
- d. If the security deposit is not sufficient to cover amounts the tenant owes under the lease, the owner may collect the balance from the tenant.

## 16. Prohibition of Discrimination

In accordance with applicable equal opportunity statutes, Executive Orders, and regulations, the owner must not discriminate against any person because of race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age, familial status or disability in connection with the lease. Eligibility for HUD's programs must be made without regard to actual or perceived sexual orientation, gender identity, or marital status.

## 17. Conflict with Other Provisions of Lease

- a. The terms of the tenancy addendum are prescribed by HUD in accordance with Federal law and regulation, as a condition for Federal assistance to the tenant and tenant's family under the Section 8 voucher program.
- b. In case of any conflict between the provisions of the tenancy addendum as required by HUD, and any other provisions of the lease or any other agreement between the owner and the tenant, the requirements of the HUD-required tenancy addendum shall control.

## 18. Changes in Lease or Rent

- a. The tenant and the owner may not make any change in the tenancy addendum. However, if the tenant and the owner agree to any other changes in the lease, such changes must be in writing, and the owner must immediately give the PHA a copy of such changes. The lease, including any changes, must be in accordance with the requirements of the tenancy addendum.
- b. In the following cases, tenant-based assistance shall not be continued unless the PHA has approved a new tenancy in accordance with program requirements and has executed a new HAP contract with the owner:
  - (1) If there are any changes in lease requirements governing tenant or owner responsibilities for utilities or appliances;
  - (2) If there are any changes in lease provisions governing the term of the lease;
  - (3) If the family moves to a new unit, even if the unit is in the same building or complex.
- c. PHA approval of the tenancy, and execution of a new HAP contract, are not required for agreed changes in the lease other than as specified in paragraph b.
- d. The owner must notify the PHA of any changes in the amount of the rent to owner at least sixty days before any such changes go into effect, and the amount of the rent to owner following any such agreed change may not exceed the reasonable rent for the unit as most recently determined or redetermined by the PHA in accordance with HUD requirements.

## 19. Notices

Any notice under the lease by the tenant to the owner or by the owner to the tenant must be in writing.

## 20. Definitions

**Contract unit.** The housing unit rented by the tenant with assistance under the program.

**Family.** The persons who may reside in the unit with assistance under the program.

**HAP contract.** The housing assistance payments contract between the PHA and the owner. The PHA pays housing assistance payments to the owner in accordance with the HAP contract.

**Household.** The persons who may reside in the contract unit. The household consists of the family and any PHA-approved live-in aide. (A live-in aide is a person who resides in the unit to provide necessary supportive services for a member of the family who is a person with disabilities.)

**Housing quality standards (HQS).** The HUD minimum quality standards for housing assisted under the Section 8 tenant-based programs.

**HUD.** The U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development.

**HUD requirements.** HUD requirements for the Section 8 program. HUD requirements are issued by HUD headquarters, as regulations, Federal Register notices or other binding program directives.

**Lease.** The written agreement between the owner and the tenant for the lease of the contract unit to the tenant. The lease includes the tenancy addendum prescribed by HUD.

**PHA.** Public Housing Agency.

**Premises.** The building or complex in which the contract unit is located, including common areas and grounds.

**Program.** The Section 8 housing choice voucher program.

**Rent to owner.** The total monthly rent payable to the owner for the contract unit. The rent to owner is the sum of the portion of rent payable by the tenant plus the PHA housing assistance payment to the owner.

**Section 8.** Section 8 of the United States Housing Act of 1937 (42 United States Code 1437f).

**Tenant.** The family member (or members) who leases the unit from the owner.

**Voucher program.** The Section 8 housing choice voucher program. Under this program, HUD provides funds to a PHA for rent subsidy on behalf of eligible families. The tenancy under the lease will be assisted with rent subsidy for a tenancy under the voucher program.

### Signatures:

\_\_\_\_\_  
Tenant

\_\_\_\_\_  
Date

\_\_\_\_\_  
Owner

\_\_\_\_\_  
Date

**Housing Assistance Payments Contract  
(HAP Contract)**

**Section 8 Tenant-Based Assistance  
Housing Choice Voucher Program**

**U.S. Department of Housing  
and Urban Development**  
Office of Public and Indian Housing

OMB Approval No. 2577-0169  
exp. 7/31/2022

**Privacy Act Statement:** The Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) is authorized to collect the information required on this form by Section 8 of the U.S. Housing Act of 1937 (42 U.S.C. 1437f). Collection of family members' names and unit address, and owner's name and payment address is mandatory. The information is used to provide Section 8 tenant-based assistance under the Housing Choice Voucher program in the form of housing assistance payments. The information also specifies what utilities and appliances are to be supplied by the owner, and what utilities and appliances are to be supplied to the tenant. HUD may disclose this information to Federal, State, and local agencies when relevant to civil, criminal, or regulatory investigations and prosecutions. It will not be otherwise disclosed or released outside of HUD, except as permitted or required by law. Failure to provide any of the information may result in delay or rejection of family or owner participation in the program.

**Instructions for use of HAP Contract**

This form of Housing Assistance Payments Contract (HAP contract) is used to provide Section 8 tenant-based assistance under the housing choice voucher program (voucher program) of the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD). The main regulation for this program is 24 Code of Federal Regulations Part 982.

The local voucher program is administered by a public housing agency (PHA). The HAP contract is an agreement between the PHA and the owner of a unit occupied by an assisted family. The HAP contract has three parts:

Part A Contract information (fill-ins).

See section by section instructions.

Part B Body of contract

Part C Tenancy addendum

**Use of this form**

Use of this HAP contract is required by HUD. Modification of the HAP contract is not permitted. The HAP contract must be word-for-word in the form prescribed by HUD.

However, the PHA may choose to add the following:

Language that prohibits the owner from collecting a security deposit in excess of private market practice, or in excess of amounts charged by the owner to unassisted tenants. Such a prohibition must be added to Part A of the HAP contract.

Language that defines when the housing assistance payment by the PHA is deemed received by the owner (e.g., upon mailing by the PHA or actual receipt by the owner). Such language must be added to Part A of the HAP contract.

To prepare the HAP contract, fill in all contract information in Part A of the contract. Part A must then be executed by the owner and the PHA.

**Use for special housing types**

In addition to use for the basic Section 8 voucher program, this form must also be used for the following "special housing types" which are voucher program variants for special needs (see 24 CFR Part 982, Subpart M): (1) single room occupancy (SRO) housing; (2) congregate housing; (3) group home; (4) shared housing; and (5) manufactured home rental by a family that leases the manufactured home and space. When this form is used for a special housing type, the special housing type shall be specified in Part A of the HAP contract, as follows: "This HAP contract is used for the following special housing type under HUD regulations for the Section 8 voucher program: (Insert Name of Special Housing type)."

However, this form may not be used for the following special housing types: (1) manufactured home space rental by a family that owns the manufactured home and leases only the space; (2) cooperative housing; and (3) the homeownership option under Section 8(y) of the United States Housing Act of 1937 (42 U.S.C. 1437f(y)).

**How to fill in Part A**

Section by Section Instructions

**Section 2: Tenant**

Enter full name of tenant.

**Section 3. Contract Unit**

Enter address of unit, including apartment number, if any.

**Section 4. Household Members**

Enter full names of all PHA-approved household members. Specify if any such person is a live-in aide, which is a person approved by the PHA to reside in the unit to provide supportive services for a family member who is a person with disabilities

**Section 5. Initial Lease Term**

Enter first date and last date of initial lease term.

The initial lease term must be for at least one year. However, the PHA may approve a shorter initial lease term if the PHA determines that:

- Such shorter term would improve housing opportunities for the tenant, **and**
- Such shorter term is the prevailing local market practice.

**Section 6. Initial Rent to Owner**

Enter the amount of the monthly rent to owner during the initial lease term. The PHA must determine that the rent to owner is reasonable in comparison to rent for other comparable unassisted units. During the initial lease term, the owner may not raise the rent to owner.

**Section 7. Housing Assistance Payment**

Enter the initial amount of the monthly housing assistance payment.

**Section 8. Utilities and Appliances.**

The lease and the HAP contract must specify what utilities and appliances are to be supplied by the owner, and what utilities and appliances are to be supplied by the tenant. Fill in section 8 to show who is responsible to provide or pay for utilities and appliances.

**Housing Assistance Payments Contract  
(HAP Contract)  
Section 8 Tenant-Based Assistance  
Housing Choice Voucher Program**

**U.S. Department of Housing  
and Urban Development**  
Office of Public and Indian Housing

**Part A of the HAP Contract: Contract Information**

(To prepare the contract, fill out all contract information in Part A.)

**1. Contents of Contract**

This HAP contract has three parts:

Part A: Contract Information

Part B: Body of Contract

Part C: Tenancy Addendum

**2. Tenant**

**3. Contract Unit**

**4. Household**

The following persons may reside in the unit. Other persons may not be added to the household without prior written approval of the owner and the PHA.

**5. Initial Lease Term**

The initial lease term begins on (mm/dd/yyyy): \_\_\_\_\_

The initial lease term ends on (mm/dd/yyyy): \_\_\_\_\_

**6. Initial Rent to Owner**

The initial rent to owner is: \$ \_\_\_\_\_

During the initial lease term, the owner may not raise the rent to owner.

**7. Initial Housing Assistance Payment**

The HAP contract term commences on the first day of the initial lease term. At the beginning of the HAP contract term, the amount of the housing assistance payment by the PHA to the owner is \$ \_\_\_\_\_ per month.

The amount of the monthly housing assistance payment by the PHA to the owner is subject to change during the HAP contract term in accordance with HUD requirements.

## 8. Utilities and Appliances

The owner shall provide or pay for the utilities/appliances indicated below by an “O”. The tenant shall provide or pay for the utilities/appliances indicated below by a “T”. Unless otherwise specified below, the owner shall pay for all utilities and provide the refrigerator and range/microwave.

Item	Specify fuel type	Paid by
Heating	<input type="checkbox"/> Natural gas <input type="checkbox"/> Bottle gas <input type="checkbox"/> Electric <input type="checkbox"/> Heat Pump <input type="checkbox"/> Oil <input type="checkbox"/> Other	
Cooking	<input type="checkbox"/> Natural gas <input type="checkbox"/> Bottle gas <input type="checkbox"/> Electric <input type="checkbox"/> Other	
Water Heating	<input type="checkbox"/> Natural gas <input type="checkbox"/> Bottle gas <input type="checkbox"/> Electric <input type="checkbox"/> Oil <input type="checkbox"/> Other	
Other Electric		
Water		
Sewer		
Trash Collection		
Air Conditioning		
Other (specify)		
		Provided by
Refrigerator		
Range/Microwave		

## Signatures

**Public Housing Agency**

**Owner**

\_\_\_\_\_  
Print or Type Name of PHA

\_\_\_\_\_  
Print or Type Name of Owner

\_\_\_\_\_  
Signature

\_\_\_\_\_  
Signature

\_\_\_\_\_  
Print or Type Name and Title of Signatory

\_\_\_\_\_  
Print or Type Name and Title of Signatory

\_\_\_\_\_  
Date (mm/dd/yyyy)

\_\_\_\_\_  
Date (mm/dd/yyyy)

Mail payments to:

\_\_\_\_\_  
Name

\_\_\_\_\_  
Address (street, city, state, zip code)

**Housing Assistance Payments Contract  
(HAP Contract)  
Section 8 Tenant-Based Assistance  
Housing Choice Voucher Program**

**U.S. Department of Housing  
and Urban Development**  
Office of Public and Indian Housing

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**Part B of HAP Contract: Body of Contract**

**1. Purpose**

- a. This is a HAP contract between the PHA and the owner.  
The HAP contract is entered to provide assistance for the family under the Section 8 voucher program (see HUD program regulations at 24 Code of Federal Regulations Part 982).
- b. The HAP contract only applies to the household and contract unit specified in Part A of the HAP contract.
- c. During the HAP contract term, the PHA will pay housing assistance payments to the owner in accordance with the HAP contract.
- d. The family will reside in the contract unit with assistance under the Section 8 voucher program. The housing assistance payments by the PHA assist the tenant to lease the contract unit from the owner for occupancy by the family.

**2. Lease of Contract Unit**

- a. The owner has leased the contract unit to the tenant for occupancy by the family with assistance under the Section 8 voucher program.
- b. The PHA has approved leasing of the unit in accordance with requirements of the Section 8 voucher program.
- c. The lease for the contract unit must include word-for-word all provisions of the tenancy addendum required by HUD (Part C of the HAP contract).
- d. The owner certifies that:
  - (1) The owner and the tenant have entered into a lease of the contract unit that includes all provisions of the tenancy addendum.
  - (2) The lease is in a standard form that is used in the locality by the owner and that is generally used for other unassisted tenants in the premises.
  - (3) The lease is consistent with State and local law.
- e. The owner is responsible for screening the family's behavior or suitability for tenancy. The PHA is not responsible for such screening. The PHA has no liability or responsibility to the owner or other persons for the family's behavior or the family's conduct in tenancy.

**3. Maintenance, Utilities, and Other Services**

- a. The owner must maintain the contract unit and premises in accordance with the housing quality standards (HQS).
- b. The owner must provide all utilities needed to comply with the HQS.
- c. If the owner does not maintain the contract unit in accordance with the HQS, or fails to provide all utilities needed to comply with the HQS, the PHA may exercise any available remedies. PHA remedies for such breach include recovery of overpayments, suspension of housing assistance payments, abatement or other reduction of housing assistance payments, termination of housing assistance payments, and termination of the

HAP contract. The PHA may not exercise such remedies against the owner because of an HQS breach for which the family is responsible, and that is not caused by the owner.

- d. The PHA shall not make any housing assistance payments if the contract unit does not meet the HQS, unless the owner corrects the defect within the period specified by the PHA and the PHA verifies the correction. If a defect is life threatening, the owner must correct the defect within no more than 24 hours. For other defects, the owner must correct the defect within the period specified by the PHA.
- e. The PHA may inspect the contract unit and premises at such times as the PHA determines necessary, to ensure that the unit is in accordance with the HQS.
- f. The PHA must notify the owner of any HQS defects shown by the inspection.
- g. The owner must provide all housing services as agreed to in the lease.

**4. Term of HAP Contract**

- a. Relation to lease term. The term of the HAP contract begins on the first day of the initial term of the lease, and terminates on the last day of the term of the lease (including the initial lease term and any extensions).
- b. When HAP contract terminates.
  - (1) The HAP contract terminates automatically if the lease is terminated by the owner or the tenant.
  - (2) The PHA may terminate program assistance for the family for any grounds authorized in accordance with HUD requirements. If the PHA terminates program assistance for the family, the HAP contract terminates automatically.
  - (3) If the family moves from the contract unit, the HAP contract terminates automatically.
  - (4) The HAP contract terminates automatically 180 calendar days after the last housing assistance payment to the owner.
  - (5) The PHA may terminate the HAP contract if the PHA determines, in accordance with HUD requirements, that available program funding is not sufficient to support continued assistance for families in the program.
  - (6) The HAP contract terminates automatically upon the death of a single member household, including single member households with a live-in aide.
  - (7) The PHA may terminate the HAP contract if the PHA determines that the contract unit does not provide adequate space in accordance with the HQS because of an increase in family size or a change in family composition.
  - (8) If the family breaks up, the PHA may terminate the HAP contract, or may continue housing



assistance payments on behalf of family members who remain in the contract unit.

- (9) The PHA may terminate the HAP contract if the PHA determines that the unit does not meet all requirements of the HQS, or determines that the owner has otherwise breached the HAP contract.

## 5. Provision and Payment for Utilities and Appliances

- a. The lease must specify what utilities are to be provided or paid by the owner or the tenant.
- b. The lease must specify what appliances are to be provided or paid by the owner or the tenant.
- c. Part A of the HAP contract specifies what utilities and appliances are to be provided or paid by the owner or the tenant. The lease shall be consistent with the HAP contract.

## 6. Rent to Owner: Reasonable Rent

- a. During the HAP contract term, the rent to owner may at no time exceed the reasonable rent for the contract unit as most recently determined or redetermined by the PHA in accordance with HUD requirements.
- b. The PHA must determine whether the rent to owner is reasonable in comparison to rent for other comparable unassisted units. To make this determination, the PHA must consider:
  - (1) The location, quality, size, unit type, and age of the contract unit; and
  - (2) Any amenities, housing services, maintenance and utilities provided and paid by the owner.
- c. The PHA must redetermine the reasonable rent when required in accordance with HUD requirements. The PHA may redetermine the reasonable rent at any time.
- d. During the HAP contract term, the rent to owner may not exceed rent charged by the owner for comparable unassisted units in the premises. The owner must give the PHA any information requested by the PHA on rents charged by the owner for other units in the premises or elsewhere.

## 7. PHA Payment to Owner

- a. When paid
  - (1) During the term of the HAP contract, the PHA must make monthly housing assistance payments to the owner on behalf of the family at the beginning of each month.
  - (2) The PHA must pay housing assistance payments promptly when due to the owner.
  - (3) If housing assistance payments are not paid promptly when due after the first two calendar months of the HAP contract term, the PHA shall pay the owner penalties if all of the following circumstances apply: (i) Such penalties are in accordance with generally accepted practices and law, as applicable in the local housing market, governing penalties for late payment of rent by a tenant; (ii) It is the owner's practice to charge such penalties for assisted and unassisted tenants; and (iii) The owner also charges such penalties against the tenant for late payment of family rent to owner. However, the PHA shall not be obligated to pay any late payment penalty if HUD determines that late payment by the

PHA is due to factors beyond the PHA's control. Moreover, the PHA shall not be obligated to pay any late payment penalty if housing assistance payments by the PHA are delayed or denied as a remedy for owner breach of the HAP contract (including any of the following PHA remedies: recovery of overpayments, suspension of housing assistance payments, abatement or reduction of housing assistance payments, termination of housing assistance payments and termination of the contract).

- (4) Housing assistance payments shall only be paid to the owner while the family is residing in the contract unit during the term of the HAP contract. The PHA shall not pay a housing assistance payment to the owner for any month after the month when the family moves out.
- b. **Owner compliance with HAP contract** Unless the owner has complied with all provisions of the HAP contract, the owner does not have a right to receive housing assistance payments under the HAP contract.
- c. **Amount of PHA payment to owner**
  - (1) The amount of the monthly PHA housing assistance payment to the owner shall be determined by the PHA in accordance with HUD requirements for a tenancy under the voucher program.
  - (2) The amount of the PHA housing assistance payment is subject to change during the HAP contract term in accordance with HUD requirements. The PHA must notify the family and the owner of any changes in the amount of the housing assistance payment.
  - (3) The housing assistance payment for the first month of the HAP contract term shall be prorated for a partial month.
- d. **Application of payment** The monthly housing assistance payment shall be credited against the monthly rent to owner for the contract unit.
- e. **Limit of PHA responsibility**
  - (1) The PHA is only responsible for making housing assistance payments to the owner in accordance with the HAP contract and HUD requirements for a tenancy under the voucher program.
  - (2) The PHA shall not pay any portion of the rent to owner in excess of the housing assistance payment. The PHA shall not pay any other claim by the owner against the family.
- f. **Overpayment to owner** If the PHA determines that the owner is not entitled to the housing assistance payment or any part of it, the PHA, in addition to other remedies, may deduct the amount of the overpayment from any amounts due the owner (including amounts due under any other Section 8 assistance contract).

## 8. Owner Certification

During the term of this contract, the owner certifies that:

- a. The owner is maintaining the contract unit and premises in accordance with the HQS.
- b. The contract unit is leased to the tenant. The lease includes the tenancy addendum (Part C of the HAP

contract), and is in accordance with the HAP contract and program requirements. The owner has provided the lease to the PHA, including any revisions of the lease.

- c. The rent to owner does not exceed rents charged by the owner for rental of comparable unassisted units in the premises.
- d. Except for the rent to owner, the owner has not received and will not receive any payments or other consideration (from the family, the PHA, HUD, or any other public or private source) for rental of the contract unit during the HAP contract term.
- e. The family does not own or have any interest in the contract unit.
- f. To the best of the owner's knowledge, the members of the family reside in the contract unit, and the unit is the family's only residence.
- g. The owner (including a principal or other interested party) is not the parent, child, grandparent, grandchild, sister, or brother of any member of the family, unless the PHA has determined (and has notified the owner and the family of such determination) that approving rental of the unit, notwithstanding such relationship, would provide reasonable accommodation for a family member who is a person with disabilities.

**9. Prohibition of Discrimination.** In accordance with applicable equal opportunity statutes, Executive Orders, and regulations:

- a. The owner must not discriminate against any person because of race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age, familial status, or disability in connection with the HAP contract. Eligibility for HUD's programs must be made without regard to actual or perceived sexual orientation, gender identity, or marital status.
- b. The owner must cooperate with the PHA and HUD in conducting equal opportunity compliance reviews and complaint investigations in connection with the HAP contract.
- c. Violence Against Women Act. The owner must comply with the Violence Against Women Act, as amended, and HUD's implementing regulation at 24 CFR part 5, Subpart L, and program regulations.

**10. Owner's Breach of HAP Contract**

- a. Any of the following actions by the owner (including a principal or other interested party) is a breach of the HAP contract by the owner:
  - (1) If the owner has violated any obligation under the HAP contract, including the owner's obligation to maintain the unit in accordance with the HQS.
  - (2) If the owner has violated any obligation under any other housing assistance payments contract under Section 8.
  - (3) If the owner has committed fraud, bribery or any other corrupt or criminal act in connection with any Federal housing assistance program.
  - (4) For projects with mortgages insured by HUD or loans made by HUD, if the owner has failed to comply with the regulations for the applicable mortgage insurance or loan program, with the mortgage or mortgage note, or with the regulatory agreement; or if the owner has committed fraud, bribery or any other corrupt or

criminal act in connection with the mortgage or loan.

- (5) If the owner has engaged in any drug-related criminal activity or any violent criminal activity.
- b. If the PHA determines that a breach has occurred, the PHA may exercise any of its rights and remedies under the HAP contract, or any other available rights and remedies for such breach. The PHA shall notify the owner of such determination, including a brief statement of the reasons for the determination. The notice by the PHA to the owner may require the owner to take corrective action, as verified or determined by the PHA, by a deadline prescribed in the notice.
- c. The PHA's rights and remedies for owner breach of the HAP contract include recovery of overpayments, suspension of housing assistance payments, abatement or other reduction of housing assistance payments, termination of housing assistance payments, and termination of the HAP contract.
- d. The PHA may seek and obtain additional relief by judicial order or action, including specific performance, other injunctive relief or order for damages.
- e. Even if the family continues to live in the contract unit, the PHA may exercise any rights and remedies for owner breach of the HAP contract.
- f. The PHA's exercise or non-exercise of any right or remedy for owner breach of the HAP contract is not a waiver of the right to exercise that or any other right or remedy at any time.

**11. PHA and HUD Access to Premises and Owner's Records**

- a. The owner must provide any information pertinent to the HAP contract that the PHA or HUD may reasonably require.
- b. The PHA, HUD and the Comptroller General of the United States shall have full and free access to the contract unit and the premises, and to all accounts and other records of the owner that are relevant to the HAP contract, including the right to examine or audit the records and to make copies.
- c. The owner must grant such access to computerized or other electronic records, and to any computers, equipment or facilities containing such records, and must provide any information or assistance needed to access the records.

**12. Exclusion of Third Party Rights**

- a. The family is not a party to or third party beneficiary of Part B of the HAP contract. The family may not enforce any provision of Part B, and may not exercise any right or remedy against the owner or PHA under Part B.
- b. The tenant or the PHA may enforce the tenancy addendum (Part C of the HAP contract) against the owner, and may exercise any right or remedy against the owner under the tenancy addendum.
- c. The PHA does not assume any responsibility for injury to, or any liability to, any person injured as a result of the owner's action or failure to act in connection with management of the contract unit or the premises or with implementation of the HAP contract, or as a result of any other action or failure to act by the owner.
- d. The owner is not the agent of the PHA, and the HAP contract does not create or affect any relationship between the PHA and any lender to the owner or any suppliers, employees, contractors or subcontractors used

by the owner in connection with management of the contract unit or the premises or with implementation of the HAP contract.

### 13. Conflict of Interest

- a. "Covered individual" means a person or entity who is a member of any of the following classes:
  - (1) Any present or former member or officer of the PHA (except a PHA commissioner who is a participant in the program);
  - (2) Any employee of the PHA, or any contractor, sub-contractor or agent of the PHA, who formulates policy or who influences decisions with respect to the program;
  - (3) Any public official, member of a governing body, or State or local legislator, who exercises functions or responsibilities with respect to the program; or
  - (4) Any member of the Congress of the United States.
- b. A covered individual may not have any direct or indirect interest in the HAP contract or in any benefits or payments under the contract (including the interest of an immediate family member of such covered individual) while such person is a covered individual or during one year thereafter.
- c. "Immediate family member" means the spouse, parent (including a stepparent), child (including a stepchild), grandparent, grandchild, sister or brother (including a stepsister or stepbrother) of any covered individual.
- d. The owner certifies and is responsible for assuring that no person or entity has or will have a prohibited interest, at execution of the HAP contract, or at any time during the HAP contract term.
- e. If a prohibited interest occurs, the owner shall promptly and fully disclose such interest to the PHA and HUD.
- f. The conflict of interest prohibition under this section may be waived by the HUD field office for good cause.
- g. No member of or delegate to the Congress of the United States or resident commissioner shall be admitted to any share or part of the HAP contract or to any benefits which may arise from it.

### 14. Assignment of the HAP Contract

- a. The owner may not assign the HAP contract to a new owner without the prior written consent of the PHA.
- b. If the owner requests PHA consent to assign the HAP contract to a new owner, the owner shall supply any information as required by the PHA pertinent to the proposed assignment.
- c. The HAP contract may not be assigned to a new owner that is debarred, suspended or subject to a limited denial of participation under HUD regulations (see 24 Code of Federal Regulations Part 24).
- d. The HAP contract may not be assigned to a new owner if HUD has prohibited such assignment because:
  - (1) The Federal government has instituted an administrative or judicial action against the owner or proposed new owner for violation of the Fair Housing Act or other Federal equal opportunity requirements, and such action is pending; or

- (2) A court or administrative agency has determined that the owner or proposed new owner violated the Fair Housing Act or other Federal equal opportunity requirements.
- e. The HAP contract may not be assigned to a new owner if the new owner (including a principal or other interested party) is the parent, child, grandparent, grandchild, sister or brother of any member of the family, unless the PHA has determined (and has notified the family of such determination) that approving the assignment, notwithstanding such relationship, would provide reasonable accommodation for a family member who is a person with disabilities.
- f. The PHA may deny approval to assign the HAP contract if the owner or proposed new owner (including a principal or other interested party):
  - (1) Has violated obligations under a housing assistance payments contract under Section 8;
  - (2) Has committed fraud, bribery or any other corrupt or criminal act in connection with any Federal housing program;
  - (3) Has engaged in any drug-related criminal activity or any violent criminal activity;
  - (4) Has a history or practice of non-compliance with the HQS for units leased under the Section 8 tenant-based programs, or non-compliance with applicable housing standards for units leased with project-based Section 8 assistance or for units leased under any other Federal housing program;
  - (5) Has a history or practice of failing to terminate tenancy of tenants assisted under any Federally assisted housing program for activity engaged in by the tenant, any member of the household, a guest or another person under the control of any member of the household that:
    - (a) Threatens the right to peaceful enjoyment of the premises by other residents;
    - (b) Threatens the health or safety of other residents, of employees of the PHA, or of owner employees or other persons engaged in management of the housing;
    - (c) Threatens the health or safety of, or the right to peaceful enjoyment of their residents by, persons residing in the immediate vicinity of the premises; or
    - (d) Is drug-related criminal activity or violent criminal activity;
  - (6) Has a history or practice of renting units that fail to meet State or local housing codes; or
  - (7) Has not paid State or local real estate taxes, fines or assessments.
- g. The new owner must agree to be bound by and comply with the HAP contract. The agreement must be in writing, and in a form acceptable to the PHA. The new owner must give the PHA a copy of the executed agreement.

### 15. Reserved

**16. Written Notices** Any notice by the PHA or the owner in connection with this contract must be in writing.

**17. Entire Agreement: Interpretation**

- a. The HAP contract contains the entire agreement between the owner and the PHA.
- b. The HAP contract shall be interpreted and implemented in accordance with all statutory requirements, and with all HUD requirements, including the HUD program regulations at 24 Code of Federal Regulations Part 982.

**SAMPLE**

**Housing Assistance Payments Contract  
(HAP Contract)  
Section 8 Tenant-Based Assistance  
Housing Choice Voucher Program**

**U.S. Department of Housing  
and Urban Development**  
Office of Public and Indian Housing

**Part C of HAP Contract: Tenancy Addendum**

**1. Section 8 Voucher Program**

- a. The owner is leasing the contract unit to the tenant for occupancy by the tenant's family with assistance for a tenancy under the Section 8 housing choice voucher program (voucher program) of the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD).
- b. The owner has entered into a Housing Assistance Payments Contract (HAP contract) with the PHA under the voucher program. Under the HAP contract, the PHA will make housing assistance payments to the owner to assist the tenant in leasing the unit from the owner.

**2. Lease**

- a. The owner has given the PHA a copy of the lease, including any revisions agreed by the owner and the tenant. The owner certifies that the terms of the lease are in accordance with all provisions of the HAP contract and that the lease includes the tenancy addendum.
- b. The tenant shall have the right to enforce the tenancy addendum against the owner. If there is any conflict between the tenancy addendum and any other provisions of the lease, the language of the tenancy addendum shall control.

**3. Use of Contract Unit**

- a. During the lease term, the family will reside in the contract unit with assistance under the voucher program.
- b. The composition of the household must be approved by the PHA. The family must promptly inform the PHA of the birth, adoption or court-awarded custody of a child. Other persons may not be added to the household without prior written approval of the owner and the PHA.
- c. The contract unit may only be used for residence by the PHA-approved household members. The unit must be the family's only residence. Members of the household may engage in legal profit making activities incidental to primary use of the unit for residence by members of the family.
- d. The tenant may not sublease or let the unit.
- e. The tenant may not assign the lease or transfer the unit.

**4. Rent to Owner**

- a. The initial rent to owner may not exceed the amount approved by the PHA in accordance with HUD requirements.
- b. Changes in the rent to owner shall be determined by the provisions of the lease. However, the owner may not raise the rent during the initial term of the lease.
- c. During the term of the lease (including the initial term of the lease and any extension term), the rent to owner may at no time exceed:
  - (1) The reasonable rent for the unit as most recently determined or redetermined by the PHA in accordance with HUD requirements, or

- (2) Rent charged by the owner for comparable unassisted units in the premises.

**5. Family Payment to Owner**

- a. The family is responsible for paying the owner any portion of the rent to owner that is not covered by the PHA housing assistance payment.
- b. Each month, the PHA will make a housing assistance payment to the owner on behalf of the family in accordance with the HAP contract. The amount of the monthly housing assistance payment will be determined by the PHA in accordance with HUD requirements for a tenancy under the Section 8 voucher program.
- c. The monthly housing assistance payment shall be credited against the monthly rent to owner for the contract unit.
- d. The tenant is not responsible for paying the portion of rent to owner covered by the PHA housing assistance payment under the HAP contract between the owner and the PHA. A PHA failure to pay the housing assistance payment to the owner is not a violation of the lease. The owner may not terminate the tenancy for nonpayment of the PHA housing assistance payment.
- e. The owner may not charge or accept, from the family or from any other source, any payment for rent of the unit in addition to the rent to owner. Rent to owner includes all housing services, maintenance, utilities and appliances to be provided and paid by the owner in accordance with the lease.
- f. The owner must immediately return any excess rent payment to the tenant.

**6. Other Fees and Charges**

- a. Rent to owner does not include cost of any meals or supportive services or furniture which may be provided by the owner.
- b. The owner may not require the tenant or family members to pay charges for any meals or supportive services or furniture which may be provided by the owner. Nonpayment of any such charges is not grounds for termination of tenancy.
- c. The owner may not charge the tenant extra amounts for items customarily included in rent to owner in the locality, or provided at no additional cost to unsubsidized tenants in the premises.

**7. Maintenance, Utilities, and Other Services**

- a. **Maintenance**
  - (1) The owner must maintain the unit and premises in accordance with the HQS.
  - (2) Maintenance and replacement (including redecoration) must be in accordance with the standard practice for the building concerned as established by the owner.
- b. **Utilities and appliances**
  - (1) The owner must provide all utilities needed to comply with the HQS.

- (2) The owner is not responsible for a breach of the HQS caused by the tenant's failure to:
  - (a) Pay for any utilities that are to be paid by the tenant.
  - (b) Provide and maintain any appliances that are to be provided by the tenant.
- c. **Family damage.** The owner is not responsible for a breach of the HQS because of damages beyond normal wear and tear caused by any member of the household or by a guest.
- d. **Housing services.** The owner must provide all housing services as agreed to in the lease.

## 8. Termination of Tenancy by Owner

- a. **Requirements.** The owner may only terminate the tenancy in accordance with the lease and HUD requirements.
- b. **Grounds.** During the term of the lease (the initial term of the lease or any extension term), the owner may only terminate the tenancy because of:
  - (1) Serious or repeated violation of the lease;
  - (2) Violation of Federal, State, or local law that imposes obligations on the tenant in connection with the occupancy or use of the unit and the premises;
  - (3) Criminal activity or alcohol abuse (as provided in paragraph c); or
  - (4) Other good cause (as provided in paragraph d).
- c. **Criminal activity or alcohol abuse.**
  - (1) The owner may terminate the tenancy during the term of the lease if any member of the household, a guest or another person under a resident's control commits any of the following types of criminal activity:
    - (a) Any criminal activity that threatens the health or safety of, or the right to peaceful enjoyment of the premises by, other residents (including property management staff residing on the premises);
    - (b) Any criminal activity that threatens the health or safety of, or the right to peaceful enjoyment of their residences by, persons residing in the immediate vicinity of the premises;
    - (c) Any violent criminal activity on or near the premises; or
    - (d) Any drug-related criminal activity on or near the premises.
  - (2) The owner may terminate the tenancy during the term of the lease if any member of the household is:
    - (a) Fleeing to avoid prosecution, or custody or confinement after conviction, for a crime, or attempt to commit a crime, that is a felony under the laws of the place from which the individual flees, or that, in the case of the State of New Jersey, is a high misdemeanor; or
    - (b) Violating a condition of probation or parole under Federal or State law.
- (3) The owner may terminate the tenancy for criminal activity by a household member in accordance with this section if the owner determines that the household member has committed the criminal activity, regardless of whether the household member has been arrested or convicted for such activity.
- (4) The owner may terminate the tenancy during the term of the lease if any member of the household has engaged in abuse of alcohol that threatens the health, safety or right to peaceful enjoyment of the premises by other residents.
- d. **Other good cause for termination of tenancy\**
  - (1) During the initial lease term, other good cause for termination of tenancy must be something the family did or failed to do.
  - (2) During the initial lease term or during any extension term, other good cause may include:
    - (a) Disturbance of neighbors,
    - (b) Destruction of property, or
    - (c) Living or housekeeping habits that cause damage to the unit or premises.
  - (3) After the initial lease term, such good cause may include:
    - (a) The tenant's failure to accept the owner's offer of a new lease or revision;
    - (b) The owner's desire to use the unit for personal or family use or for a purpose other than use as a residential rental unit; or
    - (c) A business or economic reason for termination of the tenancy (such as sale of the property, renovation of the unit, the owner's desire to rent the unit for a higher rent).
    - (d) The examples of other good cause in this paragraph do not preempt any State or local laws to the contrary.

## 9. Protections for Victims of Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, Sexual Assault, or Stalking.

- a. **Purpose:** This section incorporates the protections for victims of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking in accordance with subtitle N of the Violence Against Women Act of 1994, as amended (codified as amended at 42 U.S.C. 14043e et seq.) (VAWA) and implementing regulations at 24 CFR part 5, subpart L.
- b. **Conflict with other Provisions:** In the event of any conflict between this provision and any other provisions included in Part C of the HAP contract, this provision shall prevail.

- c. **Effect on Other Protections:** Nothing in this section shall be construed to supersede any provision of any Federal, State, or local law that provides greater protection than this section for victims of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking.
- d. **Definition:** As used in this Section, the terms “actual and imminent threat,” “affiliated individual,” “bifurcate,” “dating violence,” “domestic violence,” “sexual assault,” and “stalking” are defined in HUD’s regulations at 24 CFR part 5, subpart L. The terms “Household” and “Other Person Under the Tenant’s Control” are defined at 24 CFR part 5, subpart A.
- e. **VAWA Notice and Certification Form:** The PHA shall provide the tenant with the “Notice of Occupancy Rights under VAWA and the certification form described under 24 CFR 5.2005(a)(1) and (2).
- f. **Protection for victims of Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, Sexual Assault, or Stalking:**
  - (1) The landlord or the PHA will not deny admission to, deny assistance under, terminate from participation in, or evict the Tenant on the basis of or as a direct result of the fact that the Tenant is or has been a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking, if the Tenant otherwise qualifies for admission, assistance, participation, or occupancy. 24 CFR 5.2005(b)(1).
  - (2) The tenant shall not be denied tenancy or occupancy rights solely on the basis of criminal activity engaged in by a member of the Tenant’s Household or any guest or Other Person Under the Tenant’s Control, if the criminal activity is directly related to domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking, and the Tenant or an Affiliated Individual of the Tenant is the victim or the threatened victim of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking. 24 CFR 5.2005(b)(2).
  - (3) An incident or incidents of actual or threatened domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault or stalking will not be construed as serious or repeated violations of the lease by the victim or threatened victim of the incident. Nor shall it not be construed as other “good cause” for termination of the lease, tenancy, or occupancy rights of such a victim or threatened victim. 24 CFR 5.2005(c)(1) and (c)(2).
- g. **Compliance with Court Orders:** Nothing in this Addendum will limit the authority of the landlord, when notified by a court order, to comply with the court order with respect to the rights of access or control of property (including civil protection orders issued to protect a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking) or with respect to the distribution or possession of property among members of the Tenant’s Household. 24 CFR 5.2005(d)(1).
- h. **Violations Not Premised on Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, Sexual Assault, or Stalking:** Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit any otherwise available authority of the Landlord to evict or the public housing authority to terminate the assistance of a Tenant for any violation not premised on an act of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking that is in question against the Tenant or an Affiliated Individual of the Tenant.

However, the Landlord or the PHA will not subject the tenant, who is or has been a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking, to a more demanding standard than other tenants in determining whether to evict or terminate assistance. 24 CFR 5.2005(d)(2).

**i. Actual and Imminent Threats:**

- (1) Nothing in this section will be construed to limit the authority of the Landlord to evict the Tenant if the Landlord can demonstrate that an “actual and imminent threat” to other tenants or those employed at or providing service to the property would be present if the Tenant or lawful occupant is not evicted. In this context, words, gestures, actions, or other indicators will be construed as an actual and imminent threat if they meet the following standards for an actual and imminent threat: “Actual and imminent threat” refers to a physical danger that is real, would occur within an immediate time frame, and could result in death or serious bodily harm. In determining whether an individual would pose an actual and imminent threat, the factors to be considered include: the duration of the risk, the nature and severity of the potential harm, the likelihood that the potential harm will occur, and the length of time before the potential harm would occur. 24 CFR 5.2005(d)(3).
- (2) If an actual and imminent threat is demonstrated, eviction should be used only when there are no other actions that could be taken to reduce or eliminate the threat, including, but not limited to, transferring the victim to a different unit, barring the perpetrator from the property, contacting law enforcement to increase police presence, developing other plans to keep the property safe, or seeking other legal remedies to prevent the perpetrator from acting on a threat. Restrictions predicated on public safety cannot be based on stereotypes, but must be tailored to particularized concerns about individual residents. 24 CFR 5.2005(d)(4).

- j. **Emergency Transfer:** A tenant who is a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking may request an emergency transfer in accordance with the PHA’s emergency transfer plan. 24 CFR 5.2005(e). The PHA’s emergency transfer plan must be made available upon request, and incorporate strict confidentiality measures to ensure that the PHA does not disclose a tenant’s dwelling unit location to a person who committed or threatened to commit an act of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking against the tenant;

For transfers in which the tenant would not be considered a new applicant, the PHA must ensure that a request for an emergency transfer receives, at a minimum, any applicable additional priority that is already provided to other types of emergency transfer requests. For transfers in which the tenant would be considered a new applicant, the plan must include policies for assisting a tenant with this transfer.

- k. **Bifurcation:** Subject to any lease termination requirements or procedures prescribed by Federal, State, or local law, if any member of the Tenant’s Household engages in criminal activity directly relating to domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking, the Landlord may “bifurcate” the Lease, or remove that Household member from the Lease, without regard to whether that Household member is a signatory to the Lease, in order to evict, remove, or terminate the occupancy rights of that Household member without evicting, removing, or otherwise

penalizing the victim of the criminal activity who is also a tenant or lawful occupant. Such eviction, removal, termination of occupancy rights, or termination of assistance shall be effected in accordance with the procedures prescribed by Federal, State, and local law for the termination of leases or assistance under the housing choice voucher program. 24 CFR 5.2009(a).

If the Landlord bifurcates the Lease to evict, remove, or terminate assistance to a household member, and that household member is the sole tenant eligible to receive assistance, the landlord shall provide any remaining tenants or residents a period of 30 calendar days from the date of bifurcation of the lease to:

- (1) Establish eligibility for the same covered housing program under which the evicted or terminated tenant was the recipient of assistance at the time of bifurcation of the lease;
- (2) Establish eligibility under another covered housing program; or
- (3) Find alternative housing.

l. **Family Break-up:** If the family break-up results from an occurrence of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking, the PHA must ensure that the victim retains assistance. 24 CFR 982.315.

m. **Move with Continued Assistance:** The public housing agency may not terminate assistance to a family or member of the family that moves out of a unit in violation of the lease, with or without prior notification to the public housing agency if such a move occurred to protect the health or safety of a family member who is or has been a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking; and who reasonably believed they were imminently threatened by harm from further violence if they remained in the dwelling unit, or if any family member has been the victim of sexual assault that occurred on the premises during the 90-calendar-day period preceding the family's request to move.

- (1) The move is needed to protect the health or safety of the family or family member who is or has been a victim of domestic violence dating violence, sexual assault or stalking; and
- (2) The family or member of the family reasonably believes that he or she was threatened with imminent harm from further violence if he or she remained in the dwelling unit. However, any family member that has been the victim of a sexual assault that occurred on the premises during the 90-calendar day period preceding the family's move or request to move is not required to believe that he or she was threatened with imminent harm from further violence if he or she remained in the dwelling unit. 24 CFR 982.354.

n. **Confidentiality.**

- (1) The Landlord shall maintain in strict confidence any information the Tenant (or someone acting on behalf of the Tenant) submits to the Landlord concerning incidents of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault or stalking, including the fact that the tenant is a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking.
- (2) The Landlord shall not allow any individual administering assistance on its behalf, or any persons within its employ, to have access to confidential information unless explicitly authorized by the Landlord for reasons that specifically call for these individuals to have access to the information pursuant to applicable Federal, State, or local law.
- (3) The Landlord shall not enter confidential information into any shared database or disclose such information to any other entity or individual, except to the extent that the disclosure is requested or consented to in writing by the individual in a

time-limited release; required for use in an eviction proceeding; or is required by applicable law.

## 10. Eviction by court action

The owner may only evict the tenant by a court action.

## 11. Owner notice of grounds

- (1) At or before the beginning of a court action to evict the tenant, the owner must give the tenant a notice that specifies the grounds for termination of tenancy. The notice may be included in or combined with any owner eviction notice.
- (2) The owner must give the PHA a copy of any owner eviction notice at the same time the owner notifies the tenant.
- (3) Eviction notice means a notice to vacate, or a complaint or other initial pleading used to begin an eviction action under State or local law.

## 12. Lease: Relation to HAP Contract

If the HAP contract terminates for any reason, the lease terminates automatically.

## 13. PHA Termination of Assistance

The PHA may terminate program assistance for the family for any grounds authorized in accordance with HUD requirements. If the PHA terminates program assistance for the family, the lease terminates automatically.

## 14. Family Move Out

The tenant must notify the PHA and the owner before the family moves out of the unit.

## 15. Security Deposit

- a. The owner may collect a security deposit from the tenant. (However, the PHA may prohibit the owner from collecting a security deposit in excess of private market practice, or in excess of amounts charged by the owner to unassisted tenants. Any such PHA-required restriction must be specified in the HAP contract.)
- b. When the family moves out of the contract unit, the owner, subject to State and local law, may use the security deposit, including any interest on the deposit, as reimbursement for any unpaid rent payable by the tenant, any damages to the unit or any other amounts that the tenant owes under the lease.
- c. The owner must give the tenant a list of all items charged against the security deposit, and the amount of each item. After deducting the amount, if any, used to reimburse the owner, the owner must promptly refund the full amount of the unused balance to the tenant.
- d. If the security deposit is not sufficient to cover amounts the tenant owes under the lease, the owner may collect the balance from the tenant.

## 16. Prohibition of Discrimination

In accordance with applicable equal opportunity statutes, Executive Orders, and regulations, the owner must not discriminate against any person because of race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age, familial status or disability in connection with the lease. Eligibility for HUD's programs must be made without regard to actual or perceived sexual orientation, gender identity, or marital status.

## 17. Conflict with Other Provisions of Lease

- a. The terms of the tenancy addendum are prescribed by HUD in accordance with Federal law and



regulation, as a condition for Federal assistance to the tenant and tenant's family under the Section 8 voucher program.

- b. In case of any conflict between the provisions of the tenancy addendum as required by HUD, and any other provisions of the lease or any other agreement between the owner and the tenant, the requirements of the HUD-required tenancy addendum shall control.

## 18. Changes in Lease or Rent

- a. The tenant and the owner may not make any change in the tenancy addendum. However, if the tenant and the owner agree to any other changes in the lease, such changes must be in writing, and the owner must immediately give the PHA a copy of such changes. The lease, including any changes, must be in accordance with the requirements of the tenancy addendum.
- b. In the following cases, tenant-based assistance shall not be continued unless the PHA has approved a new tenancy in accordance with program requirements and has executed a new HAP contract with the owner:
  - (1) If there are any changes in lease requirements governing tenant or owner responsibilities for utilities or appliances;
  - (2) If there are any changes in lease provisions governing the term of the lease;
  - (3) If the family moves to a new unit, even if the unit is in the same building or complex.
- c. PHA approval of the tenancy, and execution of a new HAP contract, are not required for agreed changes in the lease other than as specified in paragraph b.
- d. The owner must notify the PHA of any changes in the amount of the rent to owner at least sixty days before any such changes go into effect, and the amount of the rent to owner following any such agreed change may not exceed the reasonable rent for the unit as most recently determined or redetermined by the PHA in accordance with HUD requirements.

## 19. Notices

Any notice under the lease by the tenant to the owner or by the owner to the tenant must be in writing.

## 20. Definitions

**Contract unit.** The housing unit rented by the tenant with assistance under the program.

**Family.** The persons who may reside in the unit with assistance under the program.

**HAP contract.** The housing assistance payments contract between the PHA and the owner. The PHA pays housing assistance payments to the owner in accordance with the HAP contract.

**Household.** The persons who may reside in the contract unit. The household consists of the family and any PHA-approved live-in aide. (A live-in aide is a person who resides in the unit to provide necessary supportive services for a member of the family who is a person with disabilities.)

**Housing quality standards (HQS).** The HUD minimum quality standards for housing assisted under the Section 8 tenant-based programs.

**HUD.** The U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development.

**HUD requirements.** HUD requirements for the Section 8 program. HUD requirements are issued by HUD headquarters, as regulations, Federal Register notices or other binding program directives.

**Lease.** The written agreement between the owner and the tenant for the lease of the contract unit to the tenant. The lease includes the tenancy addendum prescribed by HUD.

**PHA.** Public Housing Agency.

**Premises.** The building or complex in which the contract unit is located, including common areas and grounds.

**Program.** The Section 8 housing choice voucher program.

**Rent to owner.** The total monthly rent payable to the owner for the contract unit. The rent to owner is the sum of the portion of rent payable by the tenant plus the PHA housing assistance payment to the owner.

**Section 8.** Section 8 of the United States Housing Act of 1937 (42 United States Code 1437f).

**Tenant.** The family member (or members) who leases the unit from the owner.

**Voucher program.** The Section 8 housing choice voucher program. Under this program, HUD provides funds to a PHA for rent subsidy on behalf of eligible families. The tenancy under the lease will be assisted with rent subsidy for a tenancy under the voucher program.



## Portage Metropolitan Housing Authority

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### Landlord Certification of Responsibility

RE:

Street Address of Assisted Unit

City

State

Zip Code

1. I certify that I am the legal or the legally designated agent for the above-referenced unit, and that the tenant has no ownership in this dwelling unit.
2. I understand that I must comply with equal opportunity requirements.
3. I understand that I should carefully screen the family for suitability for tenancy, including the family's background with respect to such factors as rent and utility payment history, caring for unit and premises, respecting the rights of others to the peaceful enjoyment of their housing, and drug-related and criminal activity that is a threat to the life, safety, or property of others.
4. I understand that I may collect a security deposit from the tenant that is not in excess of private market practice, or in excess amounts that I charge to unassisted tenants.
5. I understand my obligation to offer a lease to the tenant and that the lease may not differ in form or content from any other lease that I am currently using for any unassisted tenants.
6. I understand that the family members listed on the Housing Assistance Payments Contract are the only individuals permitted to reside in the unit. I understand that PMHA and I must grant prior written approval for other persons to be added to the household. I understand that I am not permitted to live in the unit while I am receiving housing assistance payments.
7. I agree to comply with all requirements contained in the lease, tenancy addendum and Housing Assistance Payments Contract. I understand that it is imperative that I fully understand the terms and conditions of the lease, tenancy addendum, and the HAP Contract.
8. I understand that I must submit to the tenant for their consideration and to PMHA for their review, any new lease or lease revision a minimum of sixty (60) days in advance of the effective date of the lease or lease revision.
9. I understand that I must provide PMHA with a written request for any rent increase a minimum of sixty (60) days in advance of the increase and in accordance with the provisions of the lease and HAP Contract.

10. I understand that the tenant's portion of the contract rent is determined by PMHA and that it is illegal to charge any additional amounts for rent or any other item not specified in the lease, which has not been specifically approved by PMHA.
11. I understand that I may not lease a unit to my family members, including all occupants, who are related to me in any of the following ways: parent, child, grandparent, grandchild, sister or brother. I understand that PMHA may grant prior written approval if the rental unit will provide reasonable accommodations for a family member who is a person with disabilities.
12. I understand that I may not assign the HAP Contract to a new owner without the prior written consent of PMHA.
13. I understand my obligations in compliance with the Housing Assistance Payments Contract to perform necessary maintenance so the unit continues to comply with Housing Quality Standards.
14. I understand that it is my responsibility to advise PMHA promptly if I become aware at any time that the family no longer resides in the unit or if the unit is not the family's only residence.
15. I understand the PMHA has no liability or responsibility to the owner or other persons for the family's behavior or the family's conduct in tenancy.
16. I understand that I must promptly give PMHA a copy of any owner-eviction notice to the tenant and to comply with all State and local eviction procedures.
17. I understand that my failure to fulfill the above may result in the withholding, abatement, or termination of housing assistance payments for the contract unit or another unit; and/or being barred from participating in PMHA housing programs.
18. I understand that knowingly supplying false, incomplete, or inaccurate information is punishable under Federal or State Criminal law.

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Signature of Owner/Agent

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Date

**Warning: Title 18, us code section 1001, states that a person who knowingly and willingly makes false or fraudulent statements to any Department or Agency of the United States is guilty of a felony. State law may also provide penalties for false or fraudulent statements.**

Listed below are the most common reasons that units fail HQS Inspections. Pre inspect your unit carefully before the scheduled inspection date. PMHA will not enter into a HAP contract with you until the unit passes an HQS Inspection. Existing contracts will be terminated where the owner fails to correct HQS deficiencies in a timely manner.

## Common HQS Deficiencies

### ELECTRICAL



All light switches and outlets must have secured plate covers, in good condition.

Rooms used for living must have either two working outlets or one working outlet and a permanently installed light fixture. At minimum, each bathroom must have a permanently installed light fixture.

All light fixtures designed to have a globe must have them on and be working.

Electrical outlets must be wired correctly and working properly.

### GENERAL HEALTH AND SAFETY



Fire extinguisher must be present.

Screen doors must be able to shut with door closure and have handle.

Bathrooms must either have operable window or an exhaust fan.

Handrails are required when four or more steps (risers) are present, and protective railings are required when porches, balconies, and stoops are 30" off the ground.

Smoke detectors must be working with live batteries.

### MISCELLANEOUS



The entire unit-inside and out, including window frames-must be free of cracking, scaling, peeling, chipping chalking and loose paint.

All areas (yard, floor, porch, steps) must be free of tripping hazards.

All knobs on the stove must be readable and burners must work

Unit must be free from any accumulation of garbage and debris.

All ceilings and floors must be strong, sturdy and in their permanent position.

### WINDOWS



Operable windows must have a properly fitting screen in good condition.

Windows and doors must be weather-tight and secured when closed.

Windows and doors that are accessible from outside must have sturdy working locks.

All operable windows must have a mechanism to secure them when open and lock them when shut.

Every bedroom must have at least one operable window for ventilation.



# **PMHA's Additions to HQS**

PMHA Adheres to the acceptability criteria set forth in the Federal Regulations governing HQS and the housing codes for the City of Kent, Ravenna and the Village of Windham. In cases of inconsistency between these local codes and HQS, the stricter of the two shall prevail. In addition, PMHA has adopted standards that are in addition to those mandated by the regulations. Those additional acceptability requirements are set forth below.

## **WALLS**

All units must be painted every five years or more frequently if deemed necessary by the Inspector.

In areas where plaster or drywall is sagging, severely cracked or otherwise damaged, it must be repaired or replaced and then repainted with two coats of a non-lead paint.

Any exterior or interior surfaces with peeling or chipping paint must be scraped and painted with two coats of unleaded paint or other suitable material.

All walls in a tub or shower area must be covered with ceramic tile or other material that is impervious to water to prevent water damage and eventual deterioration.

## **WINDOWS**

All window sashes must be in good condition, solid and intact, and fit properly in the window frame. Damaged or deteriorated sashes must be replaced.

Windows must be weather-stripped as needed to ensure a watertight seal.

All openable windows must have a properly fitting screen in good condition and have the ability to remain open without a temporary device (i.e. stick, brick or bottle).

## **DOORS**

All exterior doors must be weather tight to avoid any air or water infiltration, have no holes, have all trim intact, and have a threshold.

All interior doors must have no holes, have all trim intact, and be openable without the use of a key.

All exterior doors must have functioning permanent locks and the tenant must be provided with keys to each lock.

## **FLOORS**

All wood floors must be sanded to a smooth surface and sealed. Any loose or warped boards must be resecured and made level. If they cannot be leveled, they must be replaced.

All floors must be in a finished state (no plywood).

All floors should have some type of base shoe, trim, or sealing for a “finished look”.

Vinyl base shoe may be used for kitchens and bathrooms.

## **SINKS**

All sinks and commode water lines must have shut off valves, unless faucets are wall mounted.

All worn or cracked toilet seats and tank lids must be replaced and toilet tank lid must fit properly.

All sinks must have functioning stoppers.

## **SECURITY**

If window security bars or security screens are present on emergency exit window, they must be equipped with a quick release system. The owner is responsible for ensuring that the family is instructed on the use of the quick release system.

Owners are responsible for providing and replacing old batteries for battery powered units. Tenants will be instructed not to tamper with smoke detectors or remove batteries.

## **BEDROOMS**

A bedroom must have a floor area of not less than seventy (70) square feet.

Bedrooms in basements or attics are not allowed unless they meet local code requirements and must have adequate ventilation and emergency exit capability.

Minimum bedroom ceiling height is 7'6" or local code, whichever is greater. Sloping ceilings may not slope to lower than five feet in the 70 square foot area.

## **MODIFICATIONS**

Modifications or adaptations to a unit due to a disability must meet all applicable HQS and building codes.

Extension for repair items not required by HQS will be granted for modifications/adaptations to the unit if agreed to by the tenant and landlord. HA will allow execution of the HAP contract if unit meets all requirements and the modifications do not affect the livability of the unit.

## **INFESTATION**

Units that fail because of an infestation will be required to be treated by a licensed commercial exterminator. In order to pass HQS, the owner must provide the Section 8 Inspector with receipts that the work was done by a licensed commercial exterminator.

# **A Good Place to Live!**

## Introduction

Having a good place to live is important. Through your Public Housing Agency (or PHA) the Section 8 Certificate Program and the Housing Voucher Program help you to rent a good place. You are free to choose any house or apartment you like, as long as it meets certain requirements for quality. Under the Section 8 Certificate Program, the housing cannot cost more than the Fair Market Rent. However, under the Housing Voucher Program, a family may choose to rent an expensive house or apartment and pay the extra amount. Your PHA will give you other information about both programs and the way your part of the rent is determined.

## Housing Quality Standards

Housing quality standards help to insure that your home will be safe, healthy, and comfortable. In the Section 8 Certificate Program and the Housing Voucher Program there are two kinds of housing quality standards. Things that a home must have in order to be approved by the PHA, and additional things that you should think about for the special needs of your own family. These are items that you can decide.

## The Section 8 Certificate Program and Housing Voucher Program

The Section 8 Certificate Program and Housing Voucher Program allow you to *choose* a house or apartment that you like. It may be where you are living now or somewhere else. The *must have* standards are very basic items that every apartment must have. But a home that has all of the *must have* standards may still not have everything you need or would like. With the help of Section 8 Certificate Program or Housing Voucher Program, you *should* be able to afford a good home, so you should think about what you would like your home to have. You may want a big kitchen or a lot of windows or a first floor apartment. Worn wallpaper or paint may bother you. Think of these things as you are looking for a home. Please take the time to read *A Good Place to Live*. If you would like to stay in your present home, use this booklet to see if your home meets the housing quality standards. If you want to move, use it each time you go to look for a new house or apartment, and good luck in finding your good place to live.

Read each section carefully. After you find a place to live, you can start the *Request for Lease Approval* process. You may find a place you like that has some problems with it. Check with your PHA about what to do, since it may be possible to correct the problems.

## The Requirements

Every house or apartment must have at least a living room, kitchen, and bathroom. A one-room efficiency apartment with a kitchen area is all right. However, there must be a separate bathroom for the private use of your family. Generally there must be one living/sleeping room for every two family members.



# 1. Living Room

**The Living Room must have:**

## **Ceiling**

A ceiling that is in good condition.

- Not acceptable are large cracks or holes that allow drafts, severe bulging, large amounts of loose or falling surface material such as plaster.

## **Walls**

Walls that are in good condition.

- Not acceptable are large cracks or holes that allow drafts, severe bulging or leaning, large amounts of loose or falling surface material such as plaster.

## **Electricity**

At least two electric outlets, or one outlet and one permanent overhead light fixture.

Do not count table or floor lamps, ceiling lamps plugged into a socket, and extension cords: they are not permanent.

- Not acceptable are broken or frayed wiring, light fixtures hanging from wires with no other firm support (such as a chain), missing cover plates on switches or outlets, badly cracked outlets.

## **Floor**

A floor that is in good condition.

- Not acceptable are large cracks or holes, missing or warped floorboards or covering that could cause someone to trip.

## **Window**

At least one window. Every window must be in good condition.

- Not acceptable are windows with badly cracked, broken or missing panes, and windows that do not shut or, when shut, do not keep out the weather.

## **Lock**

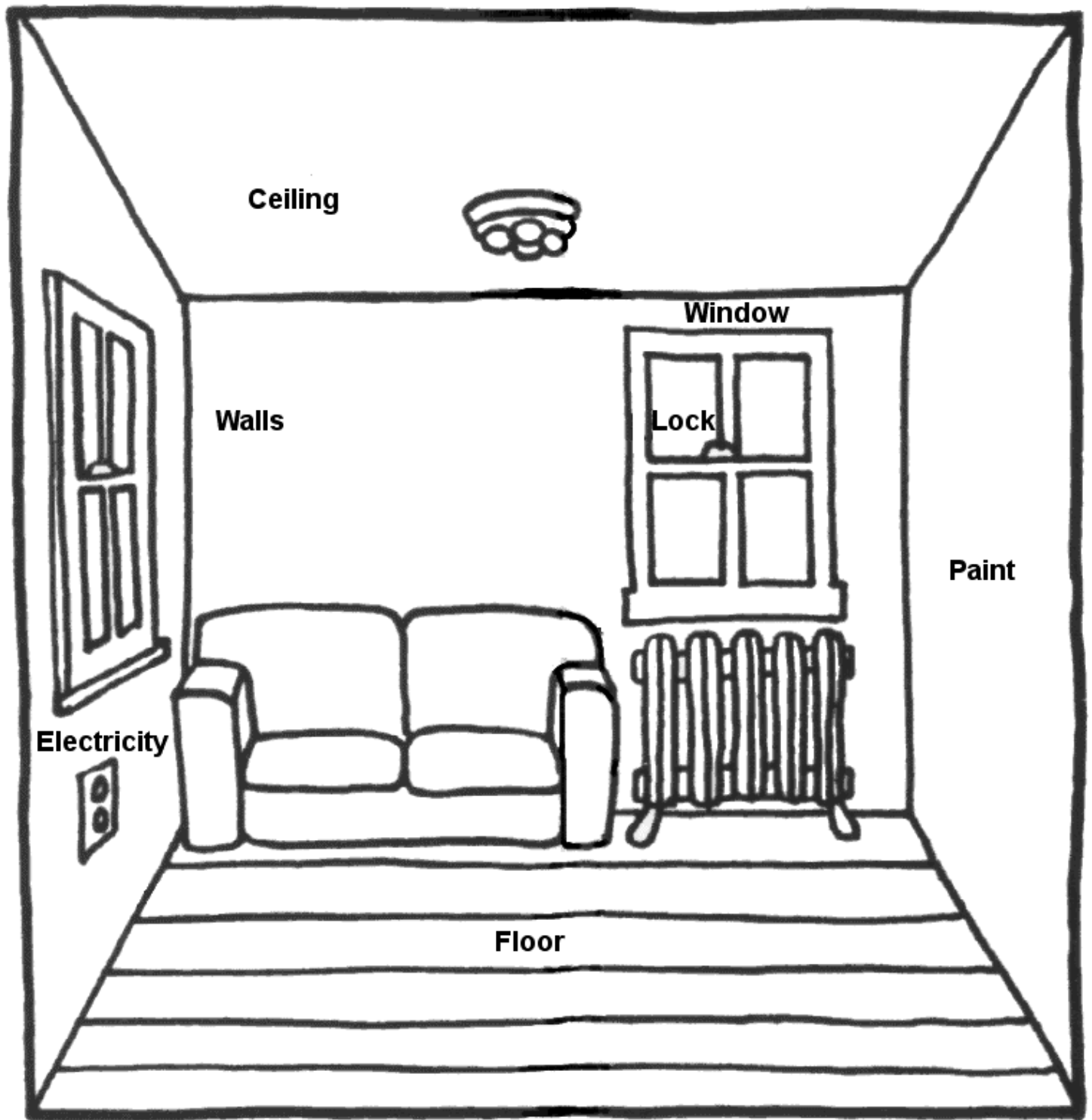
A lock that works on all windows and doors that can be reached from the outside, a common public hallway, a fire escape, porch or other outside place that cannot be reached from the ground. A window that cannot be opened is acceptable.

## **Paint**

- No peeling or chipping paint if you have children under the age of seven and the house or apartment was built before 1978.

### **You should also think about:**

- The types of locks on windows and doors
  - Are they safe and secure?
  - Have windows that you might like to open been nailed shut?
- The condition of the windows.
  - Are there small cracks in the panes?
- The amount of weatherization around doors and windows.
  - Are there storm windows?
  - Is there weather stripping? If you pay your own utilities, this may be important.
- The location of electric outlets and light fixtures.
- The condition of the paint and wallpaper
  - Are they worn, faded, or dirty?
- The condition of the floor.
  - Is it scratched and worn?



# 2. Kitchen

**The Kitchen must have:**

## **Ceiling**

A ceiling that is in good condition.

- Not acceptable are large cracks or holes that allow drafts, severe bulging, large amounts of loose or falling surface material such as plaster.

## **Storage**

Some space to store food.

## **Electricity**

At least one electric outlet and one permanent light fixture.

Do not count table or floor lamps, ceiling lamps plugged into a socket, and extension cards; they are not permanent.

- Not acceptable are broken or frayed wiring, light fixtures hanging from wires with no other firm support (such as a chain), missing cover plates on switches or outlets, badly cracked outlets.

## **Stove and Oven**

A stove (or range) and oven that works (This can be supplied by the tenant)

## **Floor**

A floor that is in good condition.

Not acceptable are large cracks or holes, missing or warped floorboards or covering that could cause someone to trip.

## **Preparation Area**

Some space to prepare food.

## **Paint**

No peeling or chipping paint if you have children under the age of seven and the house or apartment was built before 1978.

## **Window**

If there is a window, it must be in good condition.

## **Lock**

A lock that works on all windows and doors that can be reached from the outside, a common public hallway, a fire escape, porch or other outside place that can be reached from the ground. A window that cannot be opened is acceptable.

**Walls**

Walls that are in good condition.

- Not acceptable are large cracks or holes that allow drafts, severe bulging or leaning, large amounts of loose or falling surface material such as plaster.

**Serving Area**

Some space to serve food.

- A separate dining room or dining area in the living room is all right.

**Refrigerator**

A refrigerator that keeps temperatures low enough so that food does not spoil. (This can be supplied by the tenant.)

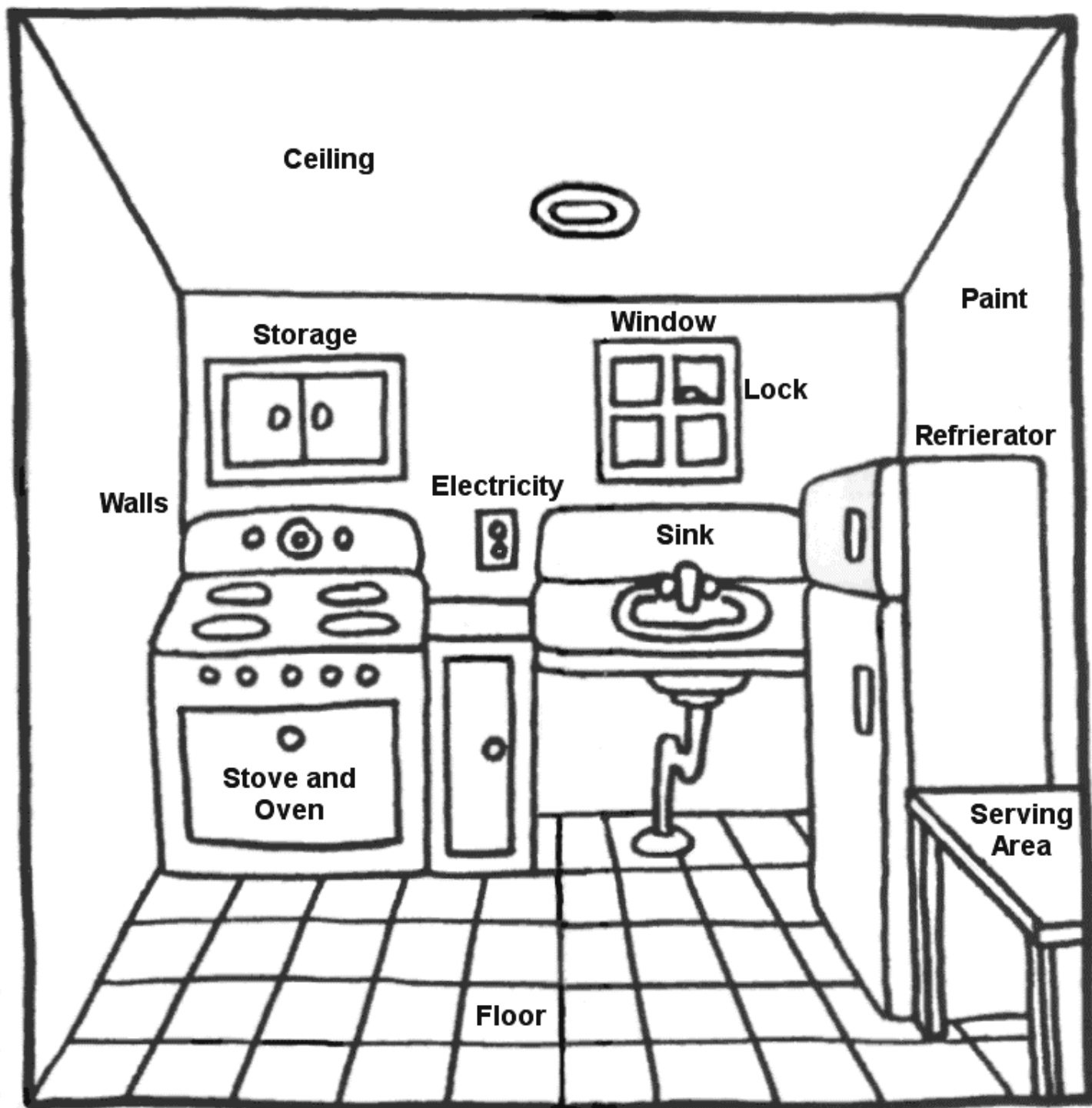
**Sink**

A sink with hot and cold running water.

- A bathroom sink will not satisfy this requirement.

**You should also think about:**

- The size of the kitchen.
- The amount, location, and condition of space to store, prepare, and serve food. Is it adequate for the size of your family?
- The size, condition, and location of the refrigerator. Is it adequate for the size of your family?
- The size, condition, and location of your sink.
- Other appliances you would like provided.
- Extra outlets.



# 3. Bathroom

**The Bathroom must have:**

## **Ceiling**

A ceiling that is in good condition.

- Not acceptable are large cracks or holes that allow drafts, severe bulging, large amounts of loose or falling surface material such as plaster.

## **Window**

A window that opens or a working exhaust fan.

## **Lock**

A lock that works on all windows and doors that can be reached from the outside, a common public hallway, a fire escape, porch or other outside place that can be reached from the ground.

## **Toilet**

A flush toilet that works.

## **Tub or Shower**

A tub or shower with hot and cold running water.

## **Floor**

A floor that is in good condition.

- Not acceptable are large cracks or holes, missing or warped floorboards or covering that could cause someone to trip.

## **Paint**

- No chipping or peeling paint if you have children under the age of seven and the house or apartment was built before 1978.

## **Walls**

Walls that are in good condition.

- Not acceptable are large cracks or holes that allow drafts, severe bulging or leaning, large amounts of loose or falling surface such as plaster.

**Electricity**

At least one permanent overhead or wall light fixture.

- Not acceptable are broken or frayed wiring, light fixtures hanging from wires with no other firm support (such as a chain), missing cover plates on switches or outlets, badly cracked outlets.

**Sink**

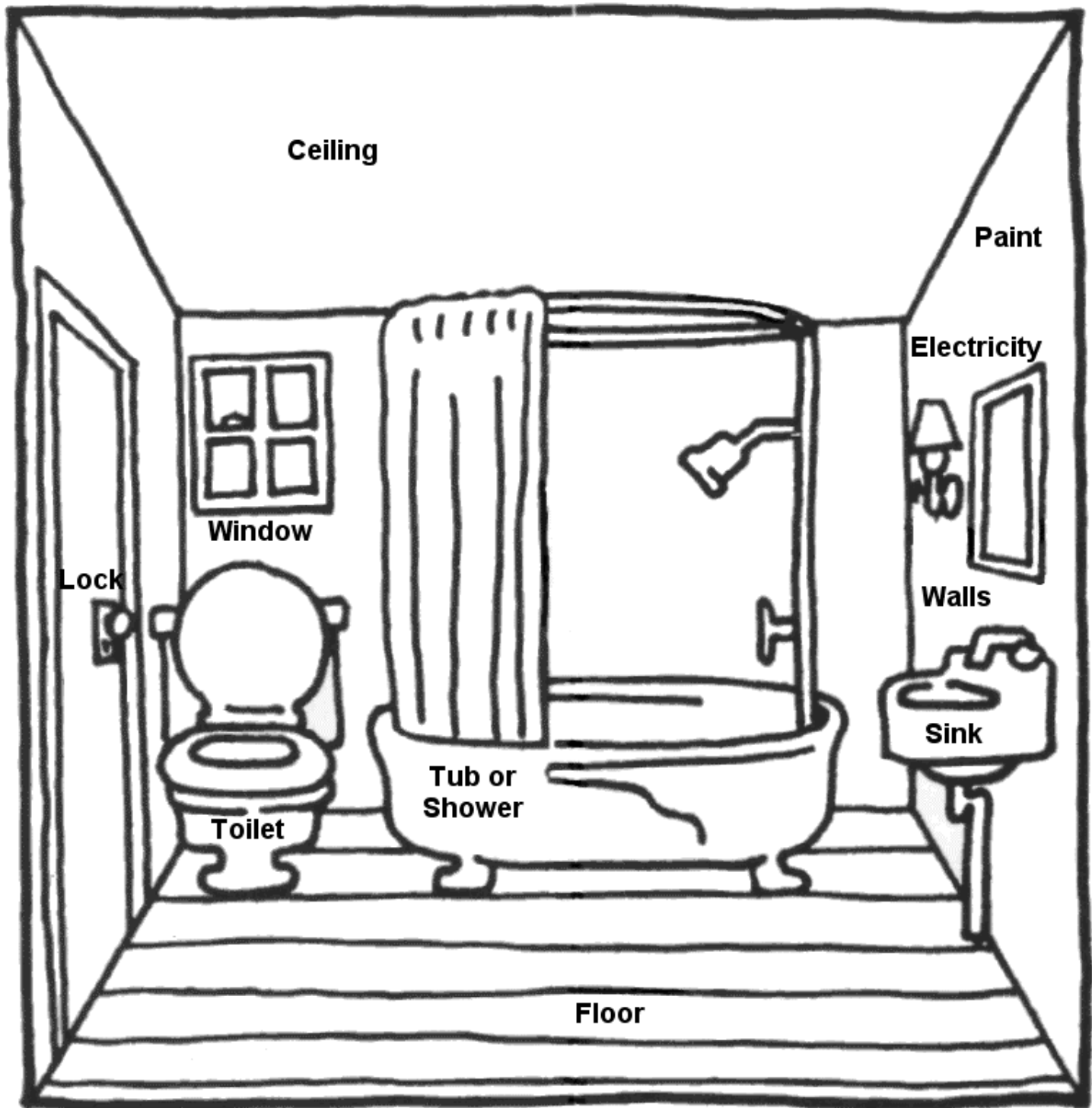
A sink with hot and cold running water.

- A kitchen sink will not satisfy this requirement.

**You should also think about:**

- The size of the bathroom and the amount of privacy.
- The appearances of the toilet, sink, and shower or tub.
- The appearance of the grout and seal along the floor and where the tub meets the wall.
- The appearance of the floor and walls.
- The size of the hot water heater.
- A cabinet with a mirror.





# 4. Other Rooms

**Other rooms that are lived in include:** bedrooms, dens, halls, and finished basements or enclosed, heated porches. The requirements for other rooms that are lived in are similar to the requirements for the living room as explained below.

**Other Rooms Used for Living must have:**

## **Ceiling**

A ceiling that is in good condition.

- Not acceptable are large cracks or holes that allow drafts, severe bulging, large amounts of loose or falling surface material such as plaster,

## **Walls**

Walls that are in good condition.

- Not acceptable are large cracks or holes that allow drafts, severe bulging or leaning, large amounts of loose or falling surface material such as plaster.

## **Paint**

- No chipping or peeling paint if you have children under the age of seven and the house or apartment was built before 1978.

## **Electricity in Bedrooms**

Same requirement as for living room.

In All Other Rooms Used for Living: There is no specific standard for electricity, but there must be either natural illumination (a window) or an electric light fixture or outlet.

## **Floor**

A floor that is in good condition.

- Not acceptable are large cracks or holes, missing or warped floorboards or covering that could cause someone to trip.

## **Lock**

A lock that works on all windows and doors that can be reached from the outside, a common public hallway, a fire escape, porch or other outside place that can be reached from the ground.

## **Window**

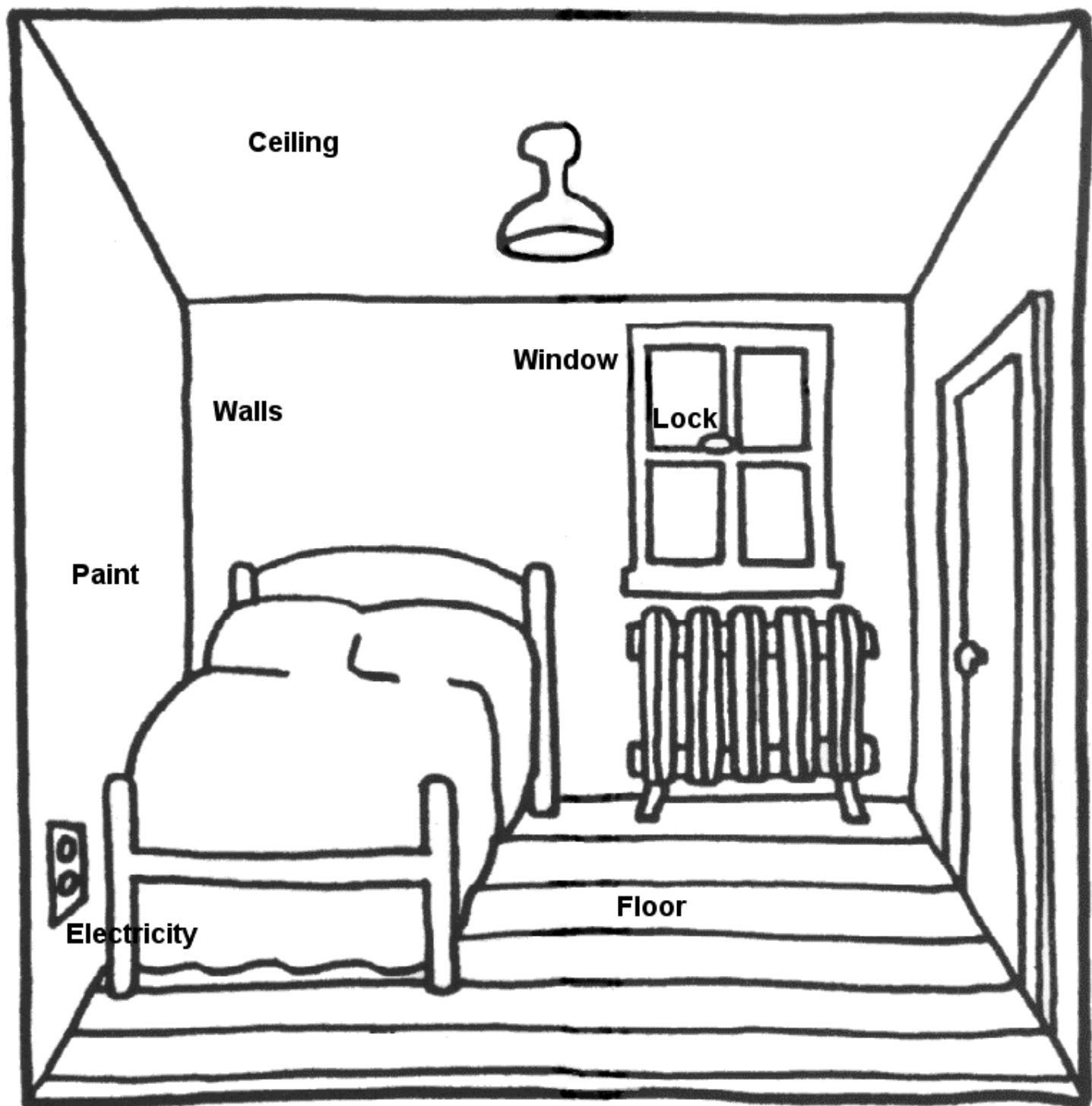
At least one window, which must be openable if it was designed to be opened, in every rooms used for sleeping. Every window must be in good condition.

- Not acceptable are windows with badly cracked, broken or missing panes, and windows that do not shut or, when shut, do not keep out the weather.

**Other rooms that are not lived in may be:** a utility room for washer and dryer, basement or porch. These must be checked for security and electrical hazards and other possible dangers (such as walls or ceilings in danger of falling), since these items are important for the safety of your entire apartment. You should also look for other possible dangers such as large holes in the walls, floors, or ceilings, and unsafe stairways. Make sure to look for these things in all other rooms not lived in.

## **You should also think about:**

- What you would like to do with the other rooms.
  - Can you use them the way you want to?
- The type of locks on windows and doors.
  - Are they safe and secure?
  - Have windows that you might like to open been nailed shut?
- The condition of the windows.
  - Are there small cracks in the panes?
- The amount of weatherization windows.
  - Are there storm windows?
  - Is there weather-stripping? If you pay your own utilities, this may be important.
- The location of electric outlets and light fixtures.
- The condition of the paint and wallpaper
  - Are they worn, faded, or dirty?
- The condition of the floors.
  - Are they scratched and worn?



# 5. Building Exterior, Plumbing, and Heating

**The Building must have:**

## **Roof**

A roof in good condition that does not leak, with gutters and downspouts, if present, in good condition and securely attached to the building.

- Evidence of leaks can usually be seen from stains on the ceiling inside the building.

## **Outside Handrails**

Secure handrails on any extended length of stairs (e.g. generally four or more steps) and any porches, balconies, or decks that are 30 inches or more above the ground.

## **Walls**

Exterior walls that are in good condition, with no large holes or cracks that would let a great amount of air get inside.

## **Foundation**

A foundation in good condition that has no serious leaks.

## **Water Supply**

A plumbing system that is served by an approvable public or private water supply system. Ask the manager or owner.

## **Sewage**

A plumbing system that is connected to an approvable public or private sewage disposal system. Ask the manager or owner.

## **Chimneys**

No serious leaning or defects (such as big cracks or many missing bricks) in any chimneys.

## **Paint**

No cracking, peeling, or chipping paint if you have children under the age of seven and the house or apartment was built before 1978.

- This includes exterior walls, stairs, decks, porches, railings, windows, and doors.

**Cooling**

Some windows that open, or some working ventilation or cooling equipment that can provide air circulation during warm months.

**Plumbing**

Pipes that are in good condition, with no leaks and no serious rust that causes the water to be discolored.

**Water Heater**

A water heater located, equipped, and installed in a safe manner. Ask the manager.

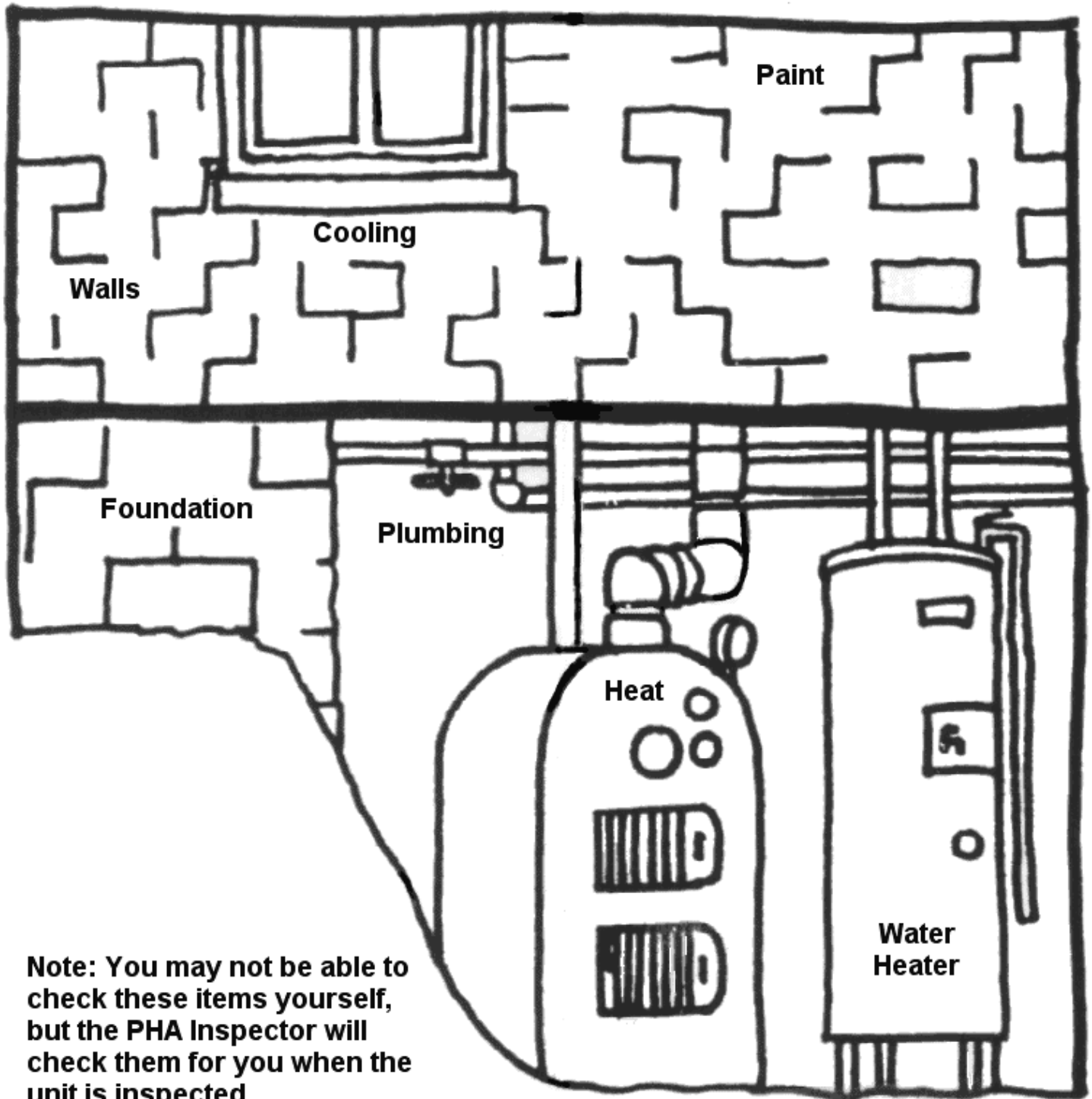
**Heat**

Enough heating equipment so that the unit can be made comfortably warm during cold months.

- Not acceptable are space heaters (or room heaters) that burn oil or gas and are not vented to a chimney. Space heaters that are vented may be acceptable if they can provide enough heat.

**You should also think about:**

- How well maintained the apartment is.
- The type of heating equipment.
  - Will it be able to supply enough heat for you in the winter, to all rooms used for living?
- The amount and type of weatherization and its affect on utility costs.
  - Is there insulation?
  - Are there storm windows?
  - Is there weather-stripping around the windows and doors?
- Air circulation or type of cooling equipment (if any).
  - Will the unit be cool enough for you in the summer?



# 6. Health and Safety

**The Building and Site must have:**

## **Smoke Detectors**

At least one working smoke detector on each level of the unit, including the basement. If any member of your family is hearing-impaired, the smoke detector must have an alarm designed for hearing-impaired persons.

## **Fire Exits**

The building must provide an alternate means of exit in case of fire (such as fire stairs or exit through windows, with the use of a ladder if windows are above the second floor).

## **Elevators**

Make sure the elevators are safe and work properly.

## **Entrance**

An entrance from the outside or from a public hall, so that it is not necessary to go through anyone else's private apartment to get into the unit.

## **Neighborhood**

No dangerous places, spaces, or things in the neighborhood such as:

- Nearby buildings that are falling down
- Unprotected cliffs or quarries
- Fire hazards
- Evidence of flooding

## **Garbage**

No large piles of trash and garbage inside or outside the unit, or in common areas such as hallways. There must be a space to store garbage (until pickup) that is covered tightly so that rats and other animals cannot get into it. Trash should be picked up regularly.

## **Lights**

Lights that work in all common hallways and interior stairs.

## **Stairs and Hallways**

Interior stairs with railings, and common hallways that are safe and in good condition. Minimal cracking, peeling or chipping in these areas.



**Pollution**

No serious air pollution, such as exhaust fumes or sewer gas.

**Rodents and Vermin**

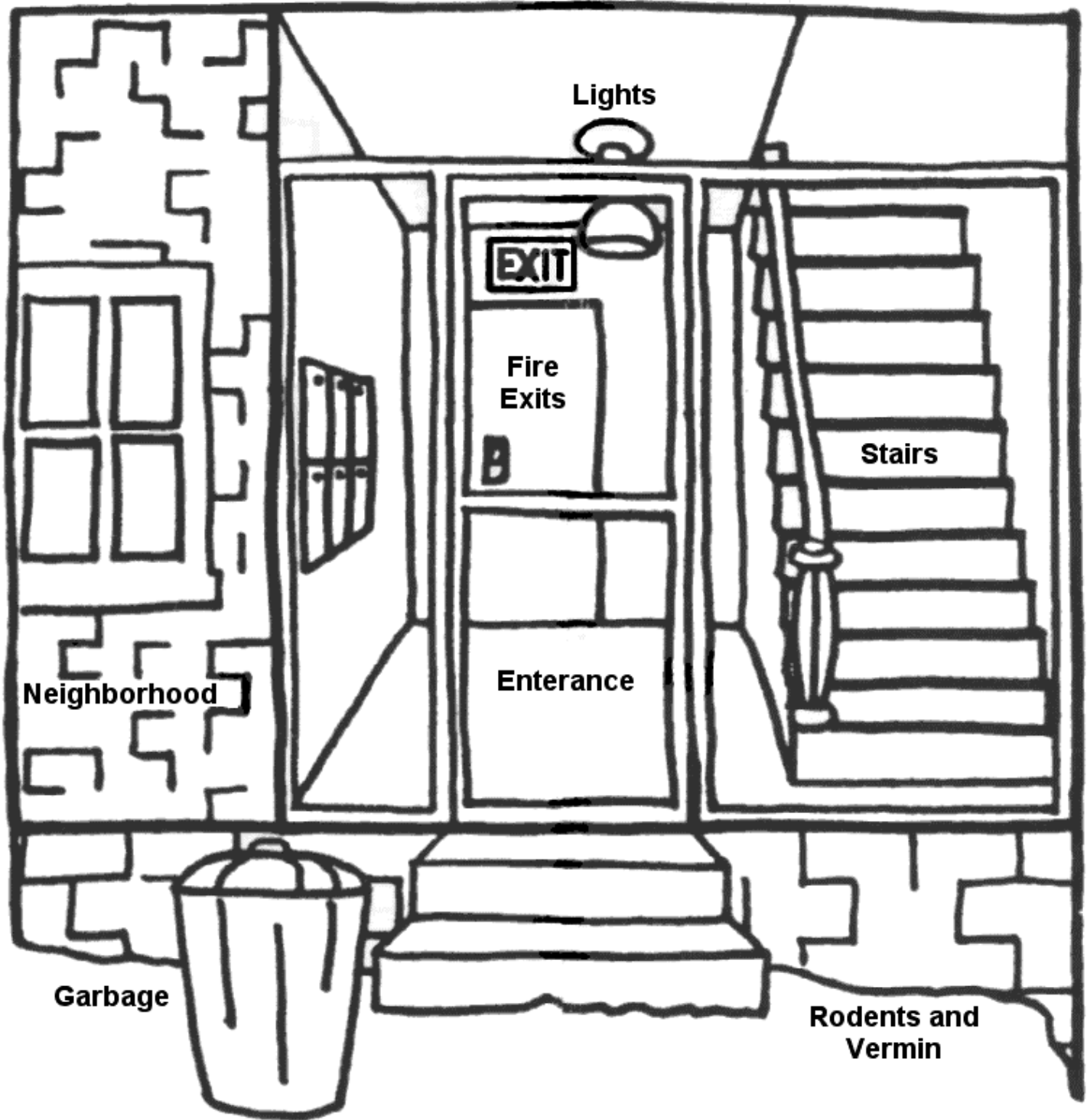
No sign of rats or large numbers of mice or vermin (like roaches).

**For Manufactured Homes: Tie Downs**

Manufactured homes must be placed on the site in a stable manner and be free from hazards such as sliding or wind damage.

**You should also think about:**

- The type of fire exit.
  - Is it suitable for your family?
- How safe the house or apartment is for your family.
- The presence of screens and storm windows.
- Services in the neighborhood.
  - Are there stores nearby?
  - Are there schools nearby?
  - Are there hospitals nearby?
  - Is there transportation nearby?
- Are there job opportunities nearby?
- Will the cost of tenant-paid utilities be affordable and is the unit energy-efficient?
- Be sure to read the lead-based paint brochure given to you by the PHA or owner, especially if the housing or apartment is older (built before 1978).



**Note:** You may not be able to check these items listed here yourself, but the PHA Inspector will check them for you when the unit is inspected.

Now that you have finished this booklet, you know that for a house or apartment to be a good place to live, it must meet two kinds of housing quality standards:

- Things it must have in order to be approved for the Section 8 Rental Certificate Program and the Rental Voucher Program.
- Additional things that you should think about for the special needs of your family.

You know that these standards apply in six areas of a house or apartment.

1. Living Room
2. Kitchen
3. Bathroom
4. Other Rooms
5. Building Exterior, Plumbing and Heating
6. Health and Safety

You know that when a house or apartment meets the housing quality standards, it will be safe, healthy, and comfortable home for your family. It will be a good place to live.

After you find a good place to live, you can begin the *Request for Lease Approval* process. When both you and the owner have signed the *Request for Lease Approval* and the PHA has received it, an official inspection will take place. The PHA will inform both you and the owner of the inspection results.

If the house or apartment passed, a lease can be signed. There may still be some items that you or the PHA would like improved. If so, you and your PHA may be able to bargain for the improvements when you sign the lease. If the owner is not willing to do the work, perhaps you can get him or her to pay for the materials and do it yourself.

If the house or apartment fails, you and/or your PHA may try to convince the owner to make the repairs so it will pass. The likelihood of the owner making the repairs may depend on how serious or costly they are.

If it fails, all repairs must be made, and the house or apartment must be re-inspected before any lease is signed. If the owner cannot or will not repair the house or apartment, even if the repairs are minor, you must look for another home. Make sure you understand why the house or apartment failed, so that you will be more successful in your next search.

**Responsibilities of the Public Housing Authority:**

- Ensure that all units in the Section 8 Certificate Program and the Housing Voucher Program meet the housing quality standards.
- Inspect unit in response to Request for Lease Approval. Inform potential tenant and owner of results and necessary actions.
- Encourage tenants and owners to maintain units up to standards.
- Make inspection in response to tenant or owner complaint or request. Inform the tenant and owner of the results, necessary actions, and time period for compliance.
- Make annual inspection of the unit to ensure that it still meets the housing quality standards. Inform the tenant and owner of the results, necessary actions, and time period for compliance.

**Responsibilities of the tenant:**

- Live up to the terms of your lease.
- Do your part to keep the unit safe and sanitary.
- Cooperate with the owner by informing him or her of any necessary repairs.
- Cooperate with the PHA for initial, annual, and complaint inspections.

**Responsibilities of the owner:**

- Comply with the terms of the lease.
- Generally maintain the unit and keep it up to the housing quality standards outlined in this booklet.
- Cooperate with the tenant by responding promptly to requests for needed repairs.
- Cooperate with the PHA on initial, annual, and complaint inspections, including making necessary repairs.

# Inspection Checklist

Housing Choice Voucher Program

U.S. Department of Housing  
and Urban Development  
Office of Public and Indian Housing

OMB Approval No. 2577-0169  
(Exp. 07/31/2022)

Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 0.50 hours per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. This agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless that collection displays a valid OMB control number

Assurances of confidentiality are not provided under this collection.

This collection of information is authorized under Section 8 of the U.S. Housing Act of 1937 (42 U.S.C. 1437f). The information is used to determine if a unit meets the housing quality standards of the section 8 rental assistance program.

**Privacy Act Statement.** The Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) is authorized to collect the information required on this form by Section 8 of the U.S. Housing Act of 1937 (42 U.S.C. 1437f). Collection of the name and address of both family and the owner is mandatory. The information is used to determine if a unit meets the housing quality standards of the Section 8 rental assistance program. HUD may disclose this information to Federal, State and local agencies when relevant to civil, criminal, or regulatory investigations and prosecutions. It will not be otherwise disclosed or released outside of HUD, except as permitted or required by law. Failure to provide any of the information may result in delay or rejection of family participation.

Name of Family		Tenant ID Number	Date of Request (mm/dd/yyyy)
Inspector		Neighborhood/Census Tract	Date of Inspection (mm/dd/yyyy)
Type of Inspection Initial      Special      Reinspection	Date of Last Inspection (mm/dd/yyyy)		PHA
<b>A. General Information</b>			
<b>Inspected Unit</b>		<b>Year Constructed (yyyy)</b>	<b>Housing Type</b> (check as appropriate)
Full Address (including Street, City, County, State, Zip)			Single Family Detached Duplex or Two Family Row House or Town House Low Rise: 3, 4 Stories, Including Garden Apartment High Rise; 5 or More Stories Manufactured Home Congregate Cooperative Independent Group Residence Single Room Occupancy Shared Housing Other
Number of Children in Family Under 6			
<b>Owner</b>			
Name of Owner or Agent Authorized to Lease Unit Inspected		Phone Number	
Address of Owner or Agent			

## B. Summary Decision On Unit (To be completed after form has been filled out)

<input type="checkbox"/> Pass <input type="checkbox"/> Fail <input type="checkbox"/> Inconclusive	Number of Bedrooms for Purposes of the FMR or Payment Standard	Number of Sleeping Rooms	
---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	-------------------------------------------------------------------	--------------------------	--

## Inspection Checklist

Item No.	1. Living Room	Yes Pass	No Fail	In-Conc.	Comment	Final Approval Date (mm/dd/yyyy)
1.1	Living Room Present					
1.2	Electricity					
1.3	Electrical Hazards					
1.4	Security					
1.5	Window Condition					
1.6	Ceiling Condition					
1.7	Wall Condition					
1.8	Floor Condition					

\* Room Codes: 1 = Bedroom or Any Other Room Used for Sleeping (regardless of type of room); 2 = Dining Room or Dining Area;  
3 = Second Living Room, Family Room, Den, Playroom, TV Room; 4 = Entrance Halls, Corridors, Halls, Staircases; 5 = Additional Bathroom; 6 = Other

Item No.	1. Living Room (Continued)	Yes Pas	No Fail	In-Conc.	Comment	Final Approval Date (mm/dd/yyyy)
1.9	Lead-Based Paint Are all painted surfaces free of deteriorated paint? If not, do deteriorated surfaces exceed two square feet per room and/or is more than 10% of a component?				Not Applicable	
<b>2. Kitchen</b>						
2.1	Kitchen Area Present					
2.2	Electricity					
2.3	Electrical Hazards					
2.4	Security					
2.5	Window Condition					
2.6	Ceiling Condition					
2.7	Wall Condition					
2.8	Floor Condition					
2.9	Lead-Based Paint Are all painted surfaces free of deteriorated paint? If not, do deteriorated surfaces exceed two square feet per room and/or is more than 10% of a component?				Not Applicable	
2.10	Stove or Range with Oven					
2.11	Refrigerator					
2.12	Sink					
2.13	Space for Storage, Preparation, and Serving of Food					
<b>3. Bathroom</b>						
3.1	Bathroom Present					
3.2	Electricity					
3.3	Electrical Hazards					
3.4	Security					
3.5	Window Condition					
3.6	Ceiling Condition					
3.7	Wall Condition					
3.8	Floor Condition					
3.9	Lead-Based Paint Are all painted surfaces free of deteriorated paint? If not, do deteriorated surfaces exceed two square feet per room and/or is more than 10% of a component?				Not Applicable	
3.10	Flush Toilet in Enclosed Room in Unit					
3.11	Fixed Wash Basin or Lavatory in Unit					
3.12	Tub or Shower in Unit					
3.13	Ventilation					

Item No.	4. Other Rooms Used For Living and Halls	Yes Pass	No Fail	In- Conc.	Comment	Final Approval Date (mm/dd/yyyy)
4.1	Room Code* and Room Location <input type="checkbox"/>	(Circle One) Right/Center/Left		(Circle One) Front/Center/Rear	____ Floor Level	
4.2	Electricity/Illumination					
4.3	Electrical Hazards					
4.4	Security					
4.5	Window Condition					
4.6	Ceiling Condition					
4.7	Wall Condition					
4.8	Floor Condition					
4.9	Lead-Based Paint				<input type="checkbox"/> Not Applicable	
	Are all painted surfaces free of deteriorated paint?					
	If not, do deteriorated surfaces exceed two square feet per room and/or is more than 10% of a component?					
4.10	Smoke Detectors					
4.1	Room Code* and Room Location <input type="checkbox"/>	(Circle One) Right/Center/Left		(Circle One) Front/Center/Rear	____ Floor Level	
4.2	Electricity/Illumination					
4.3	Electrical Hazards					
4.4	Security					
4.5	Window Condition					
4.6	Ceiling Condition					
4.7	Wall Condition					
4.8	Floor Condition					
4.9	Lead-Based Paint				<input type="checkbox"/> Not Applicable	
	Are all painted surfaces free of deteriorated paint?					
	If not, do deteriorated surfaces exceed two square feet per room and/or is more than 10% of a component?					
4.10	Smoke Detectors					
4.1	Room Code* and Room Location <input type="checkbox"/>	(Circle One) Right/Center/Left		(Circle One) Front/Center/Rear	____ Floor Level	
4.2	Electricity/Illumination					
4.3	Electrical Hazards					
4.4	Security					
4.5	Window Condition					
4.6	Ceiling Condition					
4.7	Wall Condition					
4.8	Floor Condition					
4.9	Lead-Based Paint				<input type="checkbox"/> Not Applicable	
	Are all painted surfaces free of deteriorated paint?					
	If not, do deteriorated surfaces exceed two square feet per room and/or is more than 10% of a component?					

Item No.	4. Other Rooms Used For Living and Halls	Yes Pass	No Fail	In-Conc.	Comment	Final Approval Date (mm/dd/yyyy)
4.1	Room Code * and Room Location	(Circle One) Right/Center/Left	(Circle One) Front/Center/Rear		____ Floor Level	
4.2	Electricity/Illumination					
4.3	Electrical Hazards					
4.4	Security					
4.5	Window Condition					
4.6	Ceiling Condition					
4.7	Wall Condition					
4.8	Floor Condition					
4.9	Lead-Based Paint				Not Applicable	
	Are all painted surfaces free of deteriorated paint?					
	If not, do deteriorated surfaces exceed two square feet per room and/or is more than 10% of a component?					
4.10	Smoke Detectors					
4.1	Room Code* and Room Location	(Circle One) Right/Center/Left	(Circle One) Front/Center/Rear		____ Floor Level	
4.2	Electricity/Illumination					
4.3	Electrical Hazards					
4.4	Security					
4.5	Window Condition					
4.6	Ceiling Condition					
4.7	Wall Condition					
4.8	Floor Condition					
4.9	Lead-Based Paint				Not Applicable	
	Are all painted surfaces free of deteriorated paint?					
	If not, do deteriorated surfaces exceed two square feet per room and/or is more than 10% of a component?					
4.10	Smoke Detectors					
	<b>5. All Secondary Rooms (Rooms not used for living)</b>					
5.1	None Go to Part 6					
5.2	Security					
5.3	Electrical Hazards					
5.4	Other Potentially Hazardous Features in these Rooms					



Item No.	6. Building Exterior	Yes Pass	No Fail	In - Conc.	Comment	Final Approval Date (mm/dd/yyyy)
6.1	Condition of Foundation					
6.2	Condition of Stairs, Rails, and Porches					
6.3	Condition of Roof/Gutters					
6.4	Condition of Exterior Surfaces					
6.5	Condition of Chimney					
6.6	Lead Paint: Exterior Surfaces Are all painted surfaces free of deteriorated paint?  If not, do deteriorated surfaces exceed 20 square feet of total exterior surface area?				Not Applicable	
6.7	Manufactured Home: Tie Downs					
<b>7. Heating and Plumbing</b>						
7.1	Adequacy of Heating Equipment					
7.2	Safety of Heating Equipment					
7.3	Ventilation/Cooling					
7.4	Water Heater					
7.5	Approvable Water Supply					
7.6	Plumbing					
7.7	Sewer Connection					
<b>8. General Health and Safety</b>						
8.1	Access to Unit					
8.2	Fire Exits					
8.3	Evidence of Infestation					
8.4	Garbage and Debris					
8.5	Refuse Disposal					
8.6	Interior Stairs and Common Halls					
8.7	Other Interior Hazards					
8.8	Elevators					
8.9	Interior Air Quality					
8.10	Site and Neighborhood Conditions					
8.11	Lead-Based Paint: Owner's Certification				Not Applicable	

If the owner is required to correct any lead-based paint hazards at the property including deteriorated paint or other hazards identified by a visual assessor, a certified lead-based paint risk assessor, or certified lead-based paint inspector, the PHA must obtain certification that the work has been done in accordance with all applicable requirements of 24 CFR Part 35. The Lead -Based Paint Owner Certification must be received by the PHA before the execution of the HAP contract or within the time period stated by the PHA in the owner HQS violation notice. Receipt of the completed and signed Lead-Based Paint Owner Certification signifies that all HQS lead-based paint requirements have been met and no re-inspection by the HQS inspector is required.

---

**C. Special Amenities (Optional)**

This Section is for optional use of the HA. It is designed to collect additional information about other positive features of the unit that may be present. Although the features listed below are not included in the Housing Quality Standards, the tenant and HA may wish to take them into consideration in decisions about renting the unit and the reasonableness of the rent. Check/list any positive features found in relation to the unit.

---

**D. Questions to ask the Tenant (Optional)****1. Living Room**

- ☐ High quality floors or wall coverings
- ☐ Working fireplace or stove Balcony, patio, deck, porch Special windows or doors
- ☐ Exceptional size relative to needs of family
- ☐ Other: (Specify)

**2. Kitchen**

- ☐ Dishwasher
- ☐ Separate freezer
- ☐ Garbage disposal
- ☐ Eating counter/breakfast nook
- ☐ Pantry or abundant shelving or cabinets
- ☐ Double oven/self cleaning oven, microwave
- ☐ Double sink
- ☐ High quality cabinets
- ☐ Abundant counter-top space
- ☐ Modern appliance(s)
- ☐ Exceptional size relative to needs of family
- ☐ Other: (Specify)

**3. Other Rooms Used for Living**

- ☐ High quality floors or wall coverings
- ☐ Working fireplace or stove Balcony, patio, deck, porch Special windows or doors
- ☐ Exceptional size relative to needs of family
- ☐ Other: (Specify)

**4. Bath**

- ☐ Special feature shower head
- ☐ Built-in heat lamp
- ☐ Large mirrors
- ☐ Glass door on shower/tub
- ☐ Separate dressing room
- ☐ Double sink or special lavatory
- ☐ Exceptional size relative to needs of family
- ☐ Other: (Specify)

**5. Overall Characteristics**

- ☐ Storm windows and doors
- ☐ Other forms of weatherization (e.g., insulation, weather stripping) Screen doors or windows
- ☐ Good upkeep of grounds (i.e., site cleanliness, landscaping, condition of lawn)
- ☐ Garage or parking facilities
- ☐ Driveway
- ☐ Large yard
- ☐ Good maintenance of building exterior
- ☐ Other: (Specify)

**6. Disabled Accessibility**

Unit is accessible to a particular disability. ☐ Yes ☐ No  
Disability

1. Does the owner make repairs when asked? Yes ~~XXXXXXXXXX~~ [ ~~AA~~
2. How many people live there? \_\_\_\_\_
3. How much money do you pay to the owner/agent for rent? \$ \_\_\_\_\_
4. Do you pay for anything else? (specify) \_\_\_\_\_
5. Who owns the range and refrigerator? (insert O = Owner or T = Tenant) Range \_\_\_\_\_ Refrigerator \_\_\_\_\_ Microwave \_\_\_\_
6. Is there anything else you want to tell us? (specify) Yes ~~XXXXXXXXXX~~ [

SAMPLE

**E. Inspection Summary/Comments** (Optional)

Provide a summary description of each item which resulted in a rating of "Fail" or "Pass with Comments."

Tenant ID Number	Inspector	Date of Inspection (mm/dd/yyyy) Address of Inspected Unit	
Type of Inspection	Initial	Special	Reinspection
Item Number	Reason for "Fail" or "Pass with Comments"		Rating

SAMPLE

Continued on additional page      Yes      No

# Inspection Form

## Housing Choice Voucher Program

### U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development

Office of Public and Indian Housing

OMB Approval No. 2577-0169  
(exp. 07/31/2022)

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Assurances of confidentiality are not provided under this collection.

This collection of information is authorized under Section 8 of the U.S. Housing Act of 1937 (42 U.S.C. 1437f).  
a unit meets the housing quality standards of the section 8 rental assistance program.

The information is used to determine if

PHA	Tenant ID Number	Date of Request (mm/dd/yyyy)
Inspector	Date Last Inspection (mm/dd/yyyy)	Date of Inspection (mm/dd/yyyy)
Neighborhood/Census Tract	Type of Inspection <input type="checkbox"/> Initial <input type="checkbox"/> Special <input type="checkbox"/> Reinspection	Project Number

#### A. General Information

Street Address of Inspected Unit

City County State Zip

Name of Family Current Telephone of Family

Current Street Address of Family

City County State Zip

Number of Children in Family Under 6

Name of Owner or Agent Authorized to Lease Unit Inspected

Telephone of Owner or Agent

Address of Owner or Agent

Housing Type (check as appropriate)

- ☐ Single Family Detached
- ☐ Duplex or Two Family Row
- ☐ House or Town House
- ☐ Low Rise: 3,4 Stories, Including Garden Apartment
- ☐ High Rise; 5 or More Stories
- ☐ Manufactured Home
- ☐ Congregate
- ☐ Cooperative
- ☐ Independent Group Residence
- ☐ Single Room Occupancy
- ☐ Shared Housing
- ☐ Other:(Specify)

## B. Summary Decision on the Unit

(to be completed after the form has been filled in)

### Housing Quality Standard Pass or Fail

☐ 1. **Fail** If there are any checks under the column headed "Fail" the unit fails the minimum housing quality standards. Discuss with the owner the repairs noted that would be necessary to bring the unit up to the standard.

☐ 2. **Inconclusive** If there are no checks under the column headed "Fail" and there are checks under the column headed "Inconclusive," obtain additional information necessary for a decision (question owner or tenant as indicated in the item instructions given in this checklist). Once additional information is obtained, change the rating for the item and record the date of verification at the far right of the form.

☐ 3. **Pass** If neither (1) nor (2) above is checked, the unit passes the minimum housing quality standards. Any additional conditions described in the right hand column of the form should serve to (a) establish the precondition of the unit, (b) indicate possible additional areas to negotiate with the owner, (c) aid in assessing the reasonableness of the rent of the unit, and (d) aid the tenant in deciding among possible units to be rented. The tenant is responsible for deciding whether he or she finds these conditions acceptable.

**Unit Size:** Count the number of bedrooms for purposes of the FMR or Payment Standard. Record in the box provided.

**Year Constructed:** Enter from Line 5 of the Request for Tenancy Approval form. Record in the box provided.

**Number of Sleeping Rooms:** Count the number of rooms which could be used for sleeping, as identified on the checklist. Record in the box provided.

### C. How to Fill Out This Checklist

Complete the checklist on the unit to be occupied (or currently occupied) by the tenant. Proceed through the inspection as follows:

Area	Checklist Category
room by room	1. Living Room 2. Kitchen 3. Bathroom 4. All Other Rooms Used for Living 5. All Secondary Rooms Not Used for Living
basement or utility room	6. Heating & Plumbing
outside	7. Building Exterior
overall	8. General Health & Safety

Each part of the checklist will be accompanied by an explanation of the item to be inspected.

**Important:** For each item numbered on the checklist, **check one box only** (e.g., check one box only for item 1.4 "Security" in the Living Room.)

In the space to the right of the description of the item, if the decision on the item is: "Fail" write what repairs are necessary; If "Inconclusive" write in details.

Also, if "Pass" but there are some conditions present that need to be brought to the attention of the owner or the tenant, write these in the space to the right.

If it is an annual inspection, record to the right of the form any repairs made since the last inspection. If possible, record reason for repair (e.g., ordinary maintenance, tenant damage).

If it is a complaint inspection, fill out only those checklist items for which complaint is lodged. Determine, if possible, tenant or owner cause.

Once the checklist has been completed, return to Part B (Summary Decision on the Unit).

## 1. Living Room

### 1.1 Living Room Present

Note: If the unit is an efficiency apartment, consider the living room present.

### 1.2 Electricity

In order to qualify, the outlets must be present and properly installed in the baseboard, wall or floor of the room. Do not count a single duplex receptacle as two outlets, i.e., there must be **two** of these in the room, or **one** of these **plus a permanently installed ceiling or wall light fixture**.

Both the outlets and/or the light must be working. Usually, a room will have sufficient lights or electrical appliances plugged into outlets to determine workability. Be sure light fixture does not fail just because the bulb is burned out.

Do not count any of the following items or fixtures as outlets/fixtures: Table or floor lamps (these are **not** permanent light fixtures); ceiling lamps plugged into socket; extension cords.

If the electric service to the unit has been temporarily turned off check "Inconclusive." Contact owner or manager after inspection to verify that electricity functions properly when service is turned on. Record this information on the checklist.

### 1.3 Electrical Hazards

Examples of what this means: broken wiring; non-insulated wiring; frayed wiring; improper types of wiring, connections or insulation; wires lying in or located near standing water or other unsafe places; light fixture hanging from electric wiring without other firm support or fixture; missing cover plates on switches or outlets; badly cracked outlets; exposed fuse box connections; overloaded circuits evidenced by frequently "blown" fuses (ask the tenant).

Check "Inconclusive" if you are uncertain about severity of the problem and seek expert advice.

### 1.4 Security

"Accessible to outside" means: doors open to the outside or to a common public hall; windows accessible from the outside (e.g. basement and first floor); windows or doors leading onto a fire escape, porch or other outside place that can be reached from the ground.

"Lockable" means: the window or door has a properly working lock, or is nailed shut, or the window is not designed to be opened. A storm window lock that is working properly is acceptable. Windows that are nailed shut are acceptable only if these windows are not needed for ventilation or as an alternate exit in case of fire.

### 1.5 Window Condition

Rate the windows in the room (including windows in doors).

"Severe deterioration" means that the window no longer has the capacity to keep out the wind and the rain or is a cutting hazard. Examples are: missing or broken-out panes; dangerously loose cracked panes; windows that will not close; windows that, when closed, do not form a reasonably tight seal.

If more than one window in the room is in this condition, give details in the space provided on the right of the form.

If there is only "moderate deterioration" of the windows the item should "Pass." "Moderate deterioration" means windows which are reasonably weather-tight, but show evidence of some aging, abuse, or lack of repair. Signs of deterioration are: minor crack in window pane; splintered sill; signs of some minor rotting in the window frame or the window itself; window panes loose because of missing window putty. Also for deteriorated and peeling paint see 1.9. If more than one window is in this condition, give details in the space provided on the right of the form.

## 1.6 Ceiling Condition

"Unsound or hazardous" means the presence of such serious defects that either a potential exists for structural collapse or that large cracks or holes allow significant drafts to enter the unit. The condition includes: severe bulging or buckling; large holes; missing parts; falling or in danger of falling loose surface materials (other than paper or paint).

Pass ceilings that are basically sound but have some nonhazardous defects, including: small holes or cracks; missing or broken ceiling tiles; water stains; soiled surfaces; unpainted surfaces; peeling paint (for peeling paint see item 1.9).

## 1.7 Wall Condition

"Unsound or hazardous" includes: serious defects such that the structural safety of the building is threatened, such as severe buckling, bulging or leaning; damaged or loose structural members; large holes; air infiltration.

Pass walls that are basically sound but have some nonhazardous defects, including: small or shallow holes; cracks; loose or missing parts; unpainted surfaces; peeling paint (for peeling paint see item 1.9).

## 1.8 Floor Condition

"Unsound or hazardous" means the presence of such serious defects that a potential exists for structural collapse or other threats to safety (e.g., stripping) or large cracks or holes allow substantial drafts from below the floor. The condition includes: severe buckling or major movements under walking stress; damaged or missing parts.

Pass floors that are basically sound but have some nonhazardous defects, including: heavily worn or damaged floor surface (for example, scratches or gouges in surface, missing portions of tile or linoleum, previous water damage). If there is a floor covering, also note the condition, especially if badly worn or soiled. If there is a floor covering, including paint or sealant, also note the conditions, specially if badly worn, soiled or peeling (for peeling paint, see 1.9).

## 1.9 Lead-Based Paint

Housing Choice Voucher Units If the unit was built January 1, 1978, or after, no child under age six will occupy or currently occupies it, is a 0-BR, elderly or handicapped unit with no children under age six on the lease or expected, has been certified lead-based paint free by a certified lead-based paint inspector (no lead-based paint present or no lead-based paint present after removal of lead-based paint.), check NA and do not inspect painted surfaces.

This requirement applies to all painted surfaces (building components) within the unit. (Do not include tenant belongings). Surfaces to receive a visual assessment for deteriorated paint include walls, floors, ceilings, built in cabinets (sink bases), baseboards, doors, door frames, windows systems including mullions, sills, or frames and any other painted building component within the unit. Deteriorated paint includes any painted surface that is peeling, chipping, chalking, cracking, damaged or otherwise separated from the substrate.

All deteriorated paint surfaces **more than 2 sq. ft. in any one interior room or space, or more than 10% of the total surface area of an interior type of component with a small surface area (i.e., window sills, baseboards, and trim)** must be stabilized (corrected) in accordance with all safe work practice requirements and clearance is required. **If the deteriorated painted surface is less than 2 sq. ft. or less than 10% of the component, only stabilization is required. Clearance testing is not required.** Stabilization means removal of deteriorated paint, repair of the substrate, and application of a new protective coating or paint. Lead-Based Paint Owner Certification is required following stabilization activities, except for *de minimis level* repairs.

## 1. Living Room

For each numbered item, check one box only.

Item No.	Description	Decision			If Fail, what repairs are necessary? If Inconclusive, give details. If Pass with comments, give details.	If Fail or Inconclusive, date (mm/dd/yyyy) of final approval
		Yes, Pass	No, Fail	Inconclusive		
<b>1.1 Living Room Present</b>	Is there a living room?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			
<b>1.2 Electricity</b>	Are there at least two working outlets or one working outlet and one working light fixture?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		
<b>1.3 Electrical Hazards</b>	Is the room free from electrical hazards?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		
<b>1.4 Security</b>	Are all windows and doors that are accessible from the outside lockable?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			
<b>1.5 Window Condition</b>	Is there at least one window, and are all windows free of signs of severe deterioration or missing or broken out panes?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			
<b>1.6 Ceiling Condition</b>	Is the ceiling sound and free from hazardous defects?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			
<b>1.7 Wall Condition</b>	Are the walls sound and free from hazardous defects?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			
<b>1.8 Floor Condition</b>	Is the floor sound and free from hazardous defects?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			
<b>1.9 Lead-Based Paint</b>	Are all painted surfaces free of deteriorated paint?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			
	If no, does deteriorated surfaces exceed two square feet and/or more than 10% of a component?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		<input type="checkbox"/> Not Applicable	

**Additional Comments:** (Give Item Number)

Comments continued on a separate page Yes ☐ No ☐ Page 4 of 19



## 2. Kitchen

### 2.1 Kitchen Area Present

Note: A kitchen is an area used for preparation of meals. It may be either a separate room or an area of a larger room (for example, a kitchen area in an efficiency apartment).

### 2.2 - 2.9 Explanation for these items is the same as that provided for "Living Room" with the following modifications:

#### 2.2 Electricity

Note: The requirement is that at least one outlet and one permanent light fixture are present and working.

#### 2.5 Window Condition

Note: The absence of a window does not fail this item in the kitchen. If there is no window, check "Pass."

### 2.10 Stove or Range with Oven

Both an oven and a stove (or range) with top burners must be present and working. If either is missing and you know that the owner is responsible for supplying these appliances, check "Fail." Put check in "Inconclusive" column if the tenant is responsible for supplying the appliances and he or she has not yet moved in. Contact tenant or prospective tenant to gain verification that facility will be supplied and is in working condition. Hot plates are not acceptable substitutes for these facilities.

An oven is not working if it will not heat up. To be working a stove or range must have all burners working and knobs to turn them off and on. Under "working condition," also look for hazardous gas hook-ups evidenced by strong gas smells; these should fail. (Be sure that this condition is not confused with an unlit pilot light - a condition that should be noted, but does not fail.)

If both an oven and a stove or range are present, but the gas or electricity are turned off, check "Inconclusive." Contact owner or manager to get verification that facility works when gas is turned on. If both an oven and a stove or range are present and working, but defects exist, check "Pass" and note these to the right of the form. Possible defects are marked, dented, or scratched surfaces; cracked burner ring; limited size relative to family needs.

A microwave oven may be substituted for a tenant-supplied oven and stove (or range).

A microwave oven may be substituted for an owner-supplied oven and stove (or range) if the tenant agrees and microwave ovens are furnished instead of ovens and stoves (or ranges) to both subsidized and unsubsidized tenants in the building or premises.

### 2.11 Refrigerator

If no refrigerator is present, use the same criteria for marking either "Fail" or "Inconclusive" as were used for the oven and stove or range.

A refrigerator is not working if it will not maintain a temperature low enough to keep food from spoiling over a reasonable period of time. If the electricity is turned off, mark "Inconclusive." Contact owner (or tenant if unit is occupied) to get verification of working condition.

If the refrigerator is present and working but defects exist, note these to the right of the form. Possible minor defects include: broken or missing interior shelving; dented or scratched interior or exterior surfaces; minor deterioration of door seal; loose door handle.

### 2.12 Sink

If a permanently attached kitchen sink is not present in the kitchen or kitchen area, mark "Fail." A sink in a bathroom or a portable basin will not satisfy this requirement. A sink is not working unless it has running hot and cold water from the faucets and a properly connected and properly working drain (with a "gas trap"). In a vacant apartment, the hot water may have been turned off and there will be no hot water. Mark this "Inconclusive." Check with owner or manager to verify that hot water is available when service is turned on.

If a working sink has defects, note this to the right of the item. Possible minor defects include: dripping faucet; marked, dented, or scratched surface; slow drain; missing or broken drain stopper.

### 2.13 Space for Storage, Preparation, and Serving of Food

Some space must be available for the storage, preparation, and serving of food. If there is no built-in space for food storage and preparation, a table used for food preparation and a portable storage cabinet will satisfy the requirement. If there is no built-in space, and no room for a table and portable cabinet, check "Inconclusive" and discuss with the tenant. The tenant makes the final determination as to whether or not this space is acceptable. If there are some minor defects, check "Pass" and make notes to the right. Possible defects include: marked, dented, or scratched surfaces; broken shelving or cabinet doors; broken drawers or cabinet hardware; limited size relative to family needs.

## 2. Kitchen

For each numbered item, check one box only.

Item No.	Description	Decision			If Fail, what repairs are necessary? If Inconclusive, give details. If Pass with comments, give details.	If Fail or Inconclusive, date (mm/dd/yyyy) of final approval
		Yes, Pass	No, Fail	Inconclusive		
<b>2.1 Kitchen Area Present</b>	Is there a kitchen?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			
<b>2.2 Electricity</b>	Are there at least one working outlet and one working, permanently installed light fixture?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		
<b>2.3 Electrical Hazards</b>	Is the kitchen free from electrical hazards?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		
<b>2.4 Security</b>	Are all windows and doors that are accessible from the outside lockable?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			
<b>2.5 Window Condition</b>	Are all windows free of signs of deterioration or missing or broken out panes?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			
<b>2.6 Ceiling Condition</b>	Is the ceiling sound and free from hazardous defects?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			
<b>2.7 Wall Condition</b>	Are the walls sound and free from hazardous defects?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			
<b>2.8 Floor Condition</b>	Is the floor sound and free from hazardous defects?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			
<b>2.9 Lead-Based Paint</b>	Are all painted surfaces free of deteriorated paint? If no, does deteriorated surfaces exceed two square feet and/or less than 10% of a component?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		<input type="checkbox"/> Not Applicable	
<b>2.10 Stove or Range with Oven</b>	Is there a working oven, and a stove (or range) with top burners that work? If no oven and stove (or range) are present, is there a microwave oven and, if microwave is owner-supplied, do other tenants have microwaves instead of an oven and stove (or range)?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		
<b>2.11 Refrigerator</b>	Is there a refrigerator that works and maintains a temperature low enough so that food does not spoil over a reasonable period of time?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		
<b>2.12 Sink</b>	Is there a kitchen sink that works with hot and cold running water?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		
<b>2.13 Space for Storage, Preparation, and Serving of Food</b>	Is there space to store, prepare, and serve food?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		

**Additional Comments:** (Give Item Number)(Use an additional page if necessary)

### 3. Bathroom

#### 3.1 Bathroom Present

Most units have easily identifiable bathrooms (i.e., a separate room with toilet, washbasin and tub or shower). In some cases, however, you will encounter units with scattered bathroom facilities (i.e., toilet, washbasin and tub or shower located in separate parts of the unit). At a minimum, there must be an enclosure around the toilet. In this case, count the enclosure around the toilet as the bathroom and proceed with 3.2-3.9 below, with respect to this enclosure. If there is more than one bathroom that is normally used, rate the one that is in best condition for Part 3. If there is a second bathroom that is also used, complete Part 4 of the checklist for this room. (See Inspection Manual for additional notes on rating the second bathroom.)

#### 3.2 - 3.9 Explanation for these items is the same as that provided for "Living Room" with the following modifications:

##### 3.2 Electricity

Note: The requirement is that at least one permanent light fixture is present and working

##### 3.3 Electrical Hazards

Note: In addition to the previously mentioned hazards, outlets that are located where water might splash or collect are considered an electrical hazard.

##### 3.5 Window Condition

Note: The absence of a window does not fail this item in the bathroom (see item 3.13, Ventilation, for relevance of window with respect to ventilation). If there is no window, but a working vent system is present, check "Pass."

##### 3.7 Wall Condition

Note: Include under nonhazardous defects (that would pass, but should be noted) the following: broken or loose tile; deteriorated grouting at tub/wall and tub/floor joints, or tiled surfaces; water stains.

##### 3.8 Floor Condition

Note: Include under nonhazardous defects (that would pass, but should be noted) the following: missing floor tiles; water stains.

#### 3.10 Flush Toilet in Enclosed Room in Unit

The toilet must be contained within the unit, be in proper operating condition, and be available for the exclusive use of the occupants of the unit (i.e., outhouses or facilities shared by occupants of other units are not acceptable). It must allow for privacy.

Not working means: the toilet is not connected to a water supply; it is not connected to a sewer drain; it is clogged; it does not have a trap; the connections, vents or traps are faulty to the extent that severe leakage of water or escape of gases occurs; the flushing mechanism does not function properly. If the water to the unit has been turned off, check "Inconclusive." Obtain verification from owner or manager that facility works properly when water is turned on.

Comment to the right of the form if the toilet is "present, exclusive, and working," but has the following types of defects: constant running; chipped or broken porcelain; slow draining.

If drain blockage is more serious and occurs further in the sewer line, causing backup, check item 7.6, "Fail," under the plumbing and heating part of the checklist. A sign of serious sewer blockage is the presence of numerous backed-up drains.

#### 3.11 Fixed Wash Basin or Lavatory in Unit

The wash basin must be permanently installed (i.e., a portable wash basin does not satisfy the requirement). Also, a kitchen sink used to pass the requirements under Part 2 of the checklist (kitchen facilities) cannot also serve as the bathroom wash basin. The wash basin may be located separate from the other bathroom facilities (e.g., in a hallway).

Not working means: the wash basin is not connected to a system that will deliver hot and cold running water; it is not connected to a properly operating drain; the connectors (or vents or traps) are faulty to the extent that severe leakage of water or escape of sewer gases occurs. If the water to the unit or the hot water unit has been turned off, check "Inconclusive." Obtain verification from owner or manager that the system is in working condition.

Comment to the right of the form if the wash basin is "present and working," but has the following types of minor defects: insufficient water pressure; dripping faucets; minor leaks; cracked or chipped porcelain; slow drain (see discussion above under 3.10).

#### 3.12 Tub or Shower in Unit

Not present means that neither a tub nor shower is present in the unit. Again, these facilities need not be in the same room with the rest of the bathroom facilities. They must, however, be private.

Not working covers the same requirements detailed above for wash basin (3.11).

Comment to the right of the form if the tub or shower is present and working, but has the following types of defects: dripping faucet; minor leaks; cracked porcelain; slow drain (see discussion under 3.10); absent or broken support rod for shower curtain.

#### 3.13 Ventilation

Working vent systems include: ventilation shafts (non-mechanical vents) and electric fans. Electric vent fans must function when switch is turned on. (Make sure that any malfunctions are not due to the fan not being plugged in.) If electric current to the unit has not been turned on (and there is no operable window), check "Inconclusive." Obtain verification from owner or manager that system works. Note: exhaust vents must be vented to the outside, attic, or crawlspace.

### 3. Bathroom

For each numbered item, check one box only.

Item No.	Description	Decision			If Fail, what repairs are necessary? If Inconclusive, give details. If Pass with comments, give details.	If Fail or Inconclusive, date (mm/dd/yyyy) of final approval
		Yes, Pass	No, Fail	Inconclusive		
<b>3.1 Bathroom Present</b> (See description)	Is there a bathroom?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			
<b>3.2 Electricity</b>	Is there at least one permanently installed light fixture?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		
<b>3.3 Electrical Hazards</b>	Is the bathroom free from electrical hazards?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		
<b>3.4 Security</b>	Are all windows and doors that are accessible from the outside lockable?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			
<b>3.5 Window Condition</b>	Are all windows free of signs of deterioration or missing or broken out panes?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			
<b>3.6 Ceiling Condition</b>	Is the ceiling sound and free from hazardous defects?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			
<b>3.7 Wall Condition</b>	Are the walls sound and free from hazardous defects?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			
<b>3.8 Floor Condition</b>	Is the floor sound and free from hazardous defects?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			
<b>3.9 Lead-Based Paint</b>	Are all painted surfaces free of deteriorated paint? If no, does deteriorated surfaces exceed two square feet and/or more than 10% of a component?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		<input type="checkbox"/> Not Applicable	
<b>3.10 Flush Toilet in Enclosed Room in Unit</b>	Is there a working toilet in the unit for the exclusive private use of the tenant?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		
<b>3.11 Fixed Wash Basin or Lavatory in Unit</b>	Is there a working, permanently installed wash basin with hot and cold running water in the unit?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		
<b>3.12 Tub or Shower</b>	Is there a working tub or shower with hot and cold running water in the unit?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		
<b>3.13 Ventilation</b>	Are there operable windows or a working vent system?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		

**Additional Comments:** (Give Item Number)(Use an additional page if necessary)

Comments continued on a separate page Yes ☐ No ☐

## 4. Other Room Used for Living and Halls

Complete an "Other Room" checklist for as many "other rooms used for living" as are present in the unit and not already noted in Parts 1, 2, and 3 of the checklist. See the discussion below for definition of "used for living." Also complete an "Other Room" checklist for all entrance halls, corridors, and staircases that are located within the unit and are part of the area used for living. If a hall, entry and/or stairway are contiguous, rate them as a whole (i.e., as part of one space).

Additional forms for rating "Other Rooms" are provided in the check-list.

Definition of "used for living." Rooms "used for living" are areas of the unit that are walked through or lived in on a regular basis. Do not include rooms or other areas that have been permanently, or near permanently, closed off or areas that are infrequently entered. For example, do not include a utility room, attached shed, attached closed-in porch, basement, or garage if they are closed off from the main living area or are infrequently entered. Do include any of these areas if they are frequently used (e.g., a finished basement/play-room, a closed-in porch that is used as a bedroom during summer months). Occasional use of a washer or dryer in an otherwise unused room does not constitute regular use.

If the unit is vacant and you do not know the eventual use of a particular room, complete an "Other Room" checklist if there is any chance that the room will be used on a regular basis. If there is no chance that the room will be used on a regular basis, do not include it (e.g., an unfinished basement) since it will be checked under Part 5, All Secondary Rooms (Rooms not used for living).

### 4.1 Room Code and Room Location

Enter the appropriate room code given below:

#### Room Codes:

- 1 = Bedroom or any other room used for sleeping (regardless of type of room)
- 2 = Dining Room or Dining Area
- 3 = Second Living Room, Family Room, Den, Playroom, TV Room
- 4 = Entrance Halls, Corridors, Halls, Staircases
- 5 = Additional Bathroom (also check presence of sink trap and clogged toilet)
- 6 = Other

**Room Location:** Write on the line provided the location of the room with respect to the unit's width, length and floor level as if you were standing outside the unit facing the entrance to the unit:

right/left/center: record whether the room is situated to the right, left, or center of the unit.

front/rear/center: record whether the room is situated to the back, front or center of the unit.

floor level: identify the floor level on which the room is located.

If the unit is vacant, you may have some difficulty predicting the eventual use of a room. Before giving any room a code of 1 (bedroom), the room must meet all of the requirements for a "room used for sleeping" (see items 4.2 and 4.5).

### 4.2 - 4.9 Explanations of these items are the same as those provided for "Living Room" with the following modifications:

#### 4.2 Electricity/Illumination

If the room code is not a "1," the room must have a means of natural or artificial illumination such as a permanent light fixture, wall outlet present, or light from a window in the room or near the room. If any required item is missing, check "Fail." If the electricity is turned off, check "Inconclusive."

#### 4.5 Window Condition

Any room used for sleeping must have at least one window. If the windows in sleeping rooms are designed to be opened, at least one window must be operable. The minimum standards do not require a window in "other rooms." Therefore, if there is no window in another room not used for sleeping, check "Pass," and note "no window" in the area for comments.

#### 4.6 Smoke Detectors

At least one battery-operated or hard-wired smoke detector must be present and working on each level of the unit, including the basement, but not the crawl spaces and unfinished attic.

Smoke detectors must be installed in accordance with and meet the requirements of the National Fire Protection Association Standard (NFPA) 74 (or its successor standards).

If the dwelling unit is occupied by any hearing-impaired person, smoke detectors must have an alarm system designed for hearing-impaired persons as specified in NFPA 74 (or successor standards).

If the unit was under HAP contract prior to April 24, 1993, owners who installed battery-operated or hard-wired smoke detectors in compliance with HUD's smoke detector requirements, including the regulations published on July 30, 1992 (57 FR 33846), will not be required subsequently to comply with any additional requirements mandated by NFPA 74 (i.e. the owner would not be required to install a smoke detector in a basement not used for living purposes, nor would the owner be required to change the location of the smoke detectors that have already been installed on the other floors of the unit). In this case, check "Pass" and note under comments.

### Additional Notes

For staircases, the adequacy of light and condition of the stair rails and railings is covered under Part 8 of the checklist (General Health and Safety)

#### 4. Other Rooms Used for Living and Halls For each numbered item, check one box only.

##### 4.1 Room Location

\_\_\_\_\_ right/left/center: the room is situated to the right, left, or center of the unit.

\_\_\_\_\_ front/rear/center: the room is situated to the back, front or center of the unit.

\_\_\_\_\_ floor level: the floor level on which the room is located.

##### Room Code

- 1 = Bedroom or Any Other Room Used for Sleeping (regardless of type of room)
- 2 = Dining Room or Dining Area
- 3 = Second Living Room, Family Room, Den, Playroom, TV Room
- 4 = Entrance Halls, Corridors, Halls, Staircases
- 5 = Additional Bathroom (also check presence of sink trap and clogged toilet)
- 6 = Other:

Item No.	Description	Decision			If Fail, what repairs are necessary? If Inconclusive, give details. If Pass with comments, give details.	If Fail or Inconclusive, date (mm/dd/yyyy) of final approval
		Yes, Pass	No, Fail	Inconclusive		
<b>4.2 Electricity/Illumination</b>	If Room Code is a 1, are there at least two working outlets or one working outlet and one working, permanently installed light fixture?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		
	If Room Code is not a 1, is there a means of illumination?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		
<b>4.3 Electrical Hazards</b>	Is the room free from electrical hazards?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		
<b>4.4 Security</b>	Are all windows and doors that are accessible from the outside lockable?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			
<b>4.5 Window Condition</b>	If Room Code is a 1, is there at least one window?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			
	And, regardless of Room Code, are all windows free of signs of severe deterioration or missing or broken-out panes?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			
<b>4.6 Ceiling Condition</b>	Is the ceiling sound and free from hazardous defects?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			
<b>4.7 Wall Condition</b>	Are the walls sound and free from hazardous defects?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			
<b>4.8 Floor Condition</b>	Is the floor sound and free from hazardous defects?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			
<b>4.9 Lead-Based Paint</b>	Are all painted surfaces free of deteriorated paint?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			
	If no, does deteriorated surfaces exceed two square feet and/or more than 10% of a component?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> Not Applicable		
<b>4.10 Smoke Detectors</b>	Is there a working smoke detector on each level?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			
	Do the smoke detectors meet the requirements of NFPA 74?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			
	In units occupied by the hearing impaired, is there an alarm system connected to the smoke detector?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			

**Additional Comments:** (Give Item Number)(Use an additional page if necessary)

Comments continued on a separate page Yes ☐ No ☐

#### 4. Supplemental for Other Rooms Used for Living and Halls

For each numbered item, check one box only.

##### 4.1 Room Location

\_\_\_\_\_ right/left/center: the room is situated to the right, left, or center of the unit.  
\_\_\_\_\_ front/rear/center: the room is situated to the back, front or center of the unit.  
\_\_\_\_\_ floor level: the floor level on which the room is located.

##### Room Code

- 1 = Bedroom or Any Other Room Used for Sleeping (regardless of type of room)  
2 = Dining Room or Dining Area  
3 = Second Living Room, Family Room, Den, Playroom, TV Room  
4 = Entrance Halls, Corridors, Halls, Staircases  
5 = Additional Bathroom (also check presence of sink trap and clogged toilet)  
6 = Other:

Item No.	Description	Decision			If Fail, what repairs are necessary? If Inconclusive, give details. If Pass with comments, give details.	If Fail or Inconclusive, date (mm/dd/yyyy) of final approval
		Yes, Pass	No, Fail	Inconclusive		
<b>4.2 Electricity/Illumination</b>						
	If Room Code is a 1, are there at least two working outlets or one working outlet and one working, permanently installed light fixture?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		
	If Room Code is not a 1, is there a means of illumination?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		
<b>4.3 Electrical Hazards</b>						
	Is the room free from electrical hazards?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		
<b>4.4 Security</b>						
	Are all windows and doors that are accessible from the outside lockable?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			
<b>4.5 Window Condition</b>						
	If Room Code is a 1, is there at least one window?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			
	And, regardless of Room Code, are all windows free of signs of severe deterioration or missing or broken-out panes?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			
<b>4.6 Ceiling Condition</b>						
	Is the ceiling sound and free from hazardous defects?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			
<b>4.7 Wall Condition</b>						
	Are the walls sound and free from hazardous defects?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			
<b>4.8 Floor Condition</b>						
	Is the floor sound and free from hazardous defects?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			
<b>4.9 Lead-Based Paint</b>						
	Are all painted surfaces free of deteriorated paint?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			
	If no, does deteriorated surfaces exceed two square feet and/or more than 10% of a component?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		<input type="checkbox"/> Not Applicable	
<b>4.10 Smoke Detectors</b>						
	Is there a working smoke detector on each level?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			
	Do the smoke detectors meet the requirements of NFPA 74?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			
	In units occupied by the hearing impaired, is there an alarm system connected to the smoke detector?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			

**Additional Comments:** (Give Item Number)(Use an additional page if necessary)

Comments continued on a separate page Yes ☐ No ☐

#### 4. Supplemental for Other Rooms Used for Living and Halls

For each numbered item, check one box only.

##### 4.1 Room Location

\_\_\_\_\_ right/left/center: the room is situated to the right, left, or center of the unit.  
 \_\_\_\_\_ front/rear/center: the room is situated to the back, front or center of the unit.  
 \_\_\_\_\_ floor level: the floor level on which the room is located.

##### Room Code

- 1 = Bedroom or Any Other Room Used for Sleeping (regardless of type of room)  
 2 = Dining Room or Dining Area  
 3 = Second Living Room, Family Room, Den, Playroom, TV Room  
 4 = Entrance Halls, Corridors, Halls, Staircases  
 5 = Additional Bathroom (also check presence of sink trap and clogged toilet)  
 6 = Other:

Item No.	Description	Decision			If Fail, what repairs are necessary? If Inconclusive, give details. If Pass with comments, give details.	If Fail or Inconclusive, date (mm/dd/yyyy) of final approval
		Yes, Pass	No, Fail	Inconclusive		
<b>4.2 Electricity/Illumination</b>	If Room Code is a 1, are there at least two working outlets or one working outlet and one working, permanently installed light fixture? If Room Code is not a 1, is there a means of illumination?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		
<b>4.3 Electrical Hazards</b>	Is the room free from electrical hazards?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		
<b>4.4 Security</b>	Are all windows and doors that are accessible from the outside lockable?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			
<b>4.5 Window Condition</b>	If Room Code is a 1, is there at least one window? And, regardless of Room Code, are all windows free of signs of severe deterioration or missing or broken-out panes?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		
<b>4.6 Ceiling Condition</b>	Is the ceiling sound and free from hazardous defects?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			
<b>4.7 Wall Condition</b>	Are the walls sound and free from hazardous defects?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			
<b>4.8 Floor Condition</b>	Is the floor sound and free from hazardous defects?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			
<b>4.9 Lead-Based Paint</b>	Are all painted surfaces free of deteriorated paint? If no, does deteriorated surfaces exceed two square feet and/or more than 10% of a component?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> Not Applicable	
<b>4.10 Smoke Detectors</b>	Is there a working smoke detector on each level? Do the smoke detectors meet the requirements of NFPA 74? In units occupied by the hearing impaired, is there an alarm system connected to the smoke detector?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		

**Additional Comments:** (Give Item Number)(Use an additional page if necessary)

Comments continued on a separate page Yes ☐ No ☐



#### 4. Supplemental for Other Rooms Used for Living and Halls

For each numbered item, check one box only.

##### 4.1 Room Location

\_\_\_\_\_ right/left/center: the room is situated to the right, left, or center of the unit.  
\_\_\_\_\_ front/rear/center: the room is situated to the back, front or center of the unit.  
\_\_\_\_\_ floor level: the floor level on which the room is located.

##### Room Code

- ☐ 1 = Bedroom or Any Other Room Used for Sleeping (regardless of type of room)  
☐ 2 = Dining Room or Dining Area  
☐ 3 = Second Living Room, Family Room, Den, Playroom, TV Room  
☐ 4 = Entrance Halls, Corridors, Halls, Staircases  
☐ 5 = Additional Bathroom (also check presence of sink trap and clogged toilet)  
☐ 6 = Other:

Item No.	Description	Decision			If Fail, what repairs are necessary? If Inconclusive, give details. If Pass with comments, give details.	If Fail or Inconclusive, date (mm/dd/yyyy) of final approval
		Yes, Pass	No, Fail	Inconclusive		
<b>4.2 Electricity/Illumination</b>						
	If Room Code is a 1, are there at least two working outlets or one working outlet and one working, permanently installed light fixture?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		
	If Room Code is not a 1, is there a means of illumination?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		
<b>4.3 Electrical Hazards</b>						
	Is the room free from electrical hazards?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		
<b>4.4 Security</b>						
	Are all windows and doors that are accessible from the outside lockable?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			
<b>4.5 Window Condition</b>						
	If Room Code is a 1, is there at least one window?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			
	And, regardless of Room Code, are all windows free of signs of severe deterioration or missing or broken-out panes?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			
<b>4.6 Ceiling Condition</b>						
	Is the ceiling sound and free from hazardous defects?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			
<b>4.7 Wall Condition</b>						
	Are the walls sound and free from hazardous defects?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			
<b>4.8 Floor Condition</b>						
	Is the floor sound and free from hazardous defects?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			
<b>4.9 Lead-Based Paint</b>						
	Are all painted surfaces free of deteriorated paint?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			
	If no, does deteriorated surfaces exceed two square feet and/or more than 10% of a component?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		<input type="checkbox"/> Not Applicable	
<b>4.10 Smoke Detectors</b>						
	Is there a working smoke detector on each level?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			
	Do the smoke detectors meet the requirements of NFPA 74?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			
	In units occupied by the hearing impaired, is there an alarm system connected to the smoke detector?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			

**Additional Comments:** (Give Item Number)(Use an additional page if necessary)

Comments continued on a separate page Yes ☐ No ☐

## 5. All Secondary Rooms (Rooms not used for living)

### 5. Secondary Rooms (Rooms not used for living)

If any room in the unit did not meet the requirements for "other room used for living" in Part 4, it is to be considered a "secondary room (not used for living)." Rate all of these rooms together (i.e., a single Part 5 checklist for all secondary rooms in the unit).

Inspection is required of the following two items since hazardous defects under these items could jeopardize the rest of the unit, even if present in rooms not used for living: 5.2 Security, 5.3 Electrical Hazards. Also, be observant of any other potentially hazardous features in these rooms and record under 5.4

#### 5.1 None

If there are no "Secondary Rooms (rooms not used for living)," check "None" and go on to Part 6.

#### 5.2 - 5.4 Explanations of these items is the same as those provided for "Living Room"

#### Additional Note

In recording "other potentially hazardous features," note (in the space provided) the means of access to the room with the hazard and check the box under "Inconclusive." Discuss the hazard with the HA inspection supervisor to determine "Pass" or "Fail." Include defects like: large holes in floor, walls or ceilings; evidence of structural collapse; windows in condition of severe deterioration; and deteriorated paint surfaces.

## 6. Building Exterior

### 6.1 Condition of Foundation

"Unsound or hazardous" means foundations with severe structural defects indicating the potential for structural collapse; or foundations that allow significant entry of ground water (for example, evidenced by flooding of basement).

### 6.2 Condition of Stairs, Rails, and Porches

"Unsound or hazardous" means: stairs, porches, balconies, or decks with severe structural defects; broken, rotting, or missing steps; absence of a handrail when there are extended lengths of steps (generally four or more consecutive steps); absence of or insecure railings around a porch or balcony which is approximately 30 inches or more above the ground.

### 6.3 Condition of Roof and Gutters

"Unsound and hazardous" means: The roof has serious defects such as serious buckling or sagging, indicating the potential of structural collapse; large holes or other defects that would result in significant air or water infiltration (in most cases severe exterior defects will be reflected in equally serious surface defects within the unit, e.g., buckling, water damage). The gutters, downspouts and soffits (area under eaves) shows serious decay and have allowed the entry of significant air or water into the interior of the structure. Gutters and downspouts are, however, not required to pass. If the roof is not observable and there is no sign of interior water damage, check "Pass."

### 6.4 Condition of Exterior Surfaces

See definition above for roof, item 6.3.

### 6.5 Condition of Chimney

The chimney should not be seriously leaning or showing evidence of significant disintegration (i.e., many missing bricks).

### 6.6 Lead-Based Paint: Exterior Surfaces

Housing Choice Voucher Units If the unit was built January 1, 1978 or after, no child under age six will occupy or currently occupies, is a 0-BR, elderly or handicapped unit with no children under age six on the lease or expected, has been certified lead-based paint free by a certified lead-based paint inspector (no lead-based paint present or no lead-based paint present after removal of lead), check NA and do not inspect painted surfaces. Visual assessment for deteriorated paint applies to all exterior painted surfaces (building components) associated with the assisted unit including windows, window sills, exterior walls, floors, porches, railings, doors, decks, stairs, play areas, garages, fences or other areas if frequented by children under age six. All deteriorated paint surfaces **more than 20 sq. ft. on exterior surfaces** must be stabilized (corrected) in accordance with all safe work practice requirements. **If the painted surface is less than 20 sq. ft., only stabilization is required. Clearance testing is not required.** Stabilization means removal of deteriorated paint, repair of the substrate, and application of a new protective coating or paint. Lead-Based Paint Owner Certification is required following stabilization activities except for *de minimis* level repairs.

### 6.7 Manufactured Homes: Tie Downs

Manufactured homes must be placed on a site in a stable manner and be free from hazards such as sliding and wind damage. Manufactured homes must be securely anchored by a tie down device which distributes and transfers the loads imposed by the unit to appropriate ground anchors so as to resist wind overturning and sliding, unless a variation has been approved by the HUD Field Office.

## 5. All Secondary Rooms (Rooms not used for living) For each numbered item, check one box only.

Item No.	Description	Decision			If Fail, what repairs are necessary? If Inconclusive, give details. If Pass with comments, give details.	If Fail or Inconclusive, date (mm/dd/yyyy) of final approval
		Yes, Pass	No, Fail	Inconclusive		
5.1	None <input type="checkbox"/> Go to Part 6					
5.2	<b>Security</b> Are all windows and doors that are accessible from the outside lockable?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			
5.3	<b>Electrical Hazards</b> Are all these rooms free from electrical hazards?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		
5.4	<b>Other Potentially Hazardous Features</b> Are all of these rooms free of any other potentially hazardous features? For each room with an "other potentially hazardous feature," explain the hazard and the means of control of interior access to the room.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		
6.0	<b>Building Exterior</b>					
6.1	<b>Condition of Foundation</b> Is the foundation sound and free from hazards?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			
6.2	<b>Condition of Stairs, Rails, and Porches</b> Are all the exterior stairs, rails, and porches sound and free from hazards?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			
6.3	<b>Condition of Roof and Gutters</b> Are the roof, gutters, and downspouts sound and free from hazards?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			
6.4	<b>Condition of Exterior Surfaces</b> Are exterior surfaces sound and free from hazards?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			
6.5	<b>Condition of Chimney</b> Is the chimney sound and free from hazards?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			
6.6	<b>Lead-Based Paint: Exterior Surfaces</b> Are all painted surfaces free of deteriorated paint? If no, does deteriorated surfaces exceed 20 sq. ft. of total exterior surface area?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		<input type="checkbox"/> Not Applicable	
6.7	<b>Manufactured Homes: Tie Downs</b> If the unit is a manufactured home, is it properly placed and tied down? If not a manufactured home, check "Not Applicable."	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		<input type="checkbox"/> Not Applicable	

**Additional Comments:** (Give Item Number)(Use an additional page if necessary)

## 7. Heating and Plumbing

### 7.1 Adequacy of Heating Equipment

"Adequate heat" means that the heating system is capable of delivering enough heat to assure a healthy environment in the unit (appropriate to the climate). The HA is responsible for defining what constitutes a healthy living environment in the area of the country in which it operates. Local codes (city or state codes) should be instructive in arriving at a reasonable local definition. For example, for heat adequacy, local codes often require that the unit's heating facility be capable of maintaining a given temperature level during a designated time period. Portable electric room heaters or kitchen stoves or ranges with a built-in heat unit are not acceptable as a primary source of heat for units located in areas where climate conditions require regular heating.

"Directly or indirectly to all rooms used for living" means:

"Directly" means that each room used for living has a heat source (e.g., working radiator; working hot air register; baseboard heat)

"Indirectly" means that, if there is no heat source present in the room, heat can enter the room easily from a heated adjacent room (e.g. a dining room may not have a radiator, but would receive heat from the heated living room through a large open archway).

If the heating system in the unit works, but there is some question whether a room without a heat source would receive adequate indirect heat, check "Inconclusive" and verify adequacy from tenant or owner (e.g., unheated bedroom at the end of a long hallway).

How to determine the capability of the heating system: If the unit is occupied, usually the quickest way to determine the capability of the heating system over time is to question the tenant. If the unit is not occupied, or the tenant has not lived in the unit during the months when heat would be needed, check "Inclusive." It will be necessary to question the owner on this point after the inspection has been completed and, if possible, to question other tenants (if it is a multi-unit structure) about the adequacy of heat provided. Under some circumstances, the adequacy of heat can be determined by a simple comparison of the size of the heating system to the area to be heated. For example, a small permanently installed space heater in a living room is probably inadequate for heating anything larger than a relatively small apartment.

### 7.2 Safety of Heating Equipment

Examples of "unvented fuel burning space heaters" are: portable kerosene units; unvented open flame portable units.

"Other unsafe conditions" include: breakage or damage to heating system such that there is a potential for fire or other threats to safety; improper connection of flues allowing exhaust gases to enter the living area; improper installation of equipment (e.g., proximity of fuel tank to heat source, absence of safety devices); indications of improper use of equipment (e.g., evidence of heavy build-up of soot, creosote, or other substance in the chimney); disintegrating equipment; combustible materials near heat source or flue. See Inspection Manual for a more detailed discussion of the inspection of safety aspects of the heating systems.

If you are unable to gain access to the primary heating system in the unit check "Inconclusive." Contact the owner or manager for verification of safety of the system. If the system has passed a recent local inspection, check "Pass." This applies especially to units in which heat is provided by a large scale, complex central heating system that serves multiple units (e.g., a boiler in the basement of a large apartment building). In most cases, a large scale heating system for a multi-unit building will be subject to periodic safety inspections by a local public agency. Check with the owner or manager to determine the date and outcome of the last such inspection, or look for an inspection certificate posted on the heating system.

### 7.3 Ventilation and Adequacy of Cooling

If the tenant is present and has occupied the unit during the summer months, inquire about the adequacy of air flow. If the tenant is not present or has not occupied the unit during the summer months, test a sample of windows to see that they open (see Inspection Manual for instruction).

"Working cooling equipment" includes: central (fan) ventilation system; evaporative cooling system; room or central air conditioning.

Check "Inconclusive" if there are no operable windows and it is impossible, or inappropriate, to test whether a cooling system works. Check with other tenants in the building (in a multi-unit structure) and with the owner or manager for verification of the adequacy of ventilation and cooling.

### 7.4 Water Heater

"Location presents hazard" means that the gas or oil water heater is located in living areas or closets where safety hazards may exist (e.g., water heater located in very cluttered closet with cloth and paper items stacked against it). Gas water heaters in bedrooms or other living areas must have safety dividers or shields.

Water heaters must have a temperature- pressure relief valve and discharge line (directed toward the floor or outside of the living area) as a safeguard against build up of steam if the water heater malfunctions. If not, they are not properly equipped and shall fail.

To pass, gas or oil fired water heaters must be vented into a properly installed chimney or flue leading outside. Electric water heaters do not require venting.

If it is impossible to view the water heater, check "Inconclusive."

Obtain verification of safety of system from owner or manager.

Check "Pass" if the water heater has passed a local inspection. This applies primarily to hot water that is supplied by a large scale complex water heating system that serves multiple units (e.g., water heating system in large apartment building). Check in the same manner described for heating system safety, item 7.2, above.

### 7.5 Water Supply

If the structure is connected to a city or town water system, check "Pass." If the structure has a private water supply (usually in rural areas) inquire into the nature of the supply (probably from the owner) and whether it is approvable by an appropriate public agency.

**General note:** If items 7.5, 7.6, or 7.7 are checked "Inconclusive," check with owner or manager for verification of adequacy.

### 7.6 Plumbing

"Major leaks" means that main water drain and feed pipes (often located in the basement) are seriously leaking. (Leaks present at specific facilities have already been evaluated under the checklist items for "Bathroom" and "Kitchen.")

"Corrosion" (causing serious and persistent levels of rust or contamination in the drinking water) can be determined by observing the color of the drinking water at several taps. Badly corroded pipes will produce noticeably brownish water. If the tenant is currently occupying the unit, he or she should be able to provide information about the persistence of this condition. (Make sure that the "rusty water" is not a temporary condition caused by city or town maintenance of main water lines.) See general note under 7.5.

### 7.7 Sewer Connection

If the structure is connected to the city or town sewer system, check "Pass." If the structure has its own private disposal system (e.g., septic field), inquire into the nature of the system and determine whether this type of system can meet appropriate health and safety regulations.

The following conditions constitute "evidence of sewer back up": strong sewer gas smell in the basement or outside of unit; numerous clogged or very slow drains; marshy areas outside of unit above septic field. See general note under 7.5.

## 7. Heating and Plumbing

For each numbered item, check one box only.

Item No.	Description	Decision			If Fail, what repairs are necessary? If Inconclusive, give details. If Pass with comments, give details.	If Fail or Inconclusive, date (mm/dd/yyyy) of final approval
		Yes, Pass	No, Fail	Inconclusive		
<b>7.1 Adequacy of Heating Equipment</b>	Is the heating equipment capable of providing adequate heat (either directly or indirectly) to all rooms used for living?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		
<b>7.2 Safety of Heating Equipment</b>	Is the unit free from unvented fuel burning space heaters or any other types of unsafe heating conditions?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		
<b>7.3 Ventilation and Adequacy of Cooling</b>	Does the unit have adequate ventilation and cooling by means of openable windows or a working cooling system?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		
<b>7.4 Water Heater</b>	Is the water heater located, equipped, and installed in a safe manner?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		
<b>7.5 Water Supply</b>	Is the unit served by an approvable public or private sanitary water supply?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		
<b>7.6 Plumbing</b>	Is plumbing free from major leaks or corrosion that causes serious and persistent levels of rust or contamination of the drinking water?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		
<b>7.7 Sewer Connection</b>	Is plumbing connected to an approvable public or private disposal system, and is it free from sewer back-up?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		

**Additional Comments:** (Give Item Number)

## 8. General Health and Safety

### 8.1 Access to Unit

"Through another unit" means that access to the unit is only possible by means of passage through another dwelling unit.

### 8.2 Exits

"Acceptable fire exit" means that the building must have an alternative means of exit that meets local or State regulations in case of fire; this could include:

An openable window if the unit is on the first floor or second floor or easily accessible to the ground.

A back door opening on to a porch with a stairway leading to the ground.

Fire escape, fire ladder, or fire stairs.

"Blocked" means that the exit is not useable due to conditions such as debris, storage, door or window nailed shut, broken lock.

Important note: The HA has the final responsibility for deciding whether the type of emergency exit is acceptable, although the tenant should assist in making the decision.

### 8.3 Evidence of Infestation

"Presence of rats, or severe infestation by mice or vermin" (such as roaches) is evidenced by: rat holes; droppings; rat runs; numerous settings of rat poison. If the unit is occupied, ask the tenant,

### 8.4 Garbage and Debris

"Heavy accumulation" means large piles of trash and garbage, discarded furniture, and other debris (not temporarily stored awaiting removal) that might harbor rodents. This may occur inside the unit, in common areas, or outside. It usually means a level of accumulation beyond the capacity of an individual to pick up within an hour or two.

### 8.5 Refuse Disposal

"Adequate covered facilities" includes: trash cans with covers, garbage chutes, "dumpsters" (i.e., large scale refuse boxes with lids), trash bags (if approvable by local public agency). "Approvable by local public agency" means that the local Health and Sanitation Department (city, town or county) approves the type of facility in use. Note: During the period when the HA is setting up its inspection program, it will check with the local health and sanitation department to determine which types of facilities are acceptable and include this in the inspection requirements.

If the unit is vacant and there are no adequate covered facilities present, check "Inconclusive." Contact the owner or manager for verification of facilities provided when the unit is occupied.

### 8.6 Interior Stairs and Common Halls

"Loose, broken, or missing steps" should fail if they present a serious risk of tripping or falling.

A handrail is required on extended sections of stairs (generally four or more consecutive steps). A railing is required on unprotected heights such as around stairwells.

"Other hazards" would be conditions such as bare electrical wires and tripping hazards.

**Housing Choice Voucher Units** If the unit was built January 1, 1978, or after, no child under six will occupy or currently occupies it, is a 0-BR, elderly or handicapped unit with no children under six on the lease or expected, has been certified lead-based paint free by a certified lead-based paint inspector (no lead-based paint present or no lead-based paint present after removal of lead-based paint.), check NA and do not inspect painted surfaces.

This requirement applies to all painted surfaces (building components) within the unit. (Do not include tenant belongings). Surfaces to receive a visual assessment for deteriorated paint include walls, floors, ceilings, built in cabinets (sink bases), baseboards, doors, door frames, windows systems including

mullions, sills, or frames and any other painted building component within the unit. Deteriorated paint includes any painted surface that is peeling, chipping, chalking, cracking, damaged or otherwise separated from the substrate.

All deteriorated paint surfaces **more than 2 sq. ft. in any one interior room or space, or more than 10% of the total surface area of an interior type of component with a small surface area (i.e., window sills, baseboards, and trim)** must be stabilized (corrected) in accordance with all safe work practice requirements and clearance is required. **If the deteriorated painted surface is less than 2 sq. ft. or less than 10% of the component, only stabilization is required. Clearance testing is not required.** Stabilization means removal of deteriorated paint, repair of the substrate, and application of a new protective coating or paint. Lead-Based Paint Owner Certification is required following stabilization activities, except for *de minimis level* repairs.

### 8.7 Other Interior Hazards

Examples of other hazards might be: a broken bathroom fixture with a sharp edge in a location where it represents a hazard; a protruding nail in a doorway.

### 8.8 Elevators

Note: At the time the HA is setting up its inspection program, it will determine local licensing practices for elevators. Inspectors should then be aware of these practices in evaluating this item (e.g., check inspection date). If no elevator check "Not Applicable."

### 8.9 Interior Air Quality

If the inspector has any questions about whether an existing poor air quality condition should be considered dangerous, he or she should check with the local Health and Safety Department (city, town or county).

### 8.10 Site and Neighborhood Conditions

Examples of conditions that would "seriously and continuously endanger the health or safety of the residents" are:

other buildings on, or near the property, that pose serious hazards (e.g., dilapidated shed or garage with potential for structural collapse),  
evidence of flooding or major drainage problems,  
evidence of mud slides or large land settlement or collapse,  
proximity to open sewage,  
unprotected heights (cliffs, quarries, mines, sandpits),  
fire hazards,  
abnormal air pollution or smoke which continues throughout the year and is determined to seriously endanger health, and  
continuous or excessive vibration of vehicular traffic (if the unit is occupied, ask the tenant).

### 8.11 Lead-Based Paint: Owner Certification

If the owner is required to correct any lead-based paint hazards at the property including deteriorated paint or other hazards identified by a visual assessor, a certified lead-based paint risk assessor, or certified lead-based paint inspector, the PHA must obtain certification that the work has been done in accordance with all applicable requirements of 24 CFR Part 35. The Lead-Based Paint Owner Certification must be received by the PHA before the execution of the HAP contract or within the time period stated by the PHA in the owner HQS violation notice. Receipt of the completed and signed Lead-Based Paint Owner Certification signifies that all HQS lead-based paint requirements have been met and no re-inspection by the HQS inspector is required.

## 8. General Health and Safety

For each numbered item, check one box only.

Item No.	Description	Decision			If Fail, what repairs are necessary? If Inconclusive, give details. If Pass with comments, give details.	If Fail or Inconclusive, date (mm/dd/yyyy) of final approval
		Yes, Pass	No, Fail	Inconclusive		
<b>8.1 Access to Unit</b>	Can the unit be entered without having to go through another unit?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			
<b>8.2 Exits</b>	Is there an acceptable fire exit from this building that is not blocked?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			
<b>8.3 Evidence of Infestation</b>	Is the unit free from rats or severe infestation by mice or vermin?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			
<b>8.4 Garbage and Debris</b>	Is the unit free from heavy accumulation of garbage or debris inside and outside?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			
<b>8.5 Refuse Disposal</b>	Are there adequate covered facilities for temporary storage and disposal of food wastes, and are they approvable by a local agency?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		
<b>8.6 Interior Stairs and Common Halls</b>	Are interior stairs and common halls free from hazards to the occupant because of loose, broken, or missing steps on stairways; absent or insecure railings; inadequate lighting; or other hazards?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		
<b>8.7 Other Interior Hazards</b>	Is the interior of the unit free from any other hazard not specifically identified previously?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			
<b>8.8 Elevators</b>	Where local practice requires, do all elevators have a current inspection certificate? If local practice does not require this, are they working and safe?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> Not Applicable	
<b>8.9 Interior Air Quality</b>	Is the unit free from abnormally high levels of air pollution from vehicular exhaust, sewer gas, fuel gas, dust, or other pollutants?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			
<b>8.10 Site and Neighborhood Conditions</b>	Are the site and immediate neighborhood free from conditions which would seriously and continuously endanger the health or safety of the residents?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			
<b>8.11 Lead-Based Paint: Owner Certification</b>	If the owner of the unit is required to correct any deteriorated paint or lead-based paint hazards at the property, has the Lead-Based Paint Owner's Certification been completed, and received by the PHA? If the owner was not required to correct any deteriorated paint or lead-based paint hazards, check NA.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		<input type="checkbox"/> Not Applicable	

**Additional Comments:** (Give Item Number)

Comments continued on a separate page Yes ☐ No ☐ Page 19 of 19



# FACT SHEET

## EPA and HUD Move to Protect Children from Lead-Based Paint Poisoning; Disclosure of Lead-Based Paint Hazards in Housing

### SUMMARY

The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and the Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) are announcing efforts to ensure that the public receives the information necessary to prevent lead poisoning in homes that may contain lead-based paint hazards. Beginning this fall, most home buyers and renters will receive known information on lead-based paint and lead-based paint hazards during sales and rentals of housing built before 1978. Buyers and renters will receive specific information on lead-based paint in the housing as well as a Federal pamphlet with practical, low-cost tips on identifying and controlling lead-based paint hazards. Sellers, landlords, and their agents will be responsible for providing this information to the buyer or renter before sale or lease.

### LEAD-BASED PAINT IN HOUSING

Approximately three-quarters of the nation's housing stock built before 1978 (approximately 64 million dwellings) contains some lead-based paint. When properly maintained and managed, this paint poses little risk. However, 1.7 million children have blood-lead levels above safe limits, mostly due to exposure to lead-based paint hazards.

### EFFECTS OF LEAD POISONING

Lead poisoning can cause permanent damage to the brain and many other organs and causes reduced intelligence and behavioral problems. Lead can also cause abnormal fetal development in pregnant women.

### BACKGROUND

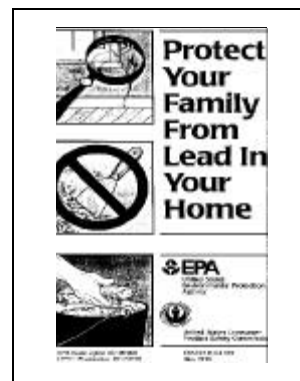
To protect families from exposure to lead from paint, dust, and soil, Congress passed the Residential Lead-Based Paint Hazard Reduction Act of 1992, also

known as Title X. Section 1018 of this law directed HUD and EPA to require the disclosure of known information on lead-based paint and lead-based paint hazards before the sale or lease of most housing built before 1978.

### WHAT IS REQUIRED

Before ratification of a contract for housing sale or lease:

- Sellers and landlords must disclose known lead-based paint and lead-based paint hazards and provide available reports to buyers or renters.
- Sellers and landlords must give buyers and renters the pamphlet, developed by EPA, HUD, and the Consumer Product Safety Commission (CPSC), titled *Protect Your Family from Lead in Your Home*.
- Home buyers will get a 10-day period to conduct a lead-based paint inspection or risk assessment at their own expense. The rule gives the two parties flexibility to negotiate key terms of the evaluation.
- Sales contracts and leasing agreements must include certain notification and disclosure language.
- Sellers, lessors, and real estate agents share responsibility for ensuring compliance.





## WHAT IS NOT REQUIRED

- This rule does not require any testing or removal of lead-based paint by sellers or landlords.
- This rule does not invalidate leasing and sales contracts.

## TYPE OF HOUSING COVERED

Most private housing, public housing, Federally owned housing, and housing receiving Federal assistance are affected by this rule.

## TYPE OF HOUSING NOT COVERED

- Housing built after 1977 (Congress chose not to cover post-1977 housing because the CPSC banned the use of lead-based paint for residential use in 1978).
- Zero-bedroom units, such as efficiencies, lofts, and dormitories.
- Leases for less than 100 days, such as vacation houses or short-term rentals.
- Housing for the elderly (unless children live there).
- Housing for the handicapped (unless children live there).

- Rental housing that has been inspected by a certified inspector and found to be free of lead-based paint.
- Foreclosure sales.

## EFFECTIVE DATES

- For owners of more than 4 dwelling units, the effective date is September 6, 1996.
- For owners of 4 or fewer dwelling units, the effective date is December 6, 1996.

## THOSE AFFECTED

The rule will help inform about 9 million renters and 3 million home buyers each year. The estimated cost associated with learning about the requirements, obtaining the pamphlet and other materials, and conducting disclosure activities is about \$6 per transaction.

## EFFECT ON STATES AND LOCAL GOVERNMENTS

This rule should not impose additional burdens on states since it is a Federally administered and enforced requirement. Some state laws and regulations require the disclosure of lead hazards in housing. The Federal regulations will act as a complement to existing state requirements.

### FOR MORE INFORMATION

- For a copy of *Protect Your Family from Lead in Your Home* (in English or Spanish), the sample disclosure forms, or the rule, call the National Lead Information Clearinghouse (NLIC) at (800) 424-LEAD, or TDD (800) 526-5456 for the hearing impaired. You may also send your request by fax to (202) 659-1192 or by Internet E-mail to [ehc@cais.com](mailto:ehc@cais.com). Visit the NLIC on the Internet at <http://www.nsc.org/nsc/ehc/ehc.html>.
- Bulk copies of the pamphlet are available from the Government Printing Office (GPO) at (202) 512-1800. Refer to the complete title or GPO stock number 055-000-00507-9. The price is \$26.00 for a pack of 50 copies. Alternatively, persons may reproduce the pamphlet, for use or distribution, if the text and graphics are reproduced in full. Camera-ready copies of the pamphlet are available from the National Lead Information Clearinghouse.
- For specific questions about lead-based paint and lead-based paint hazards, call the National Lead Information Clearinghouse at (800) 424-LEAD, or TDD (800) 526-5456 for the hearing impaired.
- The EPA pamphlet and rule are available electronically and may be accessed through the Internet.

#### Electronic Access:

**Gopher:** [gopher.epa.gov:70/11/Offices/PestPreventToxic/Toxic/lead\\_pm](http://gopher.epa.gov:70/11/Offices/PestPreventToxic/Toxic/lead_pm)

**WWW:** <http://www.epa.gov/opptintr/lead/index.html>  
<http://www.hud.gov>

**Dial up:** (919) 558-0335

**FTP:** [ftp.epa.gov](ftp://ftp.epa.gov) (To login, type "anonymous." Your password is your Internet E-mail address.)

**Disclosure of Information on Lead-Based Paint and/or Lead-Based Paint Hazards**

**Lead Warning Statement**

*Housing built before 1978 may contain lead-based paint. Lead from paint, paint chips, and dust can pose health hazards if not managed properly. Lead exposure is especially harmful to young children and pregnant women. Before renting pre-1978 housing, lessors must disclose the presence of known lead-based paint and/or lead-based paint hazards in the dwelling. Lessees must also receive a federally approved pamphlet on lead poisoning prevention.*

**Lessor's Disclosure**

LANDLORD MUST COMPLETE (a) and (b)

(a) Presence of lead-based paint and/or lead-based paint hazards (check (i) or (ii) below):

(i) \_\_\_\_\_ Known lead-based paint and/or lead-based paint hazards are present in the housing (explain).

\_\_\_\_\_

(ii) \_\_\_\_\_ Lessor has no knowledge of lead-based paint and/or lead-based paint hazards in the housing.

(b) Records and reports available to the lessor (check (i) or (ii) below):

(i) \_\_\_\_\_ Lessor has provided the lessee with all available records and reports pertaining to lead-based paint and/or lead-based paint hazards in the housing (list documents below).

\_\_\_\_\_

(ii) \_\_\_\_\_ Lessor has no reports or records pertaining to lead-based paint and/or lead-based paint hazards in the housing.

**Lessee's Acknowledgment (initial)**

TENANT MUST INITIAL (c) and/or (d)

(c) \_\_\_\_\_ Lessee has received copies of all information listed above.

(d) \_\_\_\_\_ Lessee has received the pamphlet *Protect Your Family from Lead in Your Home*.

**Agent's Acknowledgment (initial)**

(e) \_\_\_\_\_ Agent has informed the lessor of the lessor's obligations under 42 U.S.C. 4852(d) and is aware of his/her responsibility to ensure compliance.

**Certification of Accuracy**

The following parties have reviewed the information above and certify, to the best of their knowledge, that the information they have provided is true and accurate.

Lessor	LANDLORD	Date	Lessor	Date
Lessee	TENANT	Date	Lessee	Date
Agent		Date	Agent	Date



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# Protect Your Family From Lead in Your Home

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United States  
Environmental  
Protection Agency



United States  
Consumer Product  
Safety Commission



United States  
Department of Housing  
and Urban Development

## Are You Planning to Buy or Rent a Home Built Before 1978?

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Did you know that many homes built before 1978 have **lead-based paint**? Lead from paint, chips, and dust can pose serious health hazards.

### Read this entire brochure to learn:

- How lead gets into the body
- About health effects of lead
- What you can do to protect your family
- Where to go for more information

### Before renting or buying a pre-1978 home or apartment, federal law requires:

- Sellers must disclose known information on lead-based paint or lead-based paint hazards before selling a house.
- Real estate sales contracts must include a specific warning statement about lead-based paint. Buyers have up to 10 days to check for lead.
- Landlords must disclose known information on lead-based paint and lead-based paint hazards before leases take effect. Leases must include a specific warning statement about lead-based paint.

### If undertaking renovations, repairs, or painting (RRP) projects in your pre-1978 home or apartment:

- Read EPA's pamphlet, *The Lead-Safe Certified Guide to Renovate Right*, to learn about the lead-safe work practices that contractors are required to follow when working in your home (see page 12).



## Simple Steps to Protect Your Family from Lead Hazards

### If you think your home has lead-based paint:

- Don't try to remove lead-based paint yourself.
- Always keep painted surfaces in good condition to minimize deterioration.
- Get your home checked for lead hazards. Find a certified inspector or risk assessor at [epa.gov/lead](https://www.epa.gov/lead).
- Talk to your landlord about fixing surfaces with peeling or chipping paint.
- Regularly clean floors, window sills, and other surfaces.
- Take precautions to avoid exposure to lead dust when remodeling.
- When renovating, repairing, or painting, hire only EPA- or state-approved Lead-Safe certified renovation firms.
- Before buying, renting, or renovating your home have it checked for lead-based paint.
- Consult your health care provider about testing your children for lead. Your pediatrician can check for lead with a simple blood test.
- Wash children's hands, bottles, pacifiers, and toys often.
- Make sure children eat healthy, low-fat foods high in iron, calcium, and vitamin C.
- Remove shoes or wipe soil off shoes before entering your house.

## Lead Gets into the Body in Many Ways

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### **Adults and children can get lead into their bodies if they:**

- Breathe in lead dust (especially during activities such as renovations, repairs, or painting that disturb painted surfaces).
- Swallow lead dust that has settled on food, food preparation surfaces, and other places.
- Eat paint chips or soil that contains lead.

### **Lead is especially dangerous to children under the age of 6.**

- At this age, children's brains and nervous systems are more sensitive to the damaging effects of lead.
- Children's growing bodies absorb more lead.
- Babies and young children often put their hands and other objects in their mouths. These objects can have lead dust on them.



### **Women of childbearing age should know that lead is dangerous to a developing fetus.**

- Women with a high lead level in their system before or during pregnancy risk exposing the fetus to lead through the placenta during fetal development.

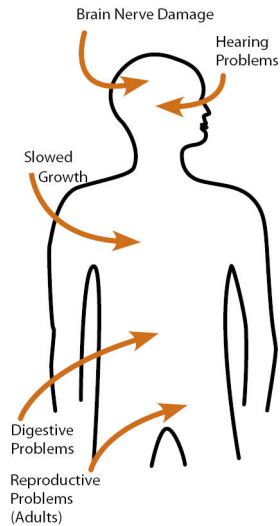
## Health Effects of Lead

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**Lead affects the body in many ways.** It is important to know that even exposure to low levels of lead can severely harm children.

### **In children, exposure to lead can cause:**

- Nervous system and kidney damage
- Learning disabilities, attention deficit disorder, and decreased intelligence
- Speech, language, and behavior problems
- Poor muscle coordination
- Decreased muscle and bone growth
- Hearing damage



While low-lead exposure is most common, exposure to high amounts of lead can have devastating effects on children, including seizures, unconsciousness, and, in some cases, death.

Although children are especially susceptible to lead exposure, lead can be dangerous for adults, too.

### **In adults, exposure to lead can cause:**

- Harm to a developing fetus
- Increased chance of high blood pressure during pregnancy
- Fertility problems (in men and women)
- High blood pressure
- Digestive problems
- Nerve disorders
- Memory and concentration problems
- Muscle and joint pain

## Check Your Family for Lead

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**Get your children and home tested if you think your home has lead.**

Children's blood lead levels tend to increase rapidly from 6 to 12 months of age, and tend to peak at 18 to 24 months of age.

Consult your doctor for advice on testing your children. A simple blood test can detect lead. Blood lead tests are usually recommended for:

- Children at ages 1 and 2
- Children or other family members who have been exposed to high levels of lead
- Children who should be tested under your state or local health screening plan

**Your doctor can explain what the test results mean and if more testing will be needed.**



## Where Lead-Based Paint Is Found

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In general, the older your home or childcare facility, the more likely it has lead-based paint.<sup>1</sup>

**Many homes, including private, federally assisted, federally owned housing, and childcare facilities built before 1978 have lead-based paint.** In 1978, the federal government banned consumer uses of lead-containing paint.<sup>2</sup>

Learn how to determine if paint is lead-based paint on page 7.

### Lead can be found:

- In homes and childcare facilities in the city, country, or suburbs,
- In private and public single-family homes and apartments,
- On surfaces inside and outside of the house, and
- In soil around a home. (Soil can pick up lead from exterior paint or other sources, such as past use of leaded gas in cars.)

Learn more about where lead is found at [epa.gov/lead](https://www.epa.gov/lead).

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<sup>1</sup> “Lead-based paint” is currently defined by the federal government as paint with lead levels greater than or equal to 1.0 milligram per square centimeter (mg/cm), or more than 0.5% by weight.

<sup>2</sup> “Lead-containing paint” is currently defined by the federal government as lead in new dried paint in excess of 90 parts per million (ppm) by weight.

## Identifying Lead-Based Paint and Lead-Based Paint Hazards

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**Deteriorating lead-based paint (peeling, chipping, chalking, cracking, or damaged paint)** is a hazard and needs immediate attention. **Lead-based paint** may also be a hazard when found on surfaces that children can chew or that get a lot of wear and tear, such as:

- On windows and window sills
- Doors and door frames
- Stairs, railings, banisters, and porches

**Lead-based paint is usually not a hazard if it is in good condition** and if it is not on an impact or friction surface like a window.

**Lead dust** can form when lead-based paint is scraped, sanded, or heated. Lead dust also forms when painted surfaces containing lead bump or rub together. Lead paint chips and dust can get on surfaces and objects that people touch. Settled lead dust can reenter the air when the home is vacuumed or swept, or when people walk through it. EPA currently defines the following levels of lead in dust as hazardous:

- 40 micrograms per square foot ( $\mu\text{g}/\text{ft}^2$ ) and higher for floors, including carpeted floors
- 250  $\mu\text{g}/\text{ft}^2$  and higher for interior window sills

**Lead in soil** can be a hazard when children play in bare soil or when people bring soil into the house on their shoes. EPA currently defines the following levels of lead in soil as hazardous:

- 400 parts per million (ppm) and higher in play areas of bare soil
- 1,200 ppm (average) and higher in bare soil in the remainder of the yard

**Remember, lead from paint chips—which you can see—and lead dust—which you may not be able to see—both can be hazards.**

The only way to find out if paint, dust, or soil lead hazards exist is to test for them. The next page describes how to do this.

## Checking Your Home for Lead

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You can get your home tested for lead in several different ways:

- A lead-based paint **inspection** tells you if your home has lead-based paint and where it is located. It won't tell you whether your home currently has lead hazards. A trained and certified testing professional, called a lead-based paint inspector, will conduct a paint inspection using methods, such as:
  - Portable x-ray fluorescence (XRF) machine
  - Lab tests of paint samples
- A **risk assessment** tells you if your home currently has any lead hazards from lead in paint, dust, or soil. It also tells you what actions to take to address any hazards. A trained and certified testing professional, called a risk assessor, will:
  - Sample paint that is deteriorated on doors, windows, floors, stairs, and walls
  - Sample dust near painted surfaces and sampling bare soil in the yard
  - Get lab tests of paint, dust, and soil samples
- A combination inspection and risk assessment tells you if your home has any lead-based paint and if your home has any lead hazards, and where both are located.



Be sure to read the report provided to you after your inspection or risk assessment is completed, and ask questions about anything you do not understand.

## Checking Your Home for Lead, continued

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In preparing for renovation, repair, or painting work in a pre-1978 home, Lead-Safe Certified renovators (see page 12) may:

- Take paint chip samples to determine if lead-based paint is present in the area planned for renovation and send them to an EPA-recognized lead lab for analysis. In housing receiving federal assistance, the person collecting these samples must be a certified lead-based paint inspector or risk assessor
- Use EPA-recognized tests kits to determine if lead-based paint is absent (but not in housing receiving federal assistance)
- Presume that lead-based paint is present and use lead-safe work practices

There are state and federal programs in place to ensure that testing is done safely, reliably, and effectively. Contact your state or local agency for more information, visit [epa.gov/lead](https://epa.gov/lead), or call **1-800-424-LEAD (5323)** for a list of contacts in your area.<sup>3</sup>

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<sup>3</sup> Hearing-or speech challenged individuals may access this number through TTY by calling the Federal Relay Service at 1-800-877-8399.

## What You Can Do Now to Protect Your Family

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**If you suspect that your house has lead-based paint hazards, you can take some immediate steps to reduce your family's risk:**

- If you rent, notify your landlord of peeling or chipping paint.
- Keep painted surfaces clean and free of dust. Clean floors, window frames, window sills, and other surfaces weekly. Use a mop or sponge with warm water and a general all-purpose cleaner. (Remember: never mix ammonia and bleach products together because they can form a dangerous gas.)
- Carefully clean up paint chips immediately without creating dust.
- Thoroughly rinse sponges and mop heads often during cleaning of dirty or dusty areas, and again afterward.
- Wash your hands and your children's hands often, especially before they eat and before nap time and bed time.
- Keep play areas clean. Wash bottles, pacifiers, toys, and stuffed animals regularly.
- Keep children from chewing window sills or other painted surfaces, or eating soil.
- When renovating, repairing, or painting, hire only EPA- or state-approved Lead-Safe Certified renovation firms (see page 12).
- Clean or remove shoes before entering your home to avoid tracking in lead from soil.
- Make sure children eat nutritious, low-fat meals high in iron, and calcium, such as spinach and dairy products. Children with good diets absorb less lead.

## Reducing Lead Hazards

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**Disturbing lead-based paint or removing lead improperly can increase the hazard to your family by spreading even more lead dust around the house.**

- In addition to day-to-day cleaning and good nutrition, you can **temporarily** reduce lead-based paint hazards by taking actions, such as repairing damaged painted surfaces and planting grass to cover lead-contaminated soil. These actions are not permanent solutions and will need ongoing attention.
- You can minimize exposure to lead when renovating, repairing, or painting, by hiring an EPA- or state-certified renovator who is trained in the use of lead-safe work practices. If you are a do-it-yourselfer, learn how to use lead-safe work practices in your home.
- To remove lead hazards permanently, you should hire a certified lead abatement contractor. Abatement (or permanent hazard elimination) methods include removing, sealing, or enclosing lead-based paint with special materials. Just painting over the hazard with regular paint is not permanent control.



**Always use a certified contractor who is trained to address lead hazards safely.**

- Hire a Lead-Safe Certified firm (see page 12) to perform renovation, repair, or painting (RRP) projects that disturb painted surfaces.
- To correct lead hazards permanently, hire a certified lead abatement professional. This will ensure your contractor knows how to work safely and has the proper equipment to clean up thoroughly.

Certified contractors will employ qualified workers and follow strict safety rules as set by their state or by the federal government.

## Reducing Lead Hazards, continued

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**If your home has had lead abatement work done** or if the housing is receiving federal assistance, once the work is completed, dust cleanup activities must be conducted until clearance testing indicates that lead dust levels are below the following levels:

- 40 micrograms per square foot ( $\mu\text{g}/\text{ft}^2$ ) for floors, including carpeted floors
- 250  $\mu\text{g}/\text{ft}^2$  for interior windows sills
- 400  $\mu\text{g}/\text{ft}^2$  for window troughs

For help in locating certified lead abatement professionals in your area, call your state or local agency (see pages 14 and 15), or visit [epa.gov/lead](https://epa.gov/lead), or call 1-800-424-LEAD.

## Renovating, Remodeling, or Repairing (RRP) a Home with Lead-Based Paint

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If you hire a contractor to conduct renovation, repair, or painting (RRP) projects in your pre-1978 home or childcare facility (such as pre-school and kindergarten), your contractor must:

- Be a Lead-Safe Certified firm approved by EPA or an EPA-authorized state program
- Use qualified trained individuals (Lead-Safe Certified renovators) who follow specific lead-safe work practices to prevent lead contamination
- Provide a copy of EPA's lead hazard information document, *The Lead-Safe Certified Guide to Renovate Right*



**RRP contractors working in pre-1978 homes and childcare facilities must follow lead-safe work practices that:**

- **Contain the work area.** The area must be contained so that dust and debris do not escape from the work area. Warning signs must be put up, and plastic or other impermeable material and tape must be used.
- **Avoid renovation methods that generate large amounts of lead-contaminated dust.** Some methods generate so much lead-contaminated dust that their use is prohibited. They are:
  - Open-flame burning or torching
  - Sanding, grinding, planing, needle gunning, or blasting with power tools and equipment not equipped with a shroud and HEPA vacuum attachment and
  - Using a heat gun at temperatures greater than 1100°F
- **Clean up thoroughly.** The work area should be cleaned up daily. When all the work is done, the area must be cleaned up using special cleaning methods.
- **Dispose of waste properly.** Collect and seal waste in a heavy duty bag or sheeting. When transported, ensure that waste is contained to prevent release of dust and debris.

To learn more about EPA's requirements for RRP projects visit [epa.gov/getleadsafe](http://epa.gov/getleadsafe), or read *The Lead-Safe Certified Guide to Renovate Right*.



## Other Sources of Lead

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**While paint, dust, and soil are the most common sources of lead, other lead sources also exist:**

- **Drinking water.** Your home might have plumbing with lead or lead solder. You cannot see, smell, or taste lead, and boiling your water will not get rid of lead. If you think your plumbing might contain lead:

- Use only cold water for drinking and cooking.
- Run water for 15 to 30 seconds before drinking it, especially if you have not used your water for a few hours.

Call your local health department or water supplier to find out about testing your water, or visit [epa.gov/lead](https://www.epa.gov/lead) for EPA's lead in drinking water information.

- **Lead smelters** or other industries that release lead into the air.
- **Your job.** If you work with lead, you could bring it home on your body or clothes. Shower and change clothes before coming home. Launder your work clothes separately from the rest of your family's clothes.
- **Hobbies** that use lead, such as making pottery or stained glass, or refinishing furniture. Call your local health department for information about hobbies that may use lead.
- Old **toys** and **furniture** may have been painted with lead-containing paint. Older toys and other children's products may have parts that contain lead.<sup>4</sup>
- Food and liquids cooked or stored in **lead crystal** or **lead-glazed pottery or porcelain** may contain lead.
- Folk remedies, such as "**greta**" and "**azarcon**," used to treat an upset stomach.

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<sup>4</sup> In 1978, the federal government banned toys, other children's products, and furniture with lead-containing paint (16 CFR 1303). In 2008, the federal government banned lead in most children's products. The federal government currently bans lead in excess of 100 ppm by weight in most children's products (76 FR 44463).

## For More Information

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### **The National Lead Information Center**

Learn how to protect children from lead poisoning and get other information about lead hazards on the Web at [epa.gov/lead](http://epa.gov/lead) and [hud.gov/lead](http://hud.gov/lead), or call **1-800-424-LEAD (5323)**.

### **EPA's Safe Drinking Water Hotline**

For information about lead in drinking water, call **1-800-426-4791**, or visit [epa.gov/lead](http://epa.gov/lead) for information about lead in drinking water.

### **Consumer Product Safety Commission (CPSC) Hotline**

For information on lead in toys and other consumer products, or to report an unsafe consumer product or a product-related injury, call **1-800-638-2772**, or visit CPSC's website at [cpsc.gov](http://cpsc.gov) or [saferproducts.gov](http://saferproducts.gov).

### **State and Local Health and Environmental Agencies**

Some states, tribes, and cities have their own rules related to lead-based paint. Check with your local agency to see which laws apply to you. Most agencies can also provide information on finding a lead abatement firm in your area, and on possible sources of financial aid for reducing lead hazards. Receive up-to-date address and phone information for your state or local contacts on the Web at [epa.gov/lead](http://epa.gov/lead), or contact the National Lead Information Center at **1-800-424-LEAD**.

Hearing- or speech-challenged individuals may access any of the phone numbers in this brochure through TTY by calling the toll-free Federal Relay Service at **1-800-877-8339**.

## U. S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Regional Offices

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The mission of EPA is to protect human health and the environment. Your Regional EPA Office can provide further information regarding regulations and lead protection programs.

**Region 1** (Connecticut, Massachusetts, Maine, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, Vermont)

Regional Lead Contact  
U.S. EPA Region 1  
Suite 1100 (CPT) One Congress Street  
Boston, MA 02114-2023  
(617) 918-1524

**Region 2** (New Jersey, New York, Puerto Rico, Virgin Islands)

Regional Lead Contact  
U.S. EPA Region 2  
2890 Woodbridge Avenue  
Building 205, Mail Stop 225  
Edison, NJ 08837-3679  
(732) 321-6671

**Region 3** (Delaware, Maryland, Pennsylvania, Virginia, DC, West Virginia)

Regional Lead Contact  
U.S. EPA Region 3  
1650 Arch Street  
Philadelphia, PA 19103  
(215) 814-2088

**Region 4** (Alabama, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee)

Regional Lead Contact  
U.S. EPA Region 4  
AFC Tower, 12th Floor, Air, Pesticides & Toxics  
61 Forsyth Street, SW  
Atlanta, GA 30303  
(404) 562-8998

**Region 5** (Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Minnesota, Ohio, Wisconsin)

Regional Lead Contact  
U.S. EPA Region 5 (DT-8J)  
77 West Jackson Boulevard  
Chicago, IL 60604-3666  
(312) 886-7836

**Region 6** (Arkansas, Louisiana, New Mexico, Oklahoma, Texas, and 66 Tribes)

Regional Lead Contact  
1445 Ross Avenue, 12th Floor  
Dallas, TX 75202-2733  
(214) 665-2704

**Region 7** (Iowa, Kansas, Missouri, Nebraska)

Regional Lead Contact  
U.S. EPA Region 7  
11201 Renner Blvd.  
WWPD/TOPE  
Lenexa, KS 66219  
(800) 223-0425

**Region 8** (Colorado, Montana, North Dakota, South Dakota, Utah, Wyoming)

Regional Lead Contact  
U.S. EPA Region 8  
1595 Wynkoop St.  
Denver, CO 80202  
(303) 312-6966

**Region 9** (Arizona, California, Hawaii, Nevada)

Regional Lead Contact  
U.S. EPA Region 9 (CMD-4-2)  
75 Hawthorne Street  
San Francisco, CA 94105  
(415) 947-4280

**Region 10** (Alaska, Idaho, Oregon, Washington)

Regional Lead Contact  
U.S. EPA Region 10  
Solid Waste & Toxics Unit (WCM-128)  
1200 Sixth Avenue, Suite 900  
Seattle, WA 98101  
(206) 553-1200

## Consumer Product Safety Commission (CPSC)

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The CPSC protects the public against unreasonable risk of injury from consumer products through education, safety standards activities, and enforcement. Contact CPSC for further information regarding consumer product safety and regulations.

### CPSC

4330 East West Highway  
Bethesda, MD 20814-4421  
1-800-638-2772  
[cpsc.gov](http://cpsc.gov) or [saferproducts.gov](http://saferproducts.gov)

## U. S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD)

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HUD's mission is to create strong, sustainable, inclusive communities and quality affordable homes for all. Contact HUD's Office of Healthy Homes and Lead Hazard Control for further information regarding the Lead Safe Housing Rule which protects families in pre-1978 assisted housing and the lead hazard control and research grant programs.

### HUD

451 Seventh Street, SW, Room 8236  
Washington, DC 20410-3000  
(202) 402-7698  
[hud.gov/offices/lead/](http://hud.gov/offices/lead/)

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# IMPORTANT!

## **Lead From Paint, Dust, and Soil in and Around Your Home Can Be Dangerous if Not Managed Properly**

- Children under 6 years old are most at risk for lead poisoning in your home.
- Lead exposure can harm young children, babies, and fetuses even before they are born.
- Homes, schools, and child care facilities built before 1978 are likely to contain lead-based paint.
- Even children who seem healthy may have dangerous levels of lead in their bodies.
- Disturbing surfaces with lead-based paint or removing lead-based paint improperly can increase the danger to your family.
- People can get lead into their bodies by breathing or swallowing lead dust, or by eating soil or paint chips containing lead.
- People have many options for reducing lead hazards. Generally, lead-based paint that is in good condition is not a hazard (see page 10).

# Overview of PMHA's Housing Programs

## Historical Background

The PMHA was organized in 1968 by a group of local businessmen. The purpose of the agency, at that time, was to provide rental assistance to residents of Ravenna. Over the years, the remaining portions of Portage County were added to the jurisdiction of the Housing Authority. The PMHA is a political subdivision, created by the State of Ohio. The State created a 5 member Board of Commissioners, appointed by local officials including: the Portage County Commissioners, the Judge of Probate Court, the Judge of the Common Pleas Court and the City of Kent, which has two appointees. Current Board Members include: Thomas Sicuro (Chairman), Jean Meadows (Vice Chairman), Scott Mikula (Commissioner), John Thomas (Commissioner) and Michael Edwards (Resident Commissioner). The PMHA is recognized as an innovative and well-managed agency. For four years straight, the PMHA has been awarded HUD's "High Performer" designation.

## What assistance is available?

The PMHA offers rental assistance to approximately 2,000 family and elderly households having low-to-moderate incomes. Rent is based on the family's income. Subsidized housing is available on the private market (Section 8), as well as housing owned by the PMHA (public housing).

### Section 8

- Tenants rent housing of their choice from private landlords owning apartments, homes or mobile homes
- Tenant pays rent based on income, PMHA sends the balance to the owner
- Tenants can use the assistance anywhere in Portage County or the United States.
- Tenants may move to another rental and continue their rental assistance once every 12 months

### Public Housing

- 303 apartments, duplexes and single-family homes owned by PMHA
- Most family units offer cable TV wiring, laundry hook-ups and tot lots
- Opportunities for participation in resident organizations, homeownership, and construction job training
- Handicap accessible housing available

## Who is eligible?

- Participants must have lower incomes (as defined by HUD) and fall into one of the categories below:
  - Adults with minor children
  - Disabled adults
  - Adults ages 62 or over
  - Single adults or couples without minor children
- All applicants are subject to a criminal background check which could result in denial of assistance.

## How does someone apply?



Location: Online at [www.portagehousing.org](http://www.portagehousing.org). More information may be obtained by contacting our office.

Office Hours: Monday through Thursday, 7:00 a.m. – 6:00 p.m.

Waiting List: PMHA maintains a Section 8 Voucher Program, and Public Housing waiting lists. To check currently open waiting lists, please check our website at [www.portagehousing.org](http://www.portagehousing.org). Assistance is not immediately available. Priority placement on waiting list is based on PMHA's Tenant Selection Preference Policy.

## **How does PMHA's Public Housing differ from other subsidized housing?**

The PMHA offers resources for self-sufficiency, such as adult education, construction job training, resident advisory boards, and homeownership. In addition, through a special HUD demonstration program known as "Moving to Work" (MTW), the PMHA is able to customize its programs to better meet the needs of households who are employed or desire to become employed. In particular, the PMHA is able to modify HUD regulations in order to offer incentives to participants who are employed, such as rent deductions, program transfers, and homeownership opportunities. These special features are included in both the Section 8 and public housing programs.

## **Where is PMHA'S Public Housing located?**

### **Senior Housing**

- Eastowne Manor– 777 Eastowne Dr., Ravenna. 3 story building with 50 units
- Etna House – 219 W. Main St., Ravenna. Renovated historical hotel in downtown Ravenna having 20 units

### **Family Apartment Complexes**

- Athena Gardens – Athena Dr., Kent. 25 duplex units
- Heritage Knolls – Walter St., Kent. 30 units in quad buildings
- Townsquare Villas – Townsquare Dr., Brimfield. 30 townhouse units.
- Harvest Woods – Harvest Dr., Ravenna. 28 duplex units
- Community Estates - S. Fairfield St., Ravenna Township. 28 duplex units
- Renaissance Place – 5650 S. Prospect St., Ravenna Township. 33 units

### **Scattered Site Single-family and Duplex Units**

- Located in Kent, Ravenna, Brimfield, Rootstown, Edinburg, Windham, Shalersville, Ravenna Township, Atwater, and Freedom



PMHA promotes Equal Housing Opportunities